

THE NAPANE

Vol. XLVIII] No 18 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

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Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Cedar Posts and Stakes, Patent Roofing, Hardwood Flooring.	Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, Verandah Columns, Stairs and Brackets, and Interior Finish.
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The business is opening up so much better than we hoped that we have been obliged to get extra helpers to satisfactorily serve our many customers. The reasons are obvious to anyone who visits our store. We have by far the largest stock. Our Designs and Colorings are the newest styles.

**Our Papers are New.==Our
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We can furnish you with competent helpers to paper, paint or kalsomine. We can supply you with Paint, Mouldings, Window Shades, Kalsomine. We put Mouldings on the wall, the best white enamel at 3 1/2 c. a foot. We can suggest designs for the various rooms that will please you when put on. These are a few of the reasons why you should get your WALLPAPER from

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The Wallpaper Man.

While Wallpaper is our big item at this season it is not our only specialty.—We can suit you in Stationery, Books, Fine China, Music, etc. etc.

BASE BALL CLUBS

will find here the only complete line of SPALDING Goods in town. Give us a call.

A. E. PAUL.



You want the most sanitary wall coating. Then take a pail of water, add Alabastine, stir a few moments—apply with a brush.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

CASH ASSETS EXCEED \$55,000,000.

Policy-holders of the above Company are hereby notified that the Agency has been transferred from D. L. Green to D. McClellan, Napanee. All matters of transfer or endorsement, etc. in connection with existing Policies or any new business will be promptly attended to by

D. McCLELLAN, Agent, Napanee.
OFFICE—Grange Block, John St.
P. O. Box 125.

CANONIZING OF SAINTS

INTERESTING CEREMONY IN CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Two Degrees of Sanctity Are Recognized, That of Blessed and That of Saint—Many Years Are Frequently Taken Up In Process of Canonization—Devil's Advocate Appears to Present Case Against Saint.

Appropos of the fact that Joan of Arc is to be created a "saint" at Easter, it is interesting to note how saints are canonized in the Roman Catholic Church.

There are two recognized degrees of sanctity—that of Blessed and that of Saint. The first is known by the degree of beatification, which is nearly always a stage on the road to canonization. Before the Church will recommend for the veneration of the faithful any departed spirit she requires proof of eminent virtue and two authenticated miracles wrought by or through the intercession of the person to be honored.

There are thirteen or fourteen steps in the process of beatification, extending always over some years, and sometimes from one century to another. The first step is a formal inquiry by the bishop of the diocese as to the reputation of the person proposed for the decree. If this is satisfactory, another inquiry takes place to see if all the requirements of the Bull of Urban VIII. have been complied with. The acts and minutes of these inquiries are then sent to the Congregation of Rites.

A solemn court is held and a person is elected to the position of the Devil's Advocate, whose duty it is to show cause why the decree should not be issued. The Congregation then considers the report and appoints a special commission to investigate the charges. This stage takes about ten years. After that, if all is satisfactory, the "process" is served and the holy person is entitled to be called "Venerable." Several other stages of a similar nature take place, and then, if everything is satisfactory, the ceremony of beatification is performed at the Vatican. The decree declares the recipient to be among the citizens of Heaven and accords him the title of "Blessed," but the festivities in his honor, including the veneration of his image and relics, are only of local significance.

Canonization only follows on fresh evidence of miraculous powers being performed by the Beatus. In the case of martyrs, all that is needed is proof of preparation for true martyrdom.

The first step is taken in the county or diocese of the servant of God by the ordinary, who sets up his court and examines witnesses on the existence of a reputation for sanctity. The bishop sits as judge, and an official corresponding to the Devil's Advocate watches the case to see that all the forms of the law are strictly observed, and the notes of the case are sent to Rome to be laid before the Congregation of Rites, whose business it is to sift and examine the evidence. If all is satisfactory, he is entitled to the full address of "Saint," and enjoins his culture upon the whole Church.

EASTER SERVICES

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.

The grand Feast of Easter was duly commemorated and venerated in St. Patrick's Church on Sunday last. High Mass was celebrated at 10 a. m., by Rev. Father O'Connor, who was ably assisted by the choir. The pastor gave an eloquent and impressive sermon on the gospel of the day, which was full of the highest teaching. The altar was profusely decorated by the ladies of the Altar Society, with that emblem of the Resurrection, the Easter Lily, with lights to correspond. High Vespers was sung in the evening by the choir, when all the lights in the sanctuary being lighted brought out the ethereal and aesthetic effect of the decorations. The collection was, as usual, large and generous.

TRINITY CHURCH.

The Easter services in Trinity Methodist Church were of a very interesting character. The full choir rendered the excellent programme announced in our last issue, in a very acceptable manner, while the solo by Mrs. Black and the quartette by the gentlemen and the Octettes by the ladies were highly enjoyed. The subject in the morning was The Easter Message and the theme was the Resurrection as the only foundation of a triumphant church. In the evening the pastor gave an account of the Laymen's Congress in Toronto. The congregations were large and the Easter services of the day were profitable to all.

CHRIST CHURCH, TAWMORTH.

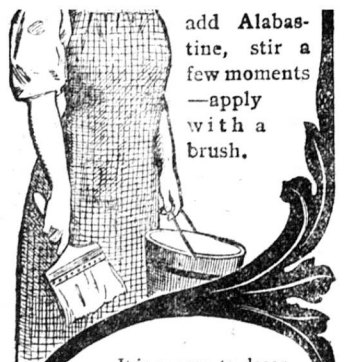
Christ Church Easter services were more than well attended. Choice Easter lilies adorned the altar chancel. The choir beautifully rendered appropriate music with Miss Bernice Saul as soloist. Ever praise is due to the organist Miss Cloe than whom none could be more faithful and painstaking. There were two celebrations of the Holy Communion. The Rector, the Rev. Mr. Jones, preached from S. Mark XVI. 3 The offerings throughout the parish were given to the rector amounting to nearly \$50.

On Monday at 10 a. m. the annual Vestry meeting was held. There was a large attendance. Financial reports were splendid showing heavy expenditures with credit balances. Jas. Wheeler and Dan Hinchey were re-elected wardens, and Dr. Wilson, treasurer. The rector reported the loss sustained by the deaths of many parishioners during the past year, Jas. Teskey, Andrew Coulter, R. J. Reid, Mrs. Baker, Mrs. John Stinson, Mrs. Geo. Stinson. The heirs of Andrew Coulter have donated his share in the vault to Christ Church. The parish was never in a healthier or more flourishing condition than now. The congregation of Enterprise hope to greatly improve their church this summer. Mr. E. Teskey, of Queen's University, has been engaged for the summer as the Lay Reader for Marlbank. The Good Bishop will hold Confirmation in Christ Church on May 2nd, at 10 30 a. m.

WESTERN METHODIST CHURCH.

The services held in this church on Sunday last were of a very pleasing character. Following the week of special services in connection with the Easter time, special interest was manifested in the Easter day. The flower decorations were very tastefully arranged under the direction of Mrs. Emley, assisted by the young ladies of the church, and many spoke of the beauty and the beautiful appearance

add Alabastine, stir a few moments—apply with a brush.



It is so easy to decorate with Alabastine. Any man or woman can do it. And when up, you have a wall coating endorsed by eminent physicians on account of its sanitary features.

Alabastine

No disease germs or insects can exist on a wall covered with Alabastine. And Alabastine, from tests, has proven it allows air to circulate through the walls, thus keeping air in room pure and healthful.



5 lb. pkg. of this artistic and sanitary wall coating for only 40c

M. S. Madole.

CRACKING

We have installed the latest and best machinery procurable for

CRACKING GRAIN

and would solicit a share of your patronage.

You will find our rates reasonable.

D. S. COLLIER,

Near Reindeer Dock.

Steady Employment.

for a reliable Local Salesman representing

Canada's Oldest and Greatest Nurseries

In Napanee and adjoining country. You will find there is a good demand for Nursery Stock on account of the high prices that growers have realized on their fruit this season.

Our salesmen are turning in big business to us this year. Be one of them and earn good wages through the winter months. Territory reserved. Pay weekly. Free sample outfit, etc. Write for particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON.

Fonthill Nurseries—850 acres

TORONTO, ONT.

11-11

A young man named Mortimer was drowned at Campbellford.

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D. McCLEW, Agent, Napanee.
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Now is the time to make

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ORANGES at
50c PER PECK

M. PIZZARIELLO,
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Opposite Campbell House.

GOOD SALARIES

Go Only to the Well-Trained.

Our graduates are to be found in the best mercantile, banking and professional offices in the Dominion. Catalog and beautiful Xmas-calendar sent free on request.



Kingston, Ont.

Winter term opens January 4th 1909.
T. N. STOCKDALE, Prin.

ALBERT COLLEGE, Belleville, Ont.

Conservatory of Music.

Prof. V. P. Hunt, A. A. G. O., Director, Graduate of Royal Conservatory, Leipzig, Germany. Organist and Choir Master of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Teacher of Advanced Piano, Pipe Organ, Harmony, etc.

Prof. Dan A. Cameron, recent Baritone Soloist of Metropolitan Church, Toronto, etc. Has studied under the best masters in London, New York and Boston. Teacher of Voice Culture and Artistic Singing.

Full staff of Specialists in PIANO, PIPE ORGAN, VOICE, VIOLIN, and THEORY OF MUSIC. New Pipe-Organ recently added.

Toronto Conservatory and University Examinations held annually in the College Buildings. Over 300 successful Candidates at these Examinations in past six years. Several have taken A. T. C. M. standing with distinguished standing. A. A. C. M. granted on Normal Course for Teachers.

Special attention given to Matriculation, Teachers Course, Election, Fine Art, Physical Culture.

College re-opens Tuesday, Sept. 8th, 1908.

For Illustrated Calendar, address,

PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D.

JUST RECEIVED!

The largest and best display of Baby Carriages and Go-Carts ever shown in Napanee

Collapsible Go-Carts,
with Top,
\$8.50

Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.

W. J. NORMILE, Prop.

The Bishop sits as judge, and the Devil's Advocate watches the case to see that all the forms of the law are strictly observed, and the notes of the case are sent to Rome to be laid before the Congregation of Rites, whose business it is to sift and examine the evidence. If all is satisfactory, he is entitled to the full address of "Saint," and entombs his culture upon the whole Church.

The actual ceremony of canonization is one of the most solemn and imposing of all Papal functions, and is carried out with much pomp and splendor in the Vatican Basilica. It commences by a grand procession of Pope and cardinals, with the image of the saint borne on bearers. The Pope then takes his seat upon an elaborate throne, surrounded by the dignitaries of his court. The postulator, generally a person of high rank, is led to the steps of the throne, and there petitions that "the blessed servant of God may be enrolled in the catalogue of saints." The Pope replies that so grave a matter requires light and counsel from Heaven. The litany is thereupon chanted, and the request renewed.

Again the Pope requires to ascertain the will of God by prayer, and the Veni Creator is sung. A third request is then made, and the Pope finally announces that the Beatified is enrolled in the canon of the saints, and that his memory is to be celebrated on a certain day throughout the whole Church.

Mothers and Husbands.

Once I was young, now I am old, and I have never seen a girl that was unfaithful to her mother that ever came to be worth a one-eyed button to her husband. It is the law of God. It isn't exactly in the Bible, but it is written large in the miserable lives of many unfortunate homes. I am speaking for the boys this time. If any of you claps ever come across a girl that, with a face full of roses, says to you as you come to the door, "I can't go for thirty minutes yet, for the dishes are not washed," you wait for that girl. You sit right down on the doorstep and wait for her, because some other fellow may come along and carry her off, and right then you lose an angel. —Bill Arp.

The Turkish Fez.

The use of the fez is not controlled by religious faith, for it is worn by all classes in the Turkish empire and even by good Muslims. It is said to derive its name from the Armenian city of Fez. In the Levant it is more commonly known under the modern designation of turban. While the fez is not distinctly Turkish or Moslem, it is by no means ancient among the Ottomans. It is said that it was introduced to Turkish use by a Greek, John II, who was a friend of the Greeks.

Very Different.

"I don't know," exclaims the employer, to his critic, "I say, however, it characterizes my music."

"I can't understand you," demurs the critic.

"You said that my rhapsody impressed you as a funny tune!"

"But, what? Oh, my good friend, I said such things! I said it was a wonderful melody!"

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near

Madden's grocery.

A passenger train is stalled in an April snowdrift in Colorado.

Cordwood and Slabs for sale. "Star" and "Lehigh" brands portland cement. Silo Mould for rental.

M. S. MADOLE.

The services held in this church on Sunday last were of a very pleasing character. Following the week of special services in connection with the Easter time, special interest was manifested in the Easter day. The flower decorations were very tastefully arranged under the direction of Mrs. Emsley, assisted by the young ladies of the church, and many spoke of the beauty and the beautiful appearance of the arrangement. The morning and evening service was conducted by the pastor. His theme in the morning being in keeping with the day and his evening discourse on the Risen Christ. It has not often been the privilege of a congregation to listen to a description so full of new light and interest on this subject, as was those who were present at this service. The choir rendered excellent services, which went far to add interest to the day. The quartette at the evening service was especially appropriate to the occasion. Mr. Tiggott, of New York, who was present, sang morning and evening, twice in the morning and three times in the evening, everyone being delighted with his selections and beautiful rendering. Surely it was a day long to be remembered and the pastor has reason to rejoice of the deep spiritual feeling that pervaded the gatherings throughout the entire day.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH.

The Easter services in St. Mary Magdalene church, Napanee, were of a most beautiful and impressive character. They marked the first anniversary of the induction of the Reverend Rural Dean Dibb as Vicar. The services of the day consisted of early Communion at 8 a. m., Matins and Holy Communion at 10.30, Sunday School meeting at 3 p. m. and Evensong at 7 p. m. The early service was well attended, no less than 70 communicants partaking of the Sacrament. Two very earnest addresses were delivered by the Vicar, the text in the morning being I Cor. v. 7, "Christ our Passover is sacrificed for us" and in the evening his sermon was based upon Acts 16-18 "Why should it seem incredible that God should raise the dead?"

The musical portion of the service was rendered by the choir of the church composed of forty members and reflected great credit upon the leader. The solos of Miss Herring and Messrs. White and Fisher deserve particular mention, and the evening service concluded with a quartette "Saviour breathe an evening blessing," sung very feelingly by Mrs. Burritt, Miss Light and Messrs. White and Fisher after the benediction while the congregation remained kneeling.

The Sunday School meeting in the afternoon was well attended and addresses were delivered by the Vicar, the Superintendent and Wardens. During the course of both morning and evening services a letter from the Wardens was read by the Vicar, thanking the congregation for their loyal support and co-operation during the year just closed. So many members of the congregation expressed their appreciation of the music of the day that the choir by special request will on Sunday evening next repeat the programme so beautifully rendered on Easter night.

A standing promise of the federal government, made in the election campaign of 1908, has been fulfilled, and the residents of the Pictou to West Point Road now have a Royal Mail Delivery. Every day their mail is delivered into the boxes erected in front of their homes. The system went into force the first of the month and now twenty-two families are receiving their mail in this way.

The Nox Tasteless Liquor, Drug and Tobacco Cure.

We have yet to hear of one failure to cure where a fair trial has been given. Can be given without the person knowing it, is harmless and absolutely without taste. Mother, sister or wife, you would be doing a great work by giving this remedy to some members of your family. We will mail a full month's treatment for five dollars. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont. At Hooper's Drug Store.

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THE EXPRESS.

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

finds us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.

M. S. MADOLE.

CANADA—FRIDAY, APRIL 16th, 1909

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NEWS NOTES.

Contraband liquor worth \$1,500 was poured into the sewers in Buffalo Tuesday. The steamer Aletha made her first trip up the bay on Monday arriving at Picton about nine o'clock.

Fire at Rochester destroyed over fifty buildings, doing damage to the extent of about half a million dollars.

Six foreigners, all suitors for the hand of a girl at Manifold, Pa., fought with daggers and revolvers. Two of them were fatally wounded.

It is expected that the 15th Regiment of Belleville, accompanied by two military bands, will be in Picton for the Victoria Day celebration.

At Middleton, N. Y., during the high wind, John Delahoyde, an employee of the Erie railway, was blown in front of a train and instantly killed.

A pen-knife found in the Kappelle house in Hamilton, where Constable Smith was shot, is said to have belonged to Neville, under arrest for the shooting.

The dock at Northport was carried away last week, during the heavy blow. It was a new dock constructed principally of cement and cost nearly \$2,000 to build.

Street railway conductors at London, Ont., have been provided with yellow cards containing a notice against spitting in the cars, which they hand to offending passengers.

John Green, London, Ont., was arrested at Brantford for threatening to blow up a house. The "bomb" that he made the bluff with was nothing more dangerous than a bottle of perfume.

Dr. H. A. McKeown, Belleville, Ont., died on Sunday, in the sanitarium at Guelph, after nearly three years' illness, aged thirty-five years. He practised in Belleville for eleven years. He was unmarried.

Lost in the desert for fifteen years, Albert Courtney, of Los Angeles, Cal., a mining prospector and British subject, heard on Monday for the first time that Queen Victoria was dead. He is seventy years old.

The Kingston Whig says: "Market Clerk McCammon confiscated an unwholesome carcass of veal on the market Saturday morning. The meat was offered for sale by an Odessa farmer. It was only about forty-eight hours old."

The sudden death in New York state of Miss Mabel Besack, the eighteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Besack, Belleville, is reported. The young lady had gone over a short time ago on a visit to relatives, when she was taken ill.

Tea dealers in the United States got stung. They feared increased duty on tea and rushed to Canada for stocks. They bought by the carload stuff that Canadian dealers were only too ready to part with. Now congress has put tea on the free list.

Frederick Appleby, English runner, proved a counterfeit in Saturday's race with Frederick Simpson, Appleby quitting in the first lap of the sixteenth mile, or just a lap after Simpson passed him, the Hiawatha Indian finishing the last five miles alone.

There was a three-mile race at Deseronto, between Ira Claus and Walter Cole. Claus is an Indian from the reserve. It is his second run. The first was in the morning, when he made it in twenty-three minutes. Cole was the winner, doing the distance in nineteen and one-quarter minutes.

Thomas C. Luscombe, ex-alderman, and a prominent conductor, Belleville, Ont., is dead, aged seventy-five years of age. He was a veteran of the Crimea, where, as the result of an engagement in which he lost an eye, he received a special medal for bravery.



SPRING SHIRTS

Neat looking shirts—designs that are different. Shirts made by makers with a wide reputation for making choice shirts. The new patterns are ready and there will never be a better time than right now to do your choosing.

Cuffs Attached or Detached
The Making and Fit Perfect

For shirts that are above the ordinary and out of the rut in style, we ask your attention

75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 up to \$2.00.

J. L. BOYES,

FAIR VIEW.

Mr. Gerow and Mrs. Empey started their cheese factories last week. John Bennett is drawing milk for Mr. Gerow this season. Melvin Thomson is drawing for Mrs. Empey.

Bessie McCabe, of Hay Bay, spent Easter at S. McNeill's.

Mr. Cadman purchased a fine colt. S. McNeill's baby is improving.

Bertram Vanalstine spent Easter at home.

WALLS, There is nothing better for walls and CEILINGS, ceilings than "Decotone." It is readily mixed with water. Does not settle in the pail. Gives a smooth surface to the wall. Will not rub off. In all the latest colors, at the Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent, Napanee.

WILTON.

Messrs. Patterson and David Amey are much improved from the strokes which they recently suffered, but Mrs. Stewart is not improving so rapidly.

The men are busily engaged putting up fences, re-shingling, etc., since the heavy wind of last week. Frank Ward's barn received quite a shaking, the Hornerite shed is left in pretty bad condition, and the smokestack was blown off the Wilton factory.

Home for Easter: Miss F. Williams, from Toronto; Miss E. Williams and Percy Williams, from Paris; Oliver Asselstine, from Owen Sound; Claude Asselstine, from Queen's; Miss Eva Gallagher, from Brewer's Mills.

Arthur Davidson started for Saskatchewan on Tuesday.

NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Dafeo and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared to supply the following first-class building material:—

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement,
Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile

in fact anything required in the building trade. Lumber Dressed, and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.

When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Dafeo's Office will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

ROOMS TO LET with board if required, ladies preferred, in brick house on Bridge street, opposite Mr. H. V. Fralick's. Apply to MRS. SCHELL JOYCE. 180p

A BEAUTIFUL GASOLINE LAUNCH 22 ft long by 4 feet, 3 h.p. engine. Very suitable for the back lakes, and can be had at a bargain must be sold soon. A. F. CHESNECK, Napanee. 141p

HOUSE TO LET—On corner of Robert and Graham Streets. Nine rooms, furnace, bath, waterworks, Apply to DR. EDWARDS, Centre Street. 111p

WANTED—A General Blacksmith in aged locality, the Township of Adolphustown. House and shop free of rent for one year. Apply to EDWARD GALLAGHER, Dorland, P. O. 121p

HORSES WANTED—SEVEN OR Eight horses on Piano or Organ deals. If you wish to do business, call or write. J. O'CONNOLLY, Yarker. 116p

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

FARMERS and BUILDERS!

I have a lot of Drain Tile, all sizes, and a kiln of well burned building Bricks I wish to sell at once to make room.

16mp G. WHITTINGTON

CANADIAN PACIFIC

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

TO Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta

Special Trains leave Toronto 2.00 p.m. on
APRIL 6, 20 MAY 4, 18 JUNE 1, 15, 29
JULY 13, 27 AUG. 10, 24 SEPT. 7, 21

Second class tickets from Ontario stations to principal Northwest points at LOW ROUND TRIP RATES

DOXSEE & CO. MILLINERY

As usual we are in the forefront with all that is newest and prettiest in dainty headwear, and no matter what the requirements we can suit you.

Novelty Neckwear

We have a select stock of all the newest designs in Muslin Stocks, Silk Ties, Soft Embroidered Linen Collars, Fancy and Plain.

Children's Tams.

We have them in Velvet, Cloth, Leather, Linen.

We are sole agents for the P. D. Corsets—it will pay you to see them before buying.

The Leading Millinery House.

TBS - DOMINION - BANK NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,981,000
RESERVE 4,979,000
TOTAL DEPOSITS BY THE PUBLIC OVER \$36,973,000.

DUDLEY L. HILL,
Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER \$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

The Horner shed is left in the worst bad condition, and the smokestack was blown off the Wilton factory.

Home for Easter: Miss F. Williams, from Toronto; Miss E. Williams and Percy Williams, from Paris; Oliver Asselstine, from Owen Sound; Claude Asselstine, from Queen's; Miss Eva Gallagher, from Brewer's Mills.

Arthur Davidson starts for Saskatchewan on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Neilson spent Easter in Trenton.

Mrs. Bernard Mills has returned from London.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira H. Snider are home from California, where they spent a very pleasant winter with their son.

BANCROFT.

Louis Saucier returned from the lumber woods on Monday to find his wife living with a man named Emanuel Hannah. A row took place, and he threatened to have Hannah arrested. The latter retaliated by pulling a knife and stabbing Saucier in the abdomen, inflicting a dangerous wound. Dr. Embury of Bancroft was called and a telephone message was received from him this morning, in which he stated that Saucier was badly slashed, and he could not say what the result would be. Hannah skipped out immediately after the row, accompanied by Mrs. Saucier, but a warrant was issued for his arrest and placed in the hands of a local constable, who succeeded in capturing him, and he is now at Bancroft, where he will be given a preliminary trial before Police Magistrate Jarman. The parties lived in Raglan township, on the border of Hastings county.

Scales, 500 lbs, 600 lbs, 1000 lbs, 1200 lbs, for dairy purposes, milking pails, and best milk cans made in Canada.

BOYLE & SON.

YARKER.

The heavy winds of last week did considerable damage in this vicinity in blowing over trees, lifting line fences and blowing down chimneys. Teamsters and those driving the roads were forced to get out and remove the rails from the highways.

The Methodist Sunday school had a pleasant "at home" Monday night at the parsonage.

Francis Ewart gave her young friends a party Tuesday night.

The choir of the Methodist church rendered some fine anthems at the Sunday evening service.

Farmers report fall grain as being killed out this year.

The adherents of the Holiness Movement church of Yarker are continuing their special services in Colebrook this week.

The infant child of James Goslin died Sunday morning.

Easter visitors: Dr. McGuire, of Dunville, at F. E. Benjamin's; Dr. Bell and wife, of Pickering, at Dr. Oldham's; Mrs. Charles Boyes, Kingston, and Mrs. F. Connolly, of Napanee, at Hermine Connolly's; Mrs. Merrill and Violet Merrill, of Cobourg, at J. Wright's; Harold Oldham, of Port Hope, with his parents, Stinson Martin, of Montreal, and Everton Emberly of Montreal, with their parents.

Mrs. W. H. Woodhouse went to Belleville.

R. Garrison is making a trip every Tuesday and Saturday from Moscow to Kingston by way of Yarker and Odessa carrying passengers and freight.

Dr. Oldham has had a metallic ceiling put up on his office and sitting room.

John Watt is postmaster on the north side of the river this year.

Stewart Connolly has gone to Winnipeg.

Muresco, Alabastine, Whiting, Glue, Kalsomine, Brushes, paint brushes.

BOYLE & SON.

is an Indian from the reserve. It is his second run. The first was in the morning, when he made it in twenty-three minutes. Cole was the winner, doing the distance in nineteen and one-quarter minutes.

Thomas C. Luscombe, ex-alderman, and a prominent conductor, Belleville, Ont., is dead, aged seventy-five years of age. He was a veteran of the Crimea, where, as the result of an engagement in which he lost an eye, he received a special medal for bravery.

The promise is made that the next session of the Kinrade inquest will develop some sensational evidence that may help the police to clear up some of the mystery. It is said that the attorney-general's department has had men at work in several parts of the United States hunting up evidence, and that they have secured some that will prove important.

Don't spend a cent on.....

until you see

WALLACE'S

-at the-

RED CROSS DRUG STORE

WE SELL.

Alabastine.
Muresco.
Kalsomine.
Jamieson's "Floor Enamel."
Ramsay's Mixed Paint.
"Prism Brand" Paint.
Liquelum Varnish.
"Do your own Graining."
Chair Paint.
Varnish Stains (all colors).

P. S. Paint Brushes at T. Eaton & Co. prices.

DENBIGH.

The pleasant warm spring weather we have already enjoyed has been followed again by more snow and cold severe weather, and those, who, owing to scarcity of feed or other reasons were hoping for an early spring, are sorely disappointed.

Quite a number of farmers find themselves short of fodder again but unlike last spring there are others of their neighbors who can supply the deficiency at a more moderate price. Potatoes and seedgrain of all kinds however are hard to get, and considerable quantities, have already been and will yet have to be imported. Most of our farmers have tapped their sugar bushes, but hardly any sugar, and but very little syrup has as yet been made and offered for sale.

Mr. John Lane has leased the farm he lately purchased from Wm. Warlich to Mr. Oskas Kastner and Mr. Oscar Ruttan has rented the D. E. Youtman's farm and took possession of it last week.

Fred Stein and Julius Glaeser enjoyed a visit with friends and relatives in Raglan last week, and Mr. J. Rahm accompanied Rev. J. Reble to Raglan last Saturday to visit his daughter, Mrs. B. Liedke of that place.

Otto Stein made another shift and moved with his family to Cade Bay.

Rev. J. Reble who has been very busy during the Lenten season and the Easter holidays is going to take a vacation, if nothing unforeseen or unexpected occurs, during which he intends to pay a visit to his confers, Revs. Wm. Kupfer, of Arnprior, G. Daechsel, of Rankin, G. Brackebush, of Eganville, C. Zarnke, of Pembroke and F. Beer of Ottawa.

Mr. Emil Warlich had the misfortune last Saturday while rolling saw logs in his sawmill to throw one on his foot and to have a couple of his toes pinched off.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought

HOMESEEEKERS

EXCURSIONS

TO

Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta

Special Train leave Toronto 2.00 p.m. on
APRIL 6, 20 MAY 4, 18 JUNE 1, 15, 29
JULY 13, 27 AUG. 10, 24 SEPT. 7, 21

Second class tickets from Ontario stations to principal Northwest points at

LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES

Winnipeg and return \$32.00; Edmonton and return \$42.50, and to other points in proportion. Tickets good to return within 60 days from going date.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

on all excursions. Comfortable berths, fully equipped with bedding, can be secured at moderate rates through local agent.

Early application must be made

ASK FOR HOMESEEEKERS' PAMPHLET

containing rates and full information.

Apply to nearest C.P.R. Agent or to R.L. Thompson,

Dist. Pass. Agt., Toronto.

ONLY DIRECT LINE NO CHANGE OF CARS

E. McLAUGHLIN, Agent, Napanee

Sealed Tenders

Town of Napanee.

Sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned Town Clerk, and endorsed "Tenders for Corporation Supplies," will be received up to

Sat., April 17th, 1909

inclusive, for supplying such quantities of the materials specified below as may be required, and for executing the following works required by the Corporation for the current year, namely

Sidewalks, plank 1 1/2 and 2 inches by 1, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 16 feet lengths; sound pine.

Stringers, 3 inch by 5 inch, and 12 feet and upwards, sound Cedar.

Nails, wire nails, 4, 5, and 7 inch lengths, quantities as required.

Flat Stones, for stringers: price per yard.

Crossings, sound pine or tamarac, 3 inches thick, not less than 6 inches wide, 12 to 18 feet lengths.

Permanent Pavement, Portland Cement: good standard brands; sand, sharp and clean.

Vitrified brick for facing of edges of cement crossings.

Streets, broken stone per toise at the quarry; rubble, price per yard delivered to any part of the town; Gravel, good coarse gravel, free from dirt; Street watering, man and team at a rate per day for large sprinkler and small sprinkler.

Cement walks, price per square foot.

Sewers, Glazed Pipes, Tees, Wyes, Elbows, etc., 6 in. and upwards.

Fire Alarm, Sulphate of Copper, about lbs.

Heating and Lighting, Coal about tons of furnace coal.

Harvey Warner Park, caretaking of.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. A. GRANGE,

Town Clerk

MERCHANTS' BANK

OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER \$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.

Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.

Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

Business Education

Taught at the famous

School of Commerce,

Pictou, Ont.

\$40 Pays for Board, Tuition and everything but books, for 10 WEEKS.

Not a Graduate has yet failed through inability.

JNO. R. SAYERS, Pres.

DEVELOPMENTS OF TIME

The business methods of to-day are entirely different from those of years ago

Kingston Business College

Limited.

Teaches the latest business methods. Its graduates in Book-keeping, Sporthand, typewriting, Telegraphy, Civil Service, etc., secure the best positions available in the Dominion.

Students prepared for matriculation.

Special courses for backward students.

Individual instruction. Catalogue and terms free.

Winter term opens Jan 4 1909.

H. F. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM,

President. Secretary.

Northern Crown Bank!

Capital (authorized) - - - \$6,000,000

Capital (Paid up) - - - \$2,200,000

Deposits of any amount over One Dollar are received in the Savings Department, and can be withdrawn by check without unnecessary formality or delay.

MANAGERS:

Napanee Branch,
R. G. H. TRAVERS,
Manager,

Odessa Branch,
A. P. S. DONALDSON,
Manager.

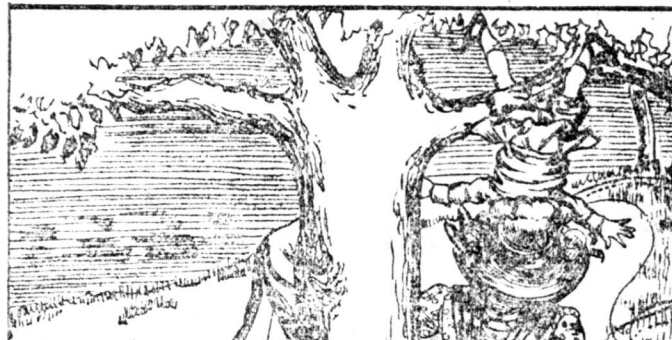
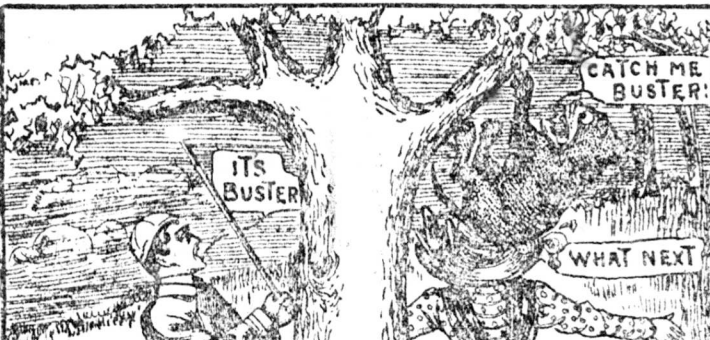
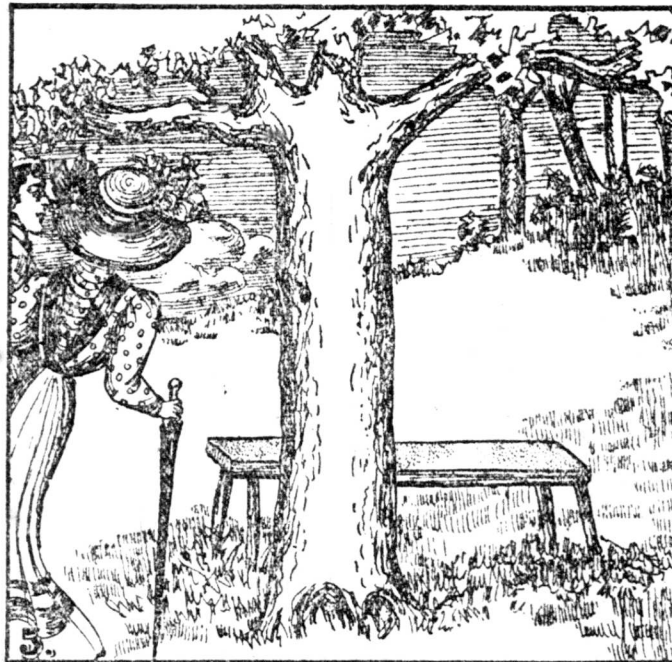
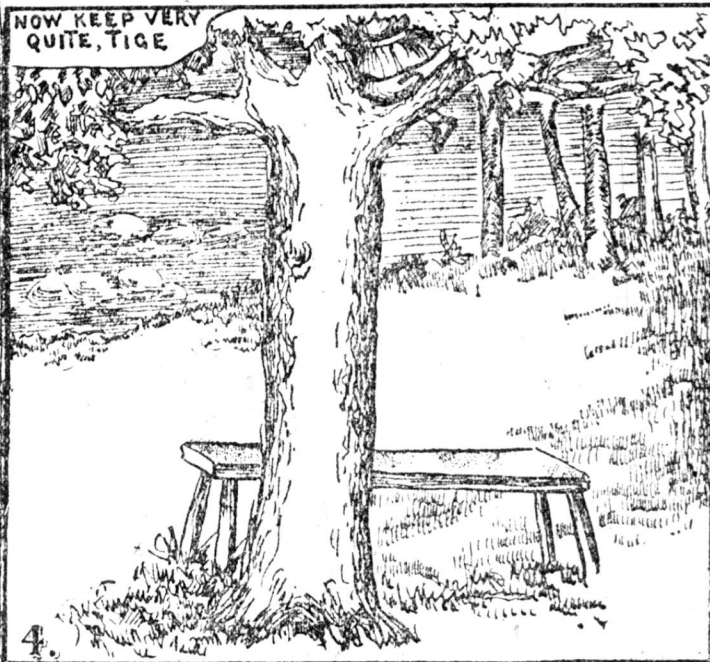
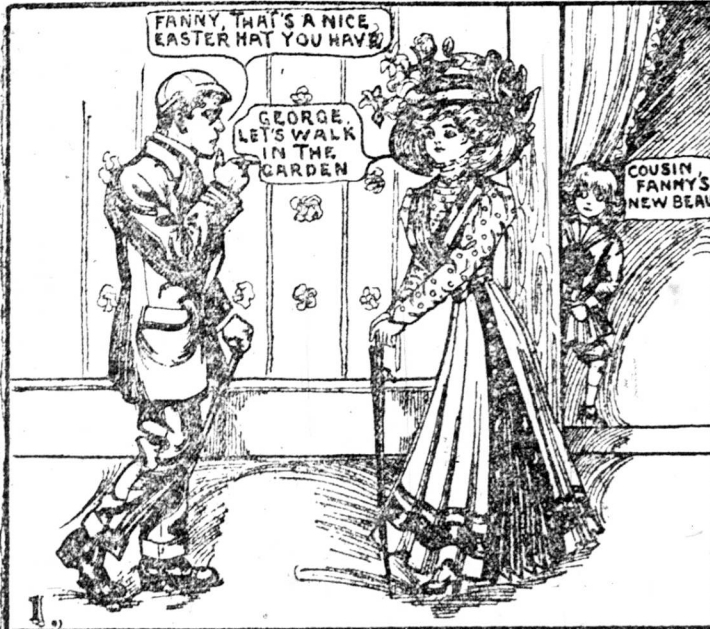
Enterprise Branch,
W. F. MORGAN DEAN.
Act'g. Mgr.

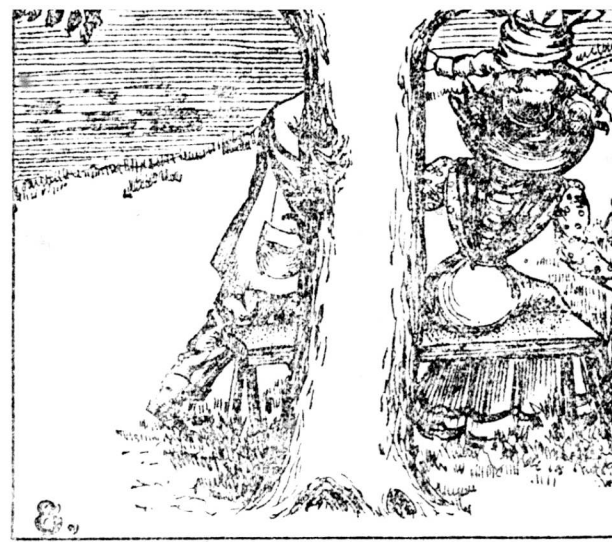
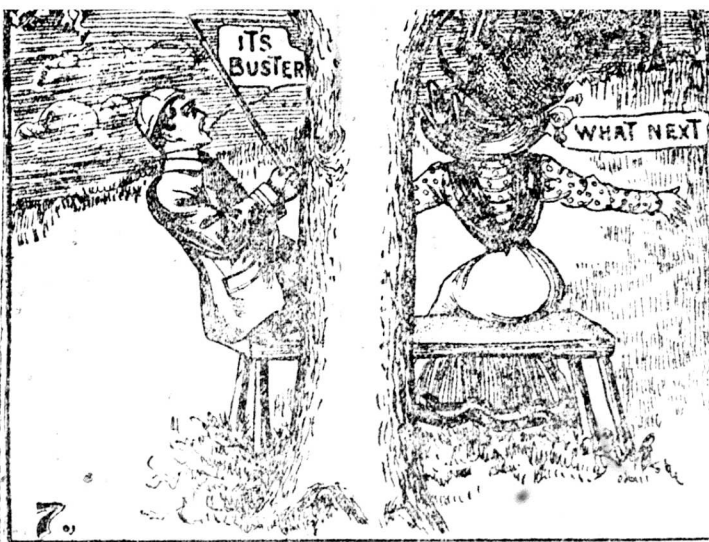
Bath Branch,
W. GORDON,
Act'g. Mgr.



Buster Brown.

Fanny and her Easter I.





MORE GOOD MEN AND WOMEN

The Creation is Longing to See the Manifestation of the Sons of God.

For all creation, gazing eagerly as if with outstretched neck, is waiting and longing to see the manifestation of the sons of God (New Testament, modern speech).

More good men and women, for this the creation, gazing eagerly as if with outstretched neck, waits and longs. This is the essence of all moral effort, a steady supply of good men and good women. This is the steam which makes the engine move.

In proportion to the extraordinary increase of our resources are we doing the good in the world that we ought to do. I doubt it. Stephen, John Ruskin once remarked, did not get bishop's pay for his long sermon to the Pharisees; he only got stones. Paul had no cathedral called by his name from which to preach his gospel to the Roman world. When Augustine and his noble monks landed at

Elbside and met the English king between there and Canterbury there was no missionary society and missionary press behind him. It seems to me that we ought to do vastly more with our numbers and wealth than men did.

WHO WERE FLEW AND POOR.

We leave the work to the machinery when we ought to do it ourselves. All your machinery needs intelligent people to work it, yet we still go on discussing "methods" of church work or Sunday school work or something else; and the underlying assumption is that there is one particular specific, all but infallible, "method" which, if we could only discover it, would do the work itself.

This is preposterous. There are just as many methods as there are men and women. There are as many good methods as there are good men and women and as many

bad methods as there are life and worthless people. The great society meets, elects an influential committee, elects an able executive; the able executive meets, carries plans, resolutions, plans great schemes, goes home comfortably to dinner, lives happily ever afterwards and leaves two or three people to do the work. This world would be a better place to live in if the people who carry resolutions would go forth to carry them out and when they have planned the work do it and say nothing about it.

They are not valuable; they are dangerous, harmful, destructive, if they change the emphasis from the inner to the outward life.

IMPROVED METHODS ARE GOOD.

But improved men and women are better, and the soul of improvement is the improvement of the soul. Are you a better man to-day, kinder to those about you, fairer to opponents in controversy, more just to rivals in business, more anxious to render obedience to all the claims of good citizenship, more willing to go out to your way, take trouble, make sacrifices to help your church, to help good movements and to help your fellows? If not, something is lacking, some di-

vine electric spark which might kindle in your heart the glory of the Lord.

The machinery cannot be worked without good men and women, so we have seen. But this also is true: The entire object of the machinery is to produce more good men and women. All preaching, all praying, all worship comes to this, Churches, organizations, theologies are everlastingly valuable if they help us to keep our hands clean and our hearts pure, if they assist us to do justly and love mercy and walk humbly before all that we can know or think of God.

Rev. Charles F. Aked, D. D.

FOLLOWING ORDERS.

"Now," said the magistrate, "you must testify only to what you know, no hearsay evidence. Understand?"

"Yes, sir," replied the female witness.

"Your name is Mary Bright, I believe. Now what's your age?"

"I won't tell you. I have only hearsay evidence on that point."

A short answer may turn a blissful honeymoon into a matrimonial strife.

It's easier for the average man to quit drinking if he wants to than it is for him to want to.

Gang

On gangs to be Nottu at No Of th young They specif claree could them. kept special of ab the m forts. Un- derstand? "Yes, sir," replied the female witness. "Your name is Mary Bright, I believe. Now what's your age?" "I won't tell you. I have only hearsay evidence on that point." A short answer may turn a blissful honeymoon into a matrimonial strife. It's easier for the average man to quit drinking if he wants to than it is for him to want to.

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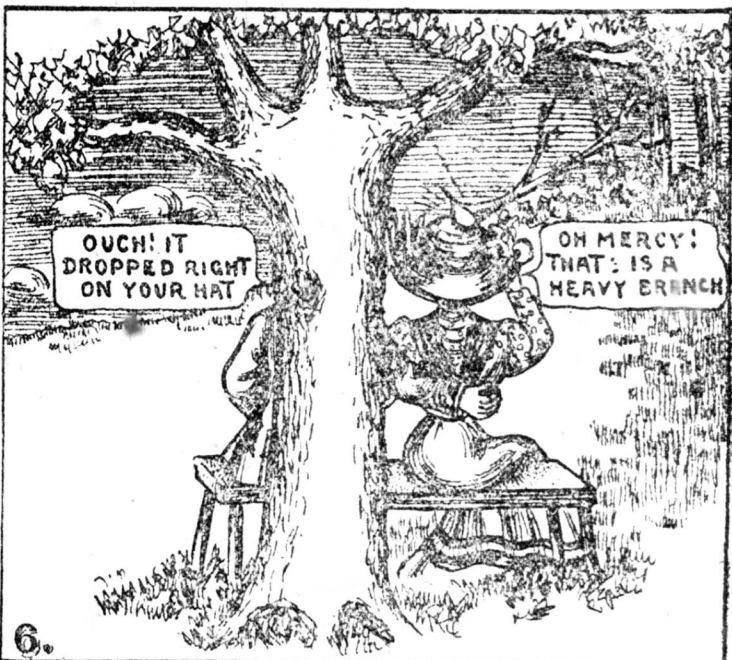
ster Hat.



OW WHERE
LL SIT - I AM
3 TO FOOL EM



3.



OUCH! IT
DROPPED RIGHT
ON YOUR HAT

OH MERCY!
THAT IS A
HEAVY BRANCH

6.



WHY ARE YOU
HURT

OH OH!
MY HAT

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
APRIL 18.

Lesson III. The Conversion of
Saul. Acts 9: 1-30. Golden
Text, Acts 9: 4.

I. What Paul Was Converted from.—Verses 1, 2. Why does the account of Saul's persecuting begin with "but" ("and" in authorized version)? To contrast it with the propagating work of Philip, just described. And why is yet used? It goes back to the mad zeal of Saul against the Christians at the time of Stephen's death (Acts 8: 3). That same threatnings and slaughter continued. Paul himself (Acts 26: 9-11) paints a vivid picture of this persecution, which evidently involved the death of more than Stephen, and which followed the fleeing disciples far beyond Jerusalem and even Palestine.

II. How Paul Was Converted.—Verses 3-7. How was Paul journeying? Perhaps on horseback, as usually represented by painters; or on a camel, according to Canan Cook; on an ass or mule, according to Felten. After a journey of five or six days, he was near Damascus, perhaps within sight of the beautiful city.

What wonder stopped him in the way? It was about noon Acts 22: (6), and the Eastern noon is exceedingly bright; nevertheless, there fell about Saul a light from heaven that was brighter than the sun (Acts 26: 13), and in the midst of it he saw the glorified figure of Jesus (vs. 17-27).

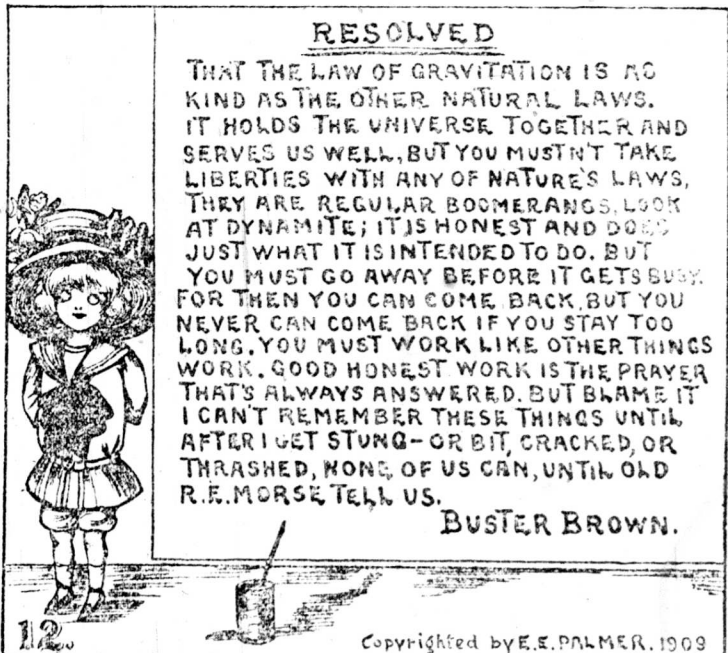
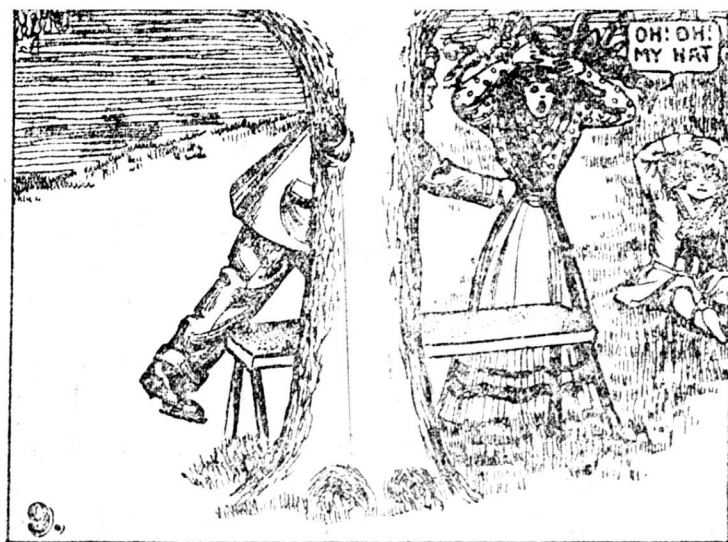
III. What Paul Was Converted to.—Vs. 8-20. At least five results of Paul's conversion are indicated in these verses, which may best be studied from this point of view.

1. Converted to lowliness (vs. 8, 9). How is that shown? By what immediately followed: The company with aul, in spite of their amazement, arose and stood (v. 7), before he did. Paul's eyes had been closed, and when he opened the lids, he perceived to his horror that he was blind.

What was the outward sign of this new lowliness? That he was led by the hand, and thus brought . . . into Damascus. What a contrast to the entrance he had planned!

How did he spend the next three days? In helpless blindness, so absorbed by his new situation that he could neither eat nor drink.

What did his new situation involve? If he yielded to what he now clearly saw was the truth, and proclaimed himself a Christian it meant the loss of his former influence and power, the surrender of his ambitions and hopes, the giving up of his family and his wealth, becoming a despised outcast, himself subject to the same perils and persecutions that he had been inflicting and knew all too well. On the other hand, the radiant vision he had seen commanded his allegiance. It was a promise of ultimate victory. He would only be leaving the losing side. And Christ himself had promised him (Acts 26: 16-18) a notable part in the conquest of the world to Christianity, that he, blind as he was, should "open men's eyes, and turn them from darkness to light." It was a terrible three-days struggle.



RESOLVED

THAT THE LAW OF GRAVITATION IS NO KIND AS THE OTHER NATURAL LAWS. IT HOLDS THE UNIVERSE TOGETHER AND SERVES US WELL, BUT YOU MUSTN'T TAKE LIBERTIES WITH ANY OF NATURE'S LAWS. THEY ARE REGULAR BOOMERANGS. LOOK AT DYNAMITE; IT IS HONEST AND DOES JUST WHAT IT IS INTENDED TO DO. BUT YOU MUST GO AWAY BEFORE IT GETS BUSY. FOR THEN YOU CAN COME BACK, BUT YOU NEVER CAN COME BACK IF YOU STAY TOO LONG. YOU MUST WORK LIKE OTHER THINGS WORK. GOOD HONEST WORK IS THE PRAYER THAT'S ALWAYS ANSWERED. BUT BLAME IT I CAN'T REMEMBER THESE THINGS UNTIL AFTER I GET STUNG—OR BIT, CRACKED, OR THRASHED, NONE OF US CAN, UNTIL OLD R.E. MORSE TELL US.

BUSTER BROWN.

Copyrighted by E.E. PALMER, 1909

BOY DESPERADOES.

Gang Terrorized the City of Nottingham, England.

One of the most remarkable gangs of boy criminals ever brought to book has been captured by the Nottingham police, and sentenced at Nottingham Children's Court. Of the lads, five in number, the youngest was 12 and the oldest 16. They pleaded guilty to twenty specific charges, and the police declared that a hundred other cases could have been brought against them. For two months they had kept the trading community, especially the lace market, in a state of absolute panic, and had defied the most strenuous and cunning efforts of the police to capture them.

Their robberies took the form of the letter-box thefts from warehouses and the rifling of telephone money boxes. So numerous had been the complaints that many warehouse boxes had been temporarily closed, and the postal authorities directed to deliver letters by hand only. The telephone company had caused special electrical devices to be installed in connection with their kiosks, but when on one occasion, the signal was received at the central office

indicating that one of the money boxes was being tampered with an officer dispatched on a bicycle found on arrival that the thieves had decamped, cutting off the receiver.

Skellington, George McClure and Richardson were sent to a reformatory for five years; Harold McClure was ordered six strokes with the birch, and Winters three months' imprisonment under the Borstal system. None of the lads, who were well dressed and intelligent looking, had been in trouble before. The parents declared that they were astounded when the conspiracy was revealed. Skellington's mother wept hysterically in court and the younger McClure cried out in terror when ordered to be birched.

INDIANS GOOD FARMERS.

In Saskatchewan They Are Industrious and Prosperous.

The Indian of the great prairie province of Saskatchewan are disproving the theory that an Indian won't work unless he has to. They are becoming industrious and prosperous.

There are nearly 8,000 Indians in the province and last year they

had about 9,000 acres under crops. They raised 150,572 bushels of grain and roots and 30,000 tons of hay, worth \$136,023.

The Department of Indian Affairs reports that the Indians are turning more and more to the soil for a living. The agent of the Assiniboine agency, which may be regarded as typical, writes:

"I was greatly pleased to find that the area under crop was almost double what it was the year before. The band had about 600 acres of wheat and 200 acres of oats. The Indians of this agency are beginning to farm on a large scale, and if they continue to do as well as they have in the last two years there will be some good sized farms among them. One man has 155 acres in crop and another 125 acres, and several had seventy acres each. There was a decided improvement in the way the land had been farmed."

BLAME PLACED.

"Why don't you grace our dances with your presence any more?"

"Sure, it's me mistress' fault. She is that dowdy and old-fashioned that not a single dress of hers kin I wear at all, at all!"

It was a promise of ultimate victory. He would only be leaving the losing side. And Christ himself had promised him (Acts 26: 16-18) a notable part in the conquest of the world to Christianity, that he, blind as he was, should "open men's eyes, and turn them from darkness to light." It was a terrible three-days struggle.

2. Converted to Christian Testimony (vs. 10-15, 20). What disciple was sent to help Saul? His name was Ananias. It is good to have some one to redeem that name. Paul afterwards (Acts 22: 12) said of him that he was a devout man, held in high honor by all the Jews of Damascus, in spite of his Christian profession. Moreover he was learned in the law—precisely the man that could appeal to Paul.

3. Converted to Sufferings (vs. 16, 23-25, 29, 30). What very strange motive for following him did Christ present to Saul? That he was to suffer many things for the sake of Christ (v. 16). These sufferings began at once, in separation from his family, isolation from his friends, the entire recasting of his life. It is to this period (the "many days" of v. 23) that we must assign the retirement into Arabia mentioned in Gal. 1: 17, 18, which lasted three years—at least one full year—and parts of two others.

4. Converted to the Divine Indwelling (vs. 17-19). How did Ananias obey the vision? By finding Saul, laying his hands on him, calling him Brother Saul in token of his admission into the Christian brotherhood, and telling him that the same Jesus that had appeared in the way to him had sent himself, that Saul might receive his sight and be filled with the Holy Ghost. Two great gifts—the greatest in the physical and the spiritual realms.

IV. Have we Experienced This Great Transformation?—That is the question for us as we close this lesson.

"Conversion" means "turning." It implies turning from something, and to something else. Paul, as we have seen, turned (1) from pride (intellectual and spiritual) to lowliness, a humble following of Jesus and co-operation with other Christians; (2) from violent opposition to Christ, to the boldest and most persistent testimony for Christ; (3) from a life of authority and ease, to a life of persecution and suffering; (4) from the emptiness of worldly wisdom, to the unfailing guidance of the Holy Spirit; (5) from the weakness of worldly power, to the invincible strength of the Spirit. Such a turning is made by every true convert.

THE PRUDENT PIPER.

Andrew Carnegie is fond of the Scots' national instrument, the bagpipe, and when he is at home at Skibo Castle usually has his pet piper to play for him at dinner. Particularly is the musician in attendance when the great philanthropist has guests.

On one occasion a big company of men sat down to table, and the piper pranced up and down the room as he played.

The whole thing was new to a French literary man, who politely asked the guest on his right, "Why does he walk up and down when he does this thing? Does it add to the volume of the sound, or does it make a cadence?"

"No," said the other, "I don't think it's that. I fancy it's to prevent the listeners getting his range with a knife or a water-bottle."

NATIONS ARE STRIVING

BRITAIN IN THE LEAD IN DREADNOUGHT BUILDING.

No Reason for Panic, Says John Leyland in the London Chronicle.

John Leyland, writing in the London Chronicle, says:

There appears to have been a good deal of loose talking and writing on the subject of British and German shipbuilding and the promise of the future. No cause for a panic or immediate alarm exists, but there is every reason for vigilance and zealous preparation, as I shall endeavor to show.

We are not without some grounds of certainty as to what Germany is doing. That the Dreadnoughts Nassau and Westfalen will be completed in the autumn of the present year has been announced. The former, through some mischance, sank in the basin at Wilhelmshaven and men to the number of 8,000 have been working night and day on that ship and a sister vessel to make good the delay, and there can be no doubt that both the Nassau and Westfalen will be ready at the appointed time. The Rheinland and Posen, which were begun three months later—i.e., in the summer of 1907—will be ready at about the same time or a few weeks later. They are being built at the Vulkan yard, Stettin, and the Germania (Krupp) yard, Kiel, which are outpacing the Government dockyards. Thus we have four Dreadnoughts.

TWENTY TO SEVENTEEN.

There are three others building at Wilhelmshaven; the Howland yard, Kiel (which has sprung into new importance in association with Krupp); and the Weser yard, Bremen; and these, begun in the summer of last year, will be completed before the end of 1910 or early in 1911. So much, then, is certain with regard to seven German Dreadnoughts. Three others belong to the year 1909, and there has been feverish activity in accelerating preparations for them.

Thus we arrive at thirteen German Dreadnoughts, being presumably those referred to by Admiral von Tirpitz. But these ships are independent of the German Indomitables, F. G. H and I, which also belong to the Dreadnought category. F will be ready in the autumn of next year, or possibly earlier; G a few months later; and H and I, which belong to the years 1909 and 1910, before the end of 1912. In this way we arrive at the seventeen Dreadnoughts indicated by Mr. Asquith and Mr. McKenna as to be completed in the last named year. Mr. Balfour's estimate of twenty-one ships is based on the hypothesis that four additional ships will be laid down in 1911, and will be so accelerated that they also will be ready in 1912. The point to be kept in view is that if the German program should be accelerated in this way, we can expedite our own to keep pace with it. It is obviously of vital importance to keep the lead, for otherwise national and Imperial safety will be thrown into an even balance.

We have eight Dreadnoughts built and building, and four Indomitables, making twelve in all.

HAGGARD ON DRUNKARDS

GREAT ENGLISH AUTHOR STATES HIS VIEWS.

Comes Into Contact with Many of Them, in a Professional Way, of Course.

Rider Haggard is at present taking a deep personal interest in the cure of drunkenness. He is chairman of one bench of magistrates and senior member of another; and, in the course of his career, has dealt with some thousands of drunk and disorderlies. He has recently given his view on intemperance in a British government report. Some of his suggestions are quite radical. For instance, among other things, he says:

"I submit that the best way to promote sobriety is to make it exceedingly uncomfortable for the individual who gets drunk. I am quite certain that if public intoxication ceased to be treated as a kind of troublesome and malodorous joke, and if its repetition were punished with sentences of confinement increasing in length in proportion to the frequency of the offense, instead of being condoned by a five-shilling (\$1.25)

OR EVEN SMALLER FINE,

we should hear and see a great deal less of it than we do at present."

The famous author of King Solomon's Mines, She and other books, then goes on to recommend the following drastic measures for eradicating this vice:

"First offense, dismissal, with a caution; second offense, the ordinary fine; third offense, committal without the option of a fine. Committal should not be to an ordinary prison," he says in his report, "but to a special department, where inebriates could be suitably treated with a view to their reformation." His views on the drunk that goes in for making a row are very strong. "If the drunkenness should be complicated with violence," he says, "or with the use of that filthy language in which drunks are wont to foam out their own shame in public, or if the intoxicated person should be in charge of a vehicle or of children, then I think the magistrates should commit upon the second, if not upon the first offense; and to the common jail."

With habitual drunkards he would resort to incarceration whether their own consent or that of their family were obtained or not. In England,

HABITUAL DRUNKARDS

cannot be put away without their own consent for any length of time, but Rider Haggard would alter all this, and treat an habitual just as if he were a lunatic. If the government carries Rider Haggard's recommendations into effect there is a sad time coming for the man who loves the flowing bowl not wisely, but too well. As the drink question in England is one of the biggest sociological issues, Rider Haggard is much to the front with his recommendations. He has also taken a prominent part in the land agitation and is considered a great expert on the subject.

SIBERIAN HARDTACK.

Many Uses of a Bread Much Favoured in Cold Countries.

LIFE OF SPANISH KING

ALFONSO'S LIFE ONE OF TIRELESS ENERGY.

Works to Promote Advancement of Spain—Little Time to Amusement.

A complete examination of the many details of the daily life of King Alfonso XIII. of Spain, would be well nigh impossible. All the world is aware of his tireless energy and activity, and although a portion of the Spanish press, recently, with some considerable bitterness, censured his Majesty's love of sport, the monarch does not by any means neglect the affairs of state. Very progressive, he earnestly tries to promote the advancement and well-being of the land over which he rules.

Don Alfonso is usually dressed at 7.30 a.m., and ready to peruse the morning papers, go through his mail and attend to important despatches.

At about 9 o'clock the early breakfast is served, the King always taking his meal in private with the other members of the royal family. This invariably consists of cafe au lait, soft boiled eggs, chicken, either cold or grilled, and fruit.

LUNCH AT 1.30.

After this the Minister on duty for the day is received, and every Thursday there is a Cabinet Council presided over by the King. A great deal of correspondence has to be attended to, petitions of all kind looked into and answered. The humble petition of the poor man receives the same attention at the hands of Don Alfonso as does one from his more fortunate brothers.

Luncheon is served at 1.30. "I have been in attendance on the King for the past two years," a gentleman of the Court said to the Times' correspondent the other day, "and in that time I have hardly ever known him to be able to sit down punctually to the meal—so many and overwhelming are his occupations and engagements it is usually near 3 o'clock before the King is able to take his lunch."

A short interval in the afternoon is devoted by Don Alfonso to his own amusement, either playing golf or tennis in the Casa de Campo or taking an automobile drive or a ride on horseback.

"CHILDREN'S HOUR" SACRED.

Later on comes the "children's hour," and with these precious moments the King allows nothing to interfere. It is the short time in the twenty-four hours he gives himself to spend in private with the Queen and his two infant sons. Then he plays with them as other fathers do with their little ones, and tries to forget the cares and burdens of his exalted station.

Afterward come audiences, civil and military, and when possible a visit to the opera or to one of the other Madrid theatres, though more frequently after dinner, which is served at 8.30, the King prefers rest and retirement.

The little Prince of Asturias, now nearly two months old, is a fine sturdy little fellow, with all his mother's looks, and he is almost as fair as she. The first words he was

POLICE IN PETTICOATS

RUSE RESULTED IN CAPTURE OF CRIMINALS.

The Prisoners Put Up a Vigorous Defence, But Were Gathered In.

Newcastle (England) Magistrates heard a story of a remarkable struggle which took place on the Castle Leazes when Matthew Wilson, 21; Albert McGreavy, 22; and John Fagan, 21; were charged with having been found in unlawful possession of housebreaking implements, namely, three jimmies, two chisels, two skeleton keys, a hammer, and a file, with intent to commit a felony. Fagan was also charged with assaulting Constable Joseph Thompson.

Constable Thompson told the bench that he and Constable Beck went to the Castle Leazes, near the plantation. "I was in plain clothes," said witness, "and Beck was dressed as a woman."

LIKE LOVERS.

This gave them, as they strolled about together, the appearance of a couple of lovers out for a walk. They waited about until 9.30 o'clock, when the prisoners appeared on the scene, going straight to a place where some burglar's tools were buried, just inside the railings of the plantation. They got the tools out, and were going away when the policemen pounced upon them. The men immediately dropped the tools and attempted to make off, but witness seized McGreavy and Beck got hold of Wilson. Both prisoners resisted, and witness fell to the ground with McGreavy.

STRUCK POLICEMAN.

As he lay there struggling Fagan made a rush at witness with a jimmy in his hand, and struck him over the head, but the blow glanced off. He then took a running kick at the witness and caught him on the chest, and then, observing a man coming towards them, ran away. McGreavy had all this time been resisting, and witness was obliged to use his truncheon, the result being that prisoner received a slight wound on the head.

Answering Superintendent Carr, witness said that the reason Beck and he watched the plantation in the manner they did was that the tools were discovered hidden in the ground there. It was quite evident that the prisoners knew where the tools were, as they went straight to the spot and got them.

STEEPLEJACK'S BIGGEST JOB.

Decorating the Nelson Monument With Forty Tons of Laurel.

"The biggest job I have undertaken," declares one English steeplejack, "has been the decorating and repairing of the Nelson column in Trafalgar Square, London. Nearly forty tons of laurel were used and the greater portion of this had to be carried aloft and fixed to the column at varying heights up to the top.

"I thought out many plans," he said in the Wide World Magazine, "but eventually decided to lash ladders to the structure by means of ropes passed 'round and 'round

should be accelerated in this way we can expedite our own to keep pace with it. It is obviously of vital importance to keep the lead, for otherwise national and Imperial safety will be thrown into an even balance.

We have eight Dreadnoughts built and building, and four Indomitables, making twelve in all, and we are laying down four more, and providing means to begin another four, presumably on April, 1910 (to be completed in 1912), making twenty Dreadnoughts to oppose the seventeen of the Germans. Meanwhile it will be possible, and may be necessary, to lay down other ships in 1910-11, completing them also in 1912. There is, therefore, good reason to trust the Government and the Admiralty to do what is right in the matter. There is the less reason to give way to panic and excitement, because we have also the Lord Nelson and Agamemnon, which can well lie in the line with the Dreadnoughts, and an overwhelming superiority in pre-Dreadnought ships.

BENEFITS OF CONTINUITY.

The great advantage that the Germans possess is the continuity and certainty of the naval policy that results from the measured expansion of the fleet, which began with the Navy Law of 1898, was doubled by that of 1900, and was expanded and accelerated by the amendments of 1906 and 1908. The consequence of this definite and ordered developments of the German navy has been an enormous increase in the shipbuilding resources of the country.

The Germania yard at Kiel has grown enormously; the Howland yard has begun to build the largest ships in association with it; the Vulkan yard at Stettin, which has slips for the building of four large ships at the same time, is opening a new establishment on the Elbe, for which a large drydock is completing; Blohm and Voss, at Hamburg, are building the big cruiser-battleships; the Weser yard at Bremen has largely increased its accommodation within the last two years, so that it can have on the stocks four large ships at the same time, and Schichau has opened an establishment at Danzig for the largest work, in addition to his destroyer yard at Elbing.

GERMAN EXPANSION.

All these stand apart from the great State dockyards at Kiel and at Wilhelmshaven, which at last is now being developed into the second largest shipyard in the world. It is for the Foreign Office and the Admiralty to say with what object this prodigious expansion of German shipbuilding resources is taking place. We find no parallel to it in this country, where the pause in shipbuilding after the launch of the Dreadnought had a depressing effect upon the private yards. In this connection some account of the great Krupp establishments, which, building warships, make all the guns, gun-mountings and armor-plating for the whole navy, will illustrate the condition of affairs with which we are confronted.

Enough has been said to show how serious is the effort being made by Germany to excel in the race for naval supremacy. There is no immediate danger, but we shall have to make up our minds to bear heavier burdens in the future.

Haggard is much to the front with his recommendations. He has also taken a prominent part in the land agitation and is considered a great expert on the subject.

SIBERIAN HARDTACK.

Many Uses of a Bread Much Favored in Cold Countries.

Of all the hardtack breads of the universe I have found by actual experience the small-ringed bread of Siberia the most substantial. When the Russian engineering parties were constructing the Siberian Railroad this white ring bread (with the coarse rye bread) was their main staff of life.

It is made without salt or yeast and is first steamed, then lightly baked to expel the moisture. Some curious uses were made of these breads by the engineers. When soaked in hot pure tallow for a few moments till they sank, they were eaten in soups or soaked in and eaten with tea during the severe winter months. This tallow bread was considered the most heat-producing article in the dietary. It should be utilized by our Arctic explorers.

Another curious use to which it was put is as an extemporé candle, or coffee pot boiler. A nail is used to make about eight holes in the tallow ring bread, wax vestas are placed in these and ignited. It will burn slowly for about an hour, emitting a strong heat sufficient to warm and light a small tent and boil the tea or coffee water. There is a rather strong odor of toasting bread, but that is tolerated in preference to smoke. While sojourning with the engineers in Siberia I have also seen them using the larger sizes of ringed bread as makeshift quoits for Sunday afternoon sport in their tents, and the bread would stand the knocking about pretty well, and would eventually appear in the soup at the evening meal.

Small Siberian storekeepers also use the ringed bread as an abacus, or primitive counting apparatus for calculating small sums in rubles and kopeks, and simple figuring. Three strings are suspended above the counter; ten breads are strung on each; the top line represents the rubles (their money transactions rarely going above ten) and the two lower strings stand for the kopeks. Of course, the strings of bread can be increased to mount into the thousands and up if desired.—Scientific American.

WAS KING'S FIDDLER.

James Blair, widely known throughout Scotland as the King's fiddler, has passed away at Aberdeen, aged 83. Blair and his father, Willie Blair, had been connected with the royal family as players of strathspeys for over sixty years, and James trained the Prince of Wales, Prince Edward and the Princesses of that day in the art of Highland dancing. For years James Blair acted as the special gillie of King Edward, with whom, and Queen Alexandra, he was a great favorite.

NUGGETS.

Vanity bears flowers, but no fruit. Wisdom follows experience. If it would only catch up!

Try to get rich in a year and you will go broke in six months.

Youth and folly think that 820 and twenty years will last forever.

and military, and which possible visit to the opera or to one of the other Madrid theatres, though more frequently after dinner, which is served at 8.30, the King prefers rest and retirement.

The little Prince of Asturias, now nearly two months old, is a fine sturdy little fellow, with all his mother's looks, and he is almost as fair as she. The first words he was taught by the King were "Papa" and "Mama" and "Viva Espana."

The private apartments of the Royal Palace are furnished with no splendor, but with solid English comfort, the furnishings and installations having been provided by a famous London firm.

INVASION BY AEROPLANE.

At Present are Incapable of Transporting Armies Through Air.

The vision which has recently been conjured up by certain pseudo-scientific alarmists of fleets of German aeroplanes hovering over the Bank of England need not be taken seriously.

Aeroplanes as at present constructed are merely large power-driven kites, and are about as incapable of transporting armies through the air as anything of the kind that can possibly be imagined.

Such invasion scares have a tendency to recur whenever a new invention seems to threaten our insularity. The advent of the steamship, for instance, was deemed by our forefathers to be a certain presage of disaster in this direction.

Still more so the balloon! France was then to England the bogey that Germany is supposed to be now, and when it became known to us that our neighbors across the Channel—the balloon had its origin, of course, in France—had actually succeeded in navigating the air, our anger and alarm knew no bounds. We were quite certain, in our own minds, that it was only a question of time before our traditional enemy dropped down upon us in force from the sky.

Even France, too, was credited with having become obsessed with the idea, just as Germany is popularly believed to be at present. Only then it was not a Zeppelin airship or a Wright flying machine, that was to be employed, but an "aerostatic globe," designed by no less a personage than the renowned Marshal Ney. In this, French soldiers were to be projected across the Straits of Dover fifty at a time.—Pearson's Weekly.

SCIENCE OF ROADS.

At the recent Road Conference, in Paris, it was decided that the proper spreading of tar on macadamized roads is an effective means of preventing dust. The method is largely used in France. About one-third of a gallon of tar is used for each square yard of surface. The roads last longer, and the cost of maintenance is reduced. In the United States oil is employed to a considerable extent to prevent dust and preserve the surface of roads. The oil is spread from carts, during the making of the road, to the amount of one or two gallons per square yard. The French road engineers recommend the planting of trees along roadsides as a means of preventing dust. In France all roads not less than 33 feet wide are required to have a single line of trees on each side, at distances apart varying from 16 to 32 feet.

don. Nearly forty tons of laurel were used and the greater portion of this had to be carried aloft and fixed to the column at varying heights up to the top.

"I thought out many plans," he said in the Wide World Magazine, "but eventually decided to lash ladders to the structure by means of ropes passed round and round it. It was a ticklish, trying job, but it was accomplished without hitch or mishap of any kind.

"Two sets of ladders were used, placed opposite to one another. This was necessary, as the column measured forty feet in circumference—too far to pass a rope around with ease. The most difficult part of the ascent to negotiate was the cornice at the top of the column. This is the heaviest projection for throwback work in England and I had to climb up and over it with my back to the ground, for all the world like a fly on a ceiling.

"I am not ashamed to confess that I breathed more freely when I had rounded the obstruction and was able cautiously to slide myself onto the platform which supports the statue. From below this appears flat, but it is really bevelled with a sharp slope outward.

"I found it, too, covered with an inch thick layer of greasy soot, so that to walk about on it was exceedingly risky. However, once I got the lifeline secured to the statue all was plain sailing.

"I discovered a crack in the hero's arm, which I repaired. When I tell people this they not infrequently ask on the spur of the moment, 'Which arm?' Of course the figure has only one."

WHERE TIPS ARE INEVITABLE

What is Expected of You on Ocean Liners.

Every passenger who travels on an ocean liner, even in the third class, is expected to tip the stewards, and the expectation is seldom disappointed. Few people save old travelers, however, know how much they ought to give.

In the first and second class on Atlantic liners \$2.50 to the table steward, and the same to your state-room steward is the proper fee. If you give more, you will not benefit the man materially; for, as a rule, all tips are pooled, and shared round among the stewards. The bath-room steward should have 60 cents, the smoking-room steward 60 cents or \$1.25, according to the demand made on his services.

If the stewards have provided an orchestra for the passengers, as they often do, a collection is usually made at the end of the voyage. It is not usual to give less than \$1.25.

Do not tip any of the sailors aboard. Most of them dislike it; they would tell you they are not flunkies. But they would always appreciate a good cigar, if you want to make some acknowledgment of the many little things they do for the comfort and amusement of the passengers.

On a longer voyage—say, to India or Australia—the tips mentioned should be doubled; but more should not be given, however, long the voyage may be, unless some very exceptional demands have been made upon the stewards.

Lots of people would rather say nothing than speak a kind word.

SETTLERS SHOULD LEARN WORLD'S GREATEST CITY RAPS FROM THE COFFIN FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

AUSTRALIAN ADVICE TO PROSPECTIVE IMMIGRANTS.

Knowledge of Trivial Things Makes a Big Difference to Employer.

The following summary of requirements by the British Immigration League of Australia as necessary for intending settlers is contained in a letter recently addressed by the secretary of the league to a gentleman in England:

"We strongly advise your getting a married couple used to Australian bush life to instruct your people, not only in the things they will have to do, but in the colonial way of doing them, which is the only acceptable way to the colonial employer.

USE OF THE AXE.

"The men should be taught to use an axe—not an English hatchet, but the American model axe, which is the only one used in Australia. They should learn how to use a pick and shovel; how to dig post holes with the long handled shovel (very seldom used in England). Also, they should know how to use both adze and auger. They should learn ploughing both with mould-board and disc ploughs (the latter seldom used at home, but almost invariably used here on large estates). They should be taught to milk well, to handle horses, and drive a dray. Single men, in addition should know how to make a fire in the open and bake a damper. All should be able to kill and cut up a sheep.

NO TIME TO TEACH.

"Many of these things may appear to you trivial, but the knowledge or ignorance of them makes a man acceptable or unacceptable to the squatter or the farmer, neither of whom has time to spare for teaching 'new chums.'

"The women should learn how to milk, cook—both with a stove and long fire—wash, and do the house work; the girls over 10 the same. Boys should be taught to ride, harness, and saddle a horse and drive a dray, to milk, and if big enough, to use a light plough; how to harrow and roll, to work a harvester, sharpen an axe, and do the hundred and one little things required on a farm."

CONTRAST IN CEREMONIES.

Japanese and Russians Commemorate the Battle of Chemulpo.

The dismal city of Chemulpo, on the west coast of Corea, recently witnessed two strangely contrasting ceremonies, each conducted by aliens in the land and each commemorating the historic event which served to make the name of the town known around the world. The occasion of the demonstrations was the anniversary on February 9 of the battle between the Russian and Japanese naval detachments outside the harbor.

Hundreds of Japanese came down from Seoul, the capital city, sixty miles away, to join with the large Japanese colony at Chemulpo in making the day a typical holiday of their home land. All of the Ja-

SOME BEWILDERING FACTS ABOUT LONDON.

The Huge City Furnishes Serious Problems of Administration.

"London is in all probability the largest city that ever existed," said Mr. J. George Head, in the course of a lecture intended to bring London's vastness within the limits of comprehension. The lecture was given at the Surveyors' Institution, London, the subject being "Giant London." He first gave a few indigestible facts, such as that the Administrative County of London is 117 square miles in area, that it contains 2,134 miles of streets, 632,591 houses, sheltering five million souls, and 329 railway stations. Thirty-six Brightons, Mr. Head calculated, would be necessary to form one London.

SPEEDY GROWTH.

Tracing the growth of the great metropolis, he said that it developed the most rapidly after the Napoleonic wars, when the whole of the Northern portions of Marblebone, St. John's Wood, Camden and Kentish Towns, Clerkenwell, Hackney and the Northern Suburbs, and to the west, Paddington, Bayswater, Notting Hill, Piccadilly and Chelsea; to the east, Stepney, Limehouse and Poplar, and to the south, Greenwich, Lambeth, Peckham, Camberwell, Brixton, Stockport and Clapham had been built over. Now it had passed even the ample boundaries of the administrative county, and was overflowing into Brentford, Acton, Ealing and Chiswick, Willesden and Finchley, Hoxsey and Wood Green, Ilford and Tottenham, Walthamstow, Leyton, East and West Ham, and Barking, Beskenham and Penge, and Kingst n, Richmond and Wimbledon, representing another one hundred square miles and another one and a half millions in population, and was stretching feelers to Southall, Edgware, Barnet, Enfield, Woodford, Romford, Croydon and Surbiton.

INCREASE IN VALUES.

The growth in value was no less extraordinary. A piece of land in St. Clement Danes rented by the Corporation of London for six horseshoes was now worth \$15 or \$20 a square foot. Between 1860 and 1900 the price of freehold land near the Bank of England rose from \$65 to \$350 per square foot. In Old Broad Street a property let at \$1,500 per annum, sixty-three years ago, was now worth \$15,000. The rateable value of the City of London had risen from \$60,000 a year in 1839 to \$26,866,380 in 1907. We were now in a depression with regards to values, and in many cases the saleable value of properties was as much as 30 per cent. less than it was in 1900.

HOTELS REPLACE HOMES.

In 1901 there were 16,000 empty houses in the County of London, while in 1907 there were 21,000. In a resume of the causes of this, he said that the growth of huge palace hotels had nearly extinguished the business of furnished house-letting. "In the time of Queen Elizabeth," Mr. Head remarked, "it was

BODY WAS DISINTERRED, BUT MAN WAS DEAD.

Amazing Tale of Supposed Premature Burial—Body Buried Twice.

An amazing story of supposed premature burial comes from Leigh, a little country village in Staffordshire, England, between the Potteries and Uttoxeter. The funeral took place on Thursday in the parish churchyard of Mr. Jas. Blood, aged 65, whose death had apparently occurred on the previous Monday from a weak heart. The Rev. Kenworthy Brown, vicar of Checkley, officiated at the interment. The service over, the mourners and friends left the churchyard, and only the sexton, Edward Alcock, his brother Henry, and a few youths remained near the grave, together with Mr. S. Hollins, the undertaker.

The brothers Alcock commenced filling in the grave, and had about half finished their task when they heard a muffled rapping from below, apparently from the coffin. The rapping was repeated five or six times. The sounds were heard distinctly by every one round the grave.

MAN WAS DEAD.

Edward Alcock flung down his spade and ran as fast as he could for a doctor, while the others present began to throw out the soil from the grave with feverish haste. In a short space of time Dr. Smith's assistant, who happened to be in the village, arrived on the scene, accompanied by the deceased's two sons. No time was lost in raising the coffin from the grave, and it was speedily carried back to the church, where the undertaker unscrewed the lid. The doctor made an examination, but the man was dead, and there was no evidence that the body had moved. There was, however, a little blood and water on the face. This, it is said, might have arisen from a slight cut from shaving after death.

RAPPING AGAIN HEARD.

The body was once more borne to the grave, a large crowd of villagers being present. Whilst the grave was being filled in a second time a distinct tapping was heard by those around. As the doctor was satisfied that death had really taken place the coffin was not raised, again, and the grave was filled up, but the strange affair is still the topic of conversation in the neighborhood.

MR. MACBLINK ON BOOKS.

Gems in All, Though Often With a Good Deal of Setting.

"It is some satisfaction to me to think," said Mr. MacBlink, "that if ever I should be cast away on a lone desert island I could get along very comfortably if I had any books at all.

"I say any books, with the emphasis on the any advisably, because I have never yet seen any book that did not have at least something in it worth reading for the pleasure conveyed by it or for the knowledge it contained. The dullest of us have happy thoughts that please ourselves, and sometimes we have fancies bright

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.

England has 510 deaf mutes per million of her population, against 770 in Ireland.

A sum of \$175 was collected in Sligo Cathedral in aid of Castlebar Gas Works for the sum of \$12,000.

Four pike, weighing respectively 27, 13, 9 and 4 pounds, were recently caught in the Barrow, near Carlow.

Miss Isabel Smith, Drumcroom, Coleraine, has been appointed instructress in domestic economy for North Derry.

Dr. George Ellis, said to be the oldest Irish surgeon, died at his residence in Dublin, at the age of 100 years.

A bog slide occurred near Keady, County Armagh, at a cutting of the Armagh, Keady and Castleblaney new railway.

In the last 50 years while the population of Scotland has increased by two millions, that of Ireland has diminished by the same number.

Messrs. Patrick O'Connor and Terence Leonard have been re-elected chairman and vice-chairman respectively, of Granard Rural Council.

The collection initiated by the Most Rev. Dr. McHugh in the Derry Diocese on behalf of the sufferers of the Italian earthquake has amounted \$1,093.

Most Rev. Dr. Sheehan has presented over 50 volumes of high-class literature to the library of the Catholic Young Men's Society of Waterford.

On the way to a funeral at Lough Egish, the hearse toppled over and the driver, John Carragher, was pinned underneath and seriously injured.

Dr. Isaac Clarke, Medical Officer of Knocknallow Dispensary District, in Belmullet Union, has resigned to take up an important appointment in Westmeath.

Mayo County Council has confirmed its guarantee in favor of the Belmullet-Collooney Railway project in connection with the proposed new All-Red Route.

The first farmers' bacon curing factory in the United Kingdom, started a little over a year ago at Roscrea, County Tipperary, is proving a success.

A fire which destroyed a portion of the Brillan mills, County Kildare, occurred recently. The portion destroyed was operated by Mr. Hegarty in the manufacture of food-stuffs of various kinds.

Personal estate valued at \$1,256,000, was left by Nicholas Murphy, of Carrigmore, Cork, chairman of the Cork Distilleries Company. He bequeathed \$4,000 for charitable purposes.

Kenmare Rural Council have been unable to obtain a single tender for the erection of laborer's cottages under the new scheme at a price of \$650, although cottages were built last time for \$450.

Tom Mannion, well-known in Fermanagh, and nearly 100 years old, was found lying almost dead in a workhouse in Innishmore. He died in the ambulance on its way to the workhouse.

...the occasion of the demonstrations was the anniversary on February 9 of the battle between the Russian and Japanese naval attachements outside the harbor.

Hundreds of Japanese came down from Seoul, the capital city, sixty miles away, to join with the large Japanese colony at Chemulpo in making the day a typical holiday of their home land. All of the Japanese quarter in the town blossomed with bunting, flags and lanterns, day fireworks banged off the new stone quay at the waterfront and every sendo and rickshaw man in town was out behind a brass band, trailing his enthusiasm through the narrow streets of the mongrel town.

There were long speeches in the high sounding formal oratory of the Japanese, a parade drill of some of the Japanese soldiers still retained in Corea, and a long night afterward of saki drinking and dancing by the geisha.

The Russians who came down from Seoul, had no part in the Japanese festivities. With M. de Somow, the Russian Consul-General, there were M. Birukoff, the archimandrite of the Orthodox Church in Corea, a few attaches from the consulate and half a dozen Russian merchants and travelers.

They went out to the little foreign burying ground on a bleak, treeless hill back of the town and there, where all of the dead that had been recovered from the Variag and Korietz after the battle was buried, the archimandrite conducted the Orthodox service for the repose of the dead. The responses were sung by Korean converts.

Among some of the foreigners who stood in the cemetery with uncovered heads while the priest offered up prayers for the brave dead were those who remembered the day when the Variag and Korietz came limping back into the harbor after having stood off for more than an hour the overwhelming squadron under Admiral Uriu. The Variag, her unprotected sides punctured like a sieve, was listing to such an extent that the blackened snouts of some of her starboard guns was dipping in the waves. The Korietz, a little gunboat hardly bigger than a revenue cutter, had been under the protection of her bigger sister and was practically unhurt.

Then it was that, as the foreigners who ranged the hillsides back of the town and the knobs of the harbor islands saw the conquering Japanese squadron coming in to take its prizes, the roar of the fired magazines smote the ugly little town and the two Russian ships dropped to the mud of the harbor. Even as the smoke of the explosions mushroomed out in the higher air strata and the bay's waters were peppered with falling fragments of the fighting ships, the band on the Italian cruiser, lying at anchor in the inner harbor, struck up the heavy cadences of the Russian national hymn in a requiem.

GOOD TIME.

In an Irish daily paper there recently appeared this advertisement: "Wanted—A gentleman to undertake the sale of a patent medicine; the advertiser guarantees it will be profitable to the undertaker."

less than it was in 1900.

HOTELS REPLACE HOMES.

In 1901 there were 16,000 empty houses in the County of London, while in 1907 there were 21,000. In a resume of the causes of this, he said that the growth of huge palace hotels had nearly extinguished the business of furnished house-letting. "In the time of Queen Elizabeth," Mr. Head remarked, "it was thought that London was getting too big, and means were discussed for reducing its size. It is now fifty times as large, and is growing larger every year. What is to be its future? Have we reached the limit of size under which can be adequately controlled under one direction, or is London becoming unwieldy? These are the questions which must be faced by our statesmen and municipal governors."

LANDING A GIANT PIKE.

45 Inches in Length—Largest Caught in British Isles.

A giant pike, which is for English and Scotch streams the record catch, was caught recently on the Hampshire Stour by the orthodox method of rod and line.

This fish was weighed and turned the scale at 37 1/4 pounds. Its length is 45 inches and girth 24 inches. When first taken out of the water it was weighed with a spring balance and reached the figure of 0 pounds, but in the intervening time it has shrunk to its present size. Said the captor of this noble prize:

"I caught her on Sunday morning on Lord Wimborne's estate. The stream was in flood and I was fishing with a snap tackle in a very fast stream. I had an hour before caught and given away a 14 pound pike, which is probably the male fish. I dropped my bait into the run and it was carried by the swirl round the corner into a backwater which shelved gradually up toward the bank from the point of the island.

The pike took me fairly quietly, for she was old and sluggish and not for some time did I realize that I was fast to one of the biggest pike that has ever been caught in the British Isles. She fought me for nearly half an hour, and at last I managed to get her toward the shelving bank. My keeper, wild with excitement, plunged into the water and we got her out somehow.

"The whole thing was a fluke probably, but anyhow we drank her health several times, and felt considerably pleased with ourselves.

"She looked lovely on coming out of the water. The shading of her body was exquisite and the pink spots which have since grown blurred and faded showed up splendidly. My chief reason, however, for congratulation is that she must have been one of the worst thieves in our duck decoy. There is no close season for pike on the Stour, otherwise she might long have survived as the terror of the wild ducklings which we rear there every summer and have missed in large quantities."

FORGETFUL.

"Young man," began the aged gentleman, "I am seventy years old, and don't remember having told a lie."

"That's too bad," the young man replied. "Can't you have something done for your memory."

very comfortable if I had any books at all.

"I say any books, with the emphasis on the any advisably, because I have never yet seen any book that did not have at least something in it worth reading for the pleasure conveyed by it or for the knowledge it contained. The dullest of us have happy thoughts that please ourselves, and sometimes we have fancies bright enough to please others; and we may be able out of our experience to put into a bushel of chaff a grain of information that will be of real value.

"I have never yet talked with anybody from whom I did not learn something; and I have never yet read a book, however dull or apparently hopeless, from which I did not gain some pleasure or profit.

"Lately I have read a long story that was all talk and ruffles, nothing to it, but having started I travelled on, and in the middle of it I came upon five lines that contained a wise suggestion for our guidance, something really worth knowing, and I felt that I had been far more than repaid.

"This is not a method of reading that you can, as you might say, apply backward. For instance, I remember reading once two lines of poetry that impressed me greatly, and I thought to myself that the man who could write poetry like that must be a noble poet; and so I bought his complete works, in two volumes, but with some few exceptions I found his poems pretty dry reading.

"So it may be that in many books we shall find but a very small gem and a good deal of setting; and I would not counsel reading poor books for the sake of what we may find in them; we shall do better than that if we can get good books, but I do say that if I were cast away on some lone desert island I could get along very comfortably if I had any books at all; for I have never yet seen any book that did not contain something."

LONG DELAYED PROPOSAL.

Story of Note in Bouquet That Was for Years Unanswered.

One of the longest delayed proposals on record is related in a French story of a shy young subaltern who was ordered away to the wars. Not daring to speak, he sent a nosegay of yellow roses to the girl he loved, with a little note inside begging her, if she returned his love, to wear one of the flowers in her breast that night at the ball. She appeared without it, and he went away broken hearted.

Years afterward, when he was a lame old general, he again met his old love, now a white haired widow. One day his old sweetheart gently asked him why he had never married. "Madam," he answered somewhat sternly, "you ought to know best. If you had not refused to answer that note in the bouquet of yellow roses I might have been a happier man." "The note in the bouquet," she repeated, growing pale.

She opened an old cabinet and took out from a drawer a shrivelled bouquet of what had been yellow roses, among whose leafless stalks lurked a scrap of paper yellow with age. "See! I never had your note," she said, holding the bouquet up. "If I had I would not have answered it— you fancied." "Then answer it now," said the gallant old soldier. And the long delayed proposal was accepted at last.

Kenmare Rural Council have been unable to obtain a single tender for the erection of laborer's cottages under the new scheme at a price of \$650, although cottages were built last time for \$450.

Tom Mannion, well-known in Fermanagh, and nearly 100 years old, was found lying almost dead in a workhouse in Innishmore. He died in the ambulance on its way to the workhouse.

The Lord Chief Justice of Ireland was able to congratulate the grand jury at Wicklow Assizes, March 1st, that there was no cases to go before them, and was presented with the customary white gloves.

There has been a second victim of the disastrous bogslide at Kilmore, Co. Galway—Mrs. Catherine Brammelly, who rushed from her house in her night attire, on the fatal morning when the bog rushed down the valley.

HE 'PHONED THE DOG.

How a German Grocer Established Ownership.

The ownership of a lost dog was established in a remarkable manner by the police of Frankfurt, Germany, recently, the dog having recognized its master's voice over the telephone.

Courad Maier, a grocer, living in a suburban town, informed the police that his pet terrier, "Ami," had been stolen. The police telephoned Maier that a dog answering "Ami's" description had been found in the possession of a suspicious looking stranger, who claimed that he had owned the animal for a long time.

The telephone receiver was then placed to the dog's ear, and Maier was instructed to talk to the animal in familiar language. The dog immediately gave every sign of recognition, and barked with joy.

The pseudo-owner was so terrified by the animal's sagacity that he immediately confessed that he had stolen the dog.

MARVELLOUS FEAT.

Surgeon Extracted Tumor From Woman's Brain.

Considerable interest has been aroused in the surgical world by an operation performed at the Kaiser in Augusta Hospital, Berlin, Germany, by the surgeon-in-chief, Prof. Fedor Graue. The operation was the extirpation of a tumor which had grown from the hypophysis of the brain.

This gland is situated in the very midst of the skull. The tumor, which was larger than a hen's egg,

was reached by forming a very large skin bone flap on the right forehead, and temporal region. Notwithstanding the depth of the tumor, which was buried more than 3 inches deep in the substance of the brain, the whole of it was successfully extirpated by lifting the anterior part of the brain, and the patient, a woman of about 35, is doing well.

This is described as one of the most extraordinary operations of its kind that have occurred in the history of surgery.

SLEEPLESSNESS.

New Pastor—"My sermon to-day was hastily prepared, but I was glad to note that none of the congregation went to sleep."

Host's Small Son—"No; the flies was awful to-day."

Does not Color the Hair

Ingredients of Ayer's Hair Vigor

Sulphur. Destroys germs that cause dandruff and falling hair. Cures rashes and eruptions of scalp. Glycerin. Soothing, healing. Food to the hair-bulbs. Quinine. A strong tonic, antiseptic, stimulant. Sodium Chloride. Cleansing, quiets irritation of scalp. Capsicum. Increases activity of glands. Sage. Stimulant, tonic. Domestic remedy of high merit. Alcohol. Stimulant, antiseptic. Water. Perfume.

Show this formula to your doctor. Ask him if there is a single injurious ingredient. Ask him if he thinks Ayer's Hair Vigor, as made from this formula, is the best preparation you could use for falling hair, or for dandruff. Let him decide. He knows.

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

The Napane Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 100 per line each insertion.

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Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.75
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

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CURES INDIGESTION.

Take your sour stomach—or maybe you call it Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Gastritis or Catarrh of Stomach; it doesn't matter—take your stomach trouble right with you to your Pharmacist and ask him to open a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin and let you eat one 22-grain Triangle and see if within five minutes there is left any trace of your stomach misery.

OTTAWA NEWS.

Canada is loyal, not sentimental, patriotic, not hysterical. Great strength is not indicated by a condition of frenzy. In case of urgency Canada would be found willing to strain her resources to the breaking point in the defence of the Empire should the integrity of the Empire be imperilled.

Two Great Questions.

Two important questions were discussed by the House last week, separate and distinct, but by a strange coincidence having a close relation to each other. The one was on the subject of Canada's share in the defence of the Empire, and the other had relation to a loan of \$10,000,000 to the Grand Trunk Pacific Company.

Defence of Empire.

The first question arose out of a resolution moved by Mr. Foster to the effect that Canada should no longer delay in assuming her proper share of the responsibility and financial burden incident to the suitable protection of her exposed coast line and great seaports.

This resolution was presented at a time when an agitation, fostered and encouraged by the war party in England was at white heat. Sir Wilfrid Laurier met the situation with his usual calm, statesmanlike grasp of conditions, and submitted to the House an amended resolution which was passed unanimously.

Resolution.

"This house fully recognizes the duty of the people of Canada, as they increase in numbers and wealth, to assume in larger measure the responsibilities of national defence:

"This house is of opinion that under the present constitutional relations between the mother country and the self-governing dominions, the payment of regular contributions to the imperial treasury for naval and military purposes would not, so far as Canada is concerned, be the most satisfactory solution of the question of defence;

"The house will cordially approve of any necessary expenditure designed to promote the speedy organization of a Canadian naval service in co-operation with, and in close relation to, the imperial navy, along the lines suggested by the admiralty at the last imperial conference, and in full sympathy with the view that the naval supremacy of commerce, the safety of the empire, and the peace of the world;

"The house expresses its firm conviction that whenever the need arises the Canadian people will be found ready and willing to make any sacrifice that is required to give to the imperial authorities the most loyal and hearty co-operation in every movement for the maintenance of the integrity and the honor of the empire."

Premier's Patriotic Statement.

Sir Wilfrid wisely declined to be carried away from what has been the settled policy and deliberate course laid

self-government, and must not conflict with the autonomy which Canada now enjoys.

What Canada Has Done.

Sir Wilfrid combatted the idea that Canada had been derelict in her duty with regard to preparations for defence. He showed that the militia expenditures had risen from two and a half millions in 1902 to six and a half millions in 1908. That the garrisons of Halifax and Esquimaux had been taken over from the Imperial authorities and the British taxpayer relieved to that extent. A permanent force had been organized, and instruction camps organized. Arms and ammunition had been provided and 50,000 men had been drilled. Sir Wilfrid referred to the praise which Lord Roberts bestowed upon the Canadian forces which took part in the review at the Tercentenary.

Sir Wilfrid admitted that Canada was behind in the development of naval defences, but he said the Government would undertake this work also, and do it immediately.

No Dreadnought Wanted.

The Prime Minister deprecated taking any such spasmodic action as the giving of a "Dreadnought." His idea of assisting in Imperial defence was to consult with the British naval authorities, as had been done in military affairs, through the council of defence in London, and having organized a plan, carry it out in Canada with our own resources and out of our own money. This was the policy which commended itself to the Government.

Must Uphold the Empire.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier concluded, a patriotic, eloquent speech by saying that the supremacy of the British Empire is absolutely essential, not only to the Empire, but to the civilization of the world. He had no hesitation in saying that the supremacy of the British Empire on the seas must be maintained in the highest degree of efficiency it has occupied the last hundred years. "I have no hesitation," said Sir Wilfrid, "in saying that if the day should come when the supremacy of Britain on the high seas will be challenged it will be the duty of all the daughters of the nation to close around the old mother land and make a rampart about her to ward off any attack." Should it come Sir Wilfrid said he would deem it his duty to devote what would be left of his life and energy to stump the country and endeavour to impress upon his fellow-countrymen, especially his compatriots in the province of Quebec, the conviction that the salvation of England is the salvation of our own country, and therein lies the guaranty of our civil and religious freedom and everything we value in this life. These are the sentiments which animate the Government.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier gave to the debate a lofty, statesmanlike tone, and the spirit of true patriotism, calm and deliberate, made a deep impression upon the House the result was that the resolution as amended by the Premier met with the unanimous approval of Parliament.

Grand Trunk Pacific Loan.

The other item of supreme importance to Canada was the resolution offered by Hon. Mr. Fielding, providing for a loan of \$10,000,000 to the Grand Trunk Pacific to assist the company in meeting the unexpectedly large increase in the cost of the prairie section of the road.

It will be recalled that such an operation is not new in Canadian political history. In 1884 the Canadian Pacific Railway was constrained to apply to Parliament for assistance to the extent of \$30,000,000. This loan was granted and faithfully repaid by the company.

Who it is Wanted

CASTO

The Kind You Have Always Bought in use for over 30 years, has been

Charles H. Fletcher and has been personally supervised. Allow no one All Counterfeits, Imitations and Experiments that trifle with and deceive Infants and Children—Experience

What is CASTO

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Glyceric, Drops and Soothing Syrups contains neither Opium, Morphine nor any substance. Its age is its guarantee and allays Feverishness. It cures Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and Flatulency. It assimilates the Stomach and Bowels, giving health to the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTO

Bears the Signature

Charles H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET

In 1903 there were under cultivation in the three provinces 4,576,200 acres, and in 1908 nearly 10,000,000 of acres. These evidences of expansion since 1903 were quoted to prove how much greater the necessity for the railway exists in 1909 than in 1903, although in 1903 it was held that the transportation facilities were totally inadequate to deal with western business.

Crops Not Marketed.

Mr. Pardee argued that a large percentage of the crops of last year remained in the country, and in support of this quoted the following:

Wheat, 17,391,000 bush, or 18.93 of crop.

Oats, 44,425,016 bush, or 45.98 of crop.

Barley, 7,722,000 bush, or 33.68 of crop.

Great Undeveloped Resources.

Mr. Pardee alluded to the undeveloped natural resources of Northern Quebec and Northern Ontario, through which the railroad would pass, and predicted a bright future for those sections. Quoting from the proceedings in Parliament in 1884, when the Conservative party granted a \$30,000,000 loan to the Canada Pacific. Mr. Pardee proved that the present case was on all fours with that of 1884, and urged the acceptance of the resolution as a national duty and national necessity.

Mr. Martin, of Regina, advocated the granting of the loan, and challenged any Conservative from the West to say that he was opposed to the granting of this loan. He strongly advocated giving assistance to the company.

Make your sour stomach—or maybe you call it Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Gastritis or Catarrh of Stomach; it doesn't matter—take your stomach trouble right with you to your Pharmacist and ask him to open a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapensin and let you eat one 22-grain Triangle and see if within five minutes there is left any trace of your stomach misery.

The correct name for your trouble is Food Fermentation—foodsouring; the Digestive organs become weak; there is lack of gastric juice; your food is only half digested, and you become affected with loss of appetite, pressure and fullness after eating, vomiting, nausea, heartburn, gripping in bowels, tenderness in the pit of stomach, bad taste in mouth, constipation, pain in limbs, sleeplessness, belching of gas, biliousness, sick headache, nervousness, dizziness and many other similar symptoms.

If your appetite is fickle, and nothing tempts you, or you belch gas or if you feel bloated after eating, or your food lies like a lump of lead on your stomach, you can make up your mind that at the bottom of all this there is but one cause—fermentation of undigested food.

Prove to yourself, after your next meal, that your stomach is as good as any; that there is nothing wrong. Stop this fermentation and begin eating what you want without fear of discomfort or misery.

Almost instant relief is waiting for you. It is merely a matter of how soon you take a little Diapensin.

Qualified.

"I'm sure my daughter is going to make a great singer some day."

"Is that so?"

"Yes; she's always quarrelling with her mother, who tells me it is absolutely impossible to manage her."

Paid Her Back.

Mae—So you are engaged to George! I refused him three times. Ethel—That must have been what he meant when he told me that he had had several narrow escapes.

...that is given to the Imperial authorities the most loyal and hearty co-operation in every movement for the maintenance of the integrity and the honor of the empire."

Premier's Patriotic Statement.

Sir Wilfrid wisely declined to be carried away from what has been the settled policy and deliberate course laid down by the government. He was not attracted by the spectacular possibilities of the occasion. Said Sir Wilfrid—

"It has been, it is, it shall be our unalterable determination to meet and to carry out every duty which is implied by the title of 'British subject.' Nay, more, not only will Canada fulfil every obligation which is implied by that title, but I think I can say we will rise to every sacrifice that may be needed in order to maintain unimpaired the rank and status which is occupied by Canada in the British empire, and the rank and status which is maintained by the British empire throughout the world."

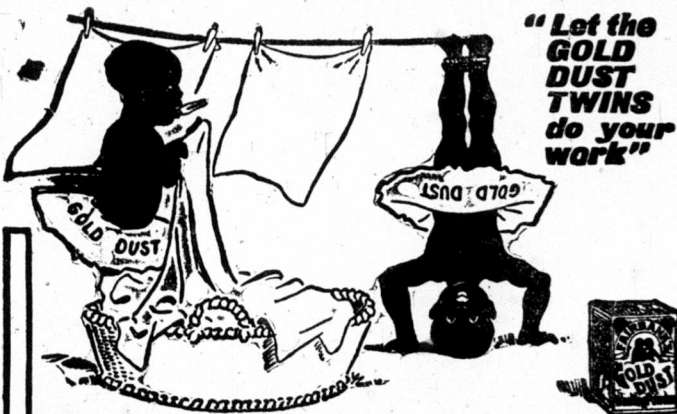
Adhere to Stated Policy.

The Premier made it clear to the House that the policy adopted at the Imperial Conference in 1902, which contemplated an expenditure for naval defence, as there had already been an expenditure for military defence, should not be departed from, but this must be done consistent with the principle of

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



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Gold Dust Stands Alone

in the washing powder field—it has no substitute. You must either use

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Buy GOLD DUST and you buy the best.

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USES FOR
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Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oil cloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q.—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

...will be recalled that such a operation is not new in Canadian political history. In 1884 the Canadian Pacific Railway was constrained to apply to Parliament for assistance to the extent of \$30,000,000. This loan was granted and faithfully repaid by the company.

Why it is Wanted.

Mr. Fielding reviewed the reasons which had made it necessary for the company to appeal to the Government. When providing for the money to construct the prairie section it was thought that the cost would not exceed \$23,482 per mile, but in consequence of increasing the distance of the prairie section one hundred and thirty miles farther west than was contemplated the high standard of construction made necessary by the terms of the agreement, increased cost of labor, rails and all other material, it is found that an additional \$10,000,000 will be necessary.

The present unfavorable condition of the money market would result in the bonds being sold at a discount, the Government will therefore take them at par and hold them in the meantime, receiving 4 per cent interest on the money.

Operation is Safe One.

Mr. Fielding said that he had the greatest confidence in lending the credit of the Government to this undertaking. The risk is small, and in the interests of the National Transcontinental Railway, the interests of the credit of Canada that the Government should show their faith in the enterprise and lend the money, thus preventing the bonds being thrown on the market at a sacrifice.

The Government not only takes a mortgage on the road to secure the bonds, but has the additional guarantee of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada.

Is a National Undertaking.

Mr. F. F. Pardee spoke in favor of the loan, giving as justification the fact that the country in 1904 had explicitly authorized the building of the road, and that such authorization was unaccompanied by any reservation as to cost. That in 1908 the people had endorsed the action of the Government, and again confirmed the views held in 1904, that the road should be completed as rapidly as possible.

Growth of the West.

Mr. Pardee declared that as the road was projected in 1904, in consequence of the congested condition of traffic, there was a still greater necessity today, because of the astounding increase in the development of the West. In support of his contention he submitted the following reasons:—

Since 1902-3 the Department of the Interior alone had expended \$6,823,744 in immigration. This had resulted in a great influx of people.

Nearly 200,000 homesteads had been granted since 1902-3.

The population of Canada had increased over 1,000,000 since 1903.

The total trade of Canada was greater by \$178,000,000 than in 1903.

The receipts from Dominion lands are nearly \$500,000 more than in 1903.

The receipts from the sale of school lands are \$500,000 larger than in 1903.

The Hudson Bay Company have sold nearly 1,000,000 acres of land for the sum of \$6,500,000 since 1903.

Canadian railways have sold nearly 10,000,000 acres of land for the sum of \$45,000,000 since 1903.

These are some of the evidences of growth since the time the Grand Trunk Pacific was decided upon.

More Grain to Carry.

The provinces of Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan produced in 1903 crops of wheat, oats, and barley amounted to 211,497,000 bushels, an increase of 97,221,098 bushels.

and urged the acceptance of the resolution as a national duty and national necessity.

Mr. Martin, of Regina, advocated the granting of the loan, and challenged any Conservative from the West to say that he was opposed to the granting of this loan. He strongly advocated giving assistance to the company, upon the ground that it meant increased railway transportation facilities. It means reduction of freight rates, because of the competition, and because the completion of the road meant the successful termination of a great national undertaking tending to promote national development, national expansion, and national solidarity.

Voices from the West.

Mr. Martin is a new member from the West, and he displayed an intimate knowledge of Western conditions and necessities, and make his views known to the House in convincing terms.

Mr. Turfiff, of East Assinboia, expressed himself as strongly in favor of giving the loan, so that the company might build with all expedition. He said he represented men who lived thirty and forty miles from a railway, and they were looking forward to the building of Transcontinental Railway, which would run through a country yielding largely of farm produce.

Government Morally Bound.

The Government is bound to carry out this great project and if the company requires a little temporary assistance covering the period when bonds will not sell readily, the Government acts wisely in lending the money, helping along a great national undertaking and preserving the credit of the Dominion.

Solving Political Problem.

The Government has placed itself upon record during the last week upon two questions of the greatest importance, and there is every reason to be-

RANA RUST INTO HI



USING Zam
insuring of blood-poisonation. As a scratch burn, a bruise and then don disease germs up festering, stimulates th in this way quickly; also You have ei poisoning, and combines the

Mr. Alf. Hy. Orth, of Shipley (Ont.), says:—the misfortune to run a rusty wire nail under about one and a half inches. The pain was terrible, the nail, being so dirty and rusty, would set up I knew, from previous experience, how good I wound, melted a little of the balm, and ran it in wonderful. It soothed the pain, and the thumb kept away all inflammation. I was able to go on in a few days the thumb was as good as ever."

Zam-Buk cures cuts, burns, bruises, sprains, blood-poisoning, eczema, varicose ulcers, prairie leg, diseased ankles, and all other skin diseases the parts affected, it cures neuralgia, rheumatism. Stores sell at 50c. box, three for \$1.25, or post free fro

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d has been made under his per-
supervision since its infancy.
low no one to deceive you in this.
ons and "Just-as-good" are but
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substitute for Castor Oil, Pare-
ng Syrups. It is Pleasant. It
Morphine nor other Narcotic
guarantee. It destroys Worms
It cures Diarrhoea and Wind
ng Troubles, cures Constipation
milates the Food, regulates the
ving healthy and natural sleep.
-The Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA ALWAYS

he Signature of

Wm. L. Fletcher

I have Always Bought
Over 30 Years.

77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

lieve the people will endorse the action
of the Government in each case.

Canada is willing to continue in the
work of defence, thus assisting the Im-
perial Government in time of war, but
this must be done consistent with the
terms of the British North America
Act, and in a manner which preserves
the terms of the constitution in their
original integrity.

Canada has already relieved the
British tax-payer of the expense of
maintaining the docks at Esquimalt
and Halifax and Sir Wilfrid intends
to organize a system of naval defence
in a manner which will take the great-
est advantage from the latest devices
known to the British Admiralty.

Must Think of Future.

The Grand Trunk Pacific loan is
proper and reasonable. This is a na-
tional undertaking and the Government
and country are pledged to it. The
North West has developed to nearly
double the size it was in 1903 in point
of land occupation and crop product.
In the days before the Grand Trunk
Pacific was commenced traffic was so
great that it was found impossible to
move the crops, how much greater is
the necessity to-day, with over 6,000,-
000 acres of land in the hands of pri-
vate individuals than there was when
the road was contemplated.

The Government of the day is solv-
ing the problems of the people as they
arise, but is not carried away by
frenzy or excitement. A plain,
straightforward business sense ac-
tuates the Government, and time will
prove the wisdom of the administrat-
ion with regard to the two great ques-

THE SICK OF THE SAVAGES.

Their Sufferings Increased by Diabol-
ism of Witch Doctors.

The sufferings of savage races, who
know less than nothing about medi-
cine and surgery, are almost incred-
ible; and their torture is increased
still further by the diabolical tricks
of the witch doctors, devil dancers,
and other native "practitioners." It
is estimated that there are not more
than 350 to 400 white doctors among
a thousand millions of savages.

In Africa sickness and disease are
supposed to be due to witchcraft, and
the moment a man or a woman falls
ill, a witch doctor, strangely clad and
savagely masked, is called in to find
out who has cast a spell upon the
sick person. Forthwith, aided by his
disciples, the "doctor" dances solemn-
ly down the brambly street of wattle
and dash huts to the sound of tom-
toms and brazen gongs.

An innocent victim is decided upon
as the culprit who has wrought the
evil by magic on the sick man, and
he at once is condemned by the witch
doctor and relatives alike, nothing
but his death, and that in the most
dreadful manner, being considered an
efficacious remedy. Sometimes the
doctor proves his "diagnosis" by
commanding the victim to dip his
hands into a great pot of boiling wa-
ter. If they come out unharmed, he
is innocent; so, manifestly, the poor
creature has not much chance of get-
ting off. In some cases the victim of
this native doctor is tied to a stake
and devoured alive by ferocious ants;
or the physician may ask the scape-
goat to drink a test draft of deadly
poison, and when the unfortunate
creature is laid out dead, the witch
doctor points out the infallibility of
his researches, and pockets his fee.

Perhaps it is incorrect to say
"pockets his fee," because he has no
pockets at all, and exceedingly little
in the way of garments of any kind
on him, and then his fee might con-
sist of a whole ox or a few coils of
solid brass wire.

Dr. Summers, the first student of
the International Medical Society,
who died in Luluaburg, Central Af-
rica, in 1888, came across two extra-
ordinary cases of children having
been treated by their mothers. The
unhappy little ones had been cut and
scored from head to foot with sharp
instruments, and were dead.

In North Africa the red hot iron is
used freely as a drastic implement of
surgery; and in one case an Ameri-
can doctor saw a hole burned in a
man's foot to let his disease out into
the all receptive earth. Bronchitis
and pneumonia were treated with
cubes of sulphur, which were placed
over the chest of the unfortunate pa-
tient and then set on fire.

Royalty Not Exempt.

The German Emperor is threatened
with bankruptcy. Things have reached
such a pass that he has offered to
sell the castle and estate of Erd-
mannsdorf, in Silesia, for \$450,000.
Four other imperial castles are also
to be put on the market. One of the
Emperor's weaknesses is to be the
owner of a large number of palaces,
and in this direction he probably
holds the record. He owns at least
50 of varying size and splendor.

The other day the Shah of Persia
was pawning his jewels, and just a
little earlier Abdul Aziz, ex-Sultan of
Morocco, was frantically trying to
pawn his jewels in Paris. They in-
cluded several diamonds as large as
hazel nuts, emeralds, rubies and sev-
eral pearl necklaces. They cost the
Sultan \$2,000,000, but all he could
raise on them was a paltry \$300,000.

King Leopold is still hampered by
the debts he contracted in his young
days, and it is said that it will take
years to free his majesty finally from
this incubus. The most drastic econo-
mies have been brought about in the
royal palaces.

King Peter of Serbia, too, is worried
about money, and he can hardly ask
for help from his Government, for
they, in their turn, are half crazy
over the debts that Alexander left

THE SPEEDING BULLET.

It Waves the Air as a Moving Ship
Does the Water.

Marked changes occur in a bullet
fired from a gun after it has been acted
upon by the force of the explosion in
the barrel. Its surface has become
clean, bright and highly polished by
the removal of the superficial layers
of the sheath, and its temperature has
been raised both by the friction against
the barrel and by the enkindled gases.
Because of this rise in temperature it
is thoroughly sterilized and totally de-
stitute of bacteria. Standing behind a
twelve inch gun one can easily follow
the flight of the projectile with the
naked eye.

Under favorable circumstances and
with the aid of a telescope it is possi-
ble to catch a glimpse of even the
small bore bullet as it flashes through
the air. Photographs, or, rather, shad-
owgraphs, of the .311 inch bullet
traveling with a speed of over 2,000
feet a second show the cap of con-
densed gas, about one-tenth of an inch
thick, which clothes the nose of a pro-
jectile when it is in rapid motion
through a gaseous medium.

Minute rotating spherules of gas
showing motion remain behind and
map out the path of the bullet. These
lines and eddies recall forcibly the
bow and stern waves made by a ship
in motion and the numerous little
whirlpools that may be seen in its
wake.

RESCUE WORK AT SEA.

Quick Time in Launching and Man-
ning the Big Lifeboats.

Aboard an ocean liner the other day
several officers were talking about the
length of time required to launch and
man one of the large lifeboats that
swing from davits sixty feet above the
sea. It was agreed that a boat can be
lowered with its crew and get away
from the ship in two minutes in any-
thing like decent weather.

An instance was related where a
man had fallen from the liner while
she was speeding 14 knots. The alarm
was sounded, a boat lowered and the
swimmer rescued after a considerable
row back over the course to where he
was floundering about. The crew had
the rescued individual back to the ship
with the boat in its chocks in just sev-
enteen minutes, which is regarded a
most creditable performance. There
was no ice on the rope falls to hamper
the work and everything worked
smoothly or the boat would have been
much longer on its mission.

A steamship of 10,000 tons when go-
ing at full speed has momentum suf-
ficient to carry her at least two miles
after the engines are stopped, provid-
ing the sea is fairly quiet. Crews of
lifeboats frequently have hard work
cut out for them while going to a re-
scue before the headway of their vessel
has been stopped.

The True American Virtue.

The thing whereby America really
towers over the old country is the
thing which Jefferson reared and
Washington defended. The solid good
of America is that when all is said
and done she is a republic, a public
thing and a people representing itself.
There are men rich enough and strong
enough, almost, to starve America, but
there are no men strong enough to
silence America. No oligarchy acts as
an entirely false interpreter between
Americans and the world. America
and the Americans may be right or
wrong. But England may actually be
wrong while Englishmen are right.
We have said, then, that the true Amer-
ican virtue is this candid and complete
democracy, the fact that the truth



The Pursuit of Happiness and Comfort

compels everyone when suffering with
headache, etc., etc., to consult a good
honest competent Optician or Oculist.
Oculists charges you we do not and promise
to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

Most Expert Testing Free.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded
everytime, bear in mind.

F. CHINNECK, Jeweller

Near Royal Hotel.

GAS!

You know there's nothing like Gas
Light to make your home or store
look cheery. But do you know Gas
is the cheapest of lights. It lights,
warms, and ventilates. You can
have a good white light of 50 candle
power sufficient for most rooms at a
cost of half a cent per hour.

Gas for Light, 15½c.

Per 100 Cubic Feet.

Gas for Fuel, 13c.

Per 100 Cubic Feet.

A light will consume from 2 to 3
cubic feet per hour.

A gas range from 10 to 12 cubic
feet per hour.

A water heater from 10 to 12 cubic
feet per hour.

Gas Log from 10 to 15 cubic feet
per hour.

The Napanee Gas Co.

3551

C Anthracite
O Steam
A Smithing
L and
Cannel

—ALSO—

DRY SLABS AND HARDWOOD
FOR SALE.

...the Government of the day is solving the problems of the people as they arise, but is not carried away by frenzy or excitement. A plain, straightforward business sense actuates the Government, and time will prove the wisdom of the administration with regard to the two great questions of the week, Imperial defence of the Empire and assistance to the National Transcontinental Railway.

A SOLAR ECLIPSE.

How It Can Happen, Considering the Size of the Moon.

It has been asked how a total eclipse of the sun can possibly happen, as the moon is smaller than the sun.

A self luminous body, like the sun, scatters light in all directions, and when the rays fall upon a nonluminous body they are intercepted from the space immediately behind it, and a shadow is thrown a certain distance in that direction. Another celestial body, deriving also its light from the sun, will upon entering the area over which this shadow is cast be deprived of its luster either wholly or in part. This is what happens to the earth in a solar eclipse. The sun and earth revolve in the same plane of the ecliptic, and the moon, being but slightly inclined to that plane, interposes between them once in every revolution, so that it happens that they are sometimes all three in the same line. When this occurs a portion of the moon's opaque sphere is seen projected upon the sun's face, intercepting its light, proportionate with the magnitude of the eclipse, which depends upon the distances separating the centers of the sun and moon at the middle of the phenomenon. Only in cases where these centers precisely correspond can there be a total obscuration.

USTY NAIL O HIS FINGER

USING Zam-Buk on a cut or scratch is insuring yourself against the danger of blood-poisoning, festering, or inflammation. As soon as you sustain an injury—a scratch from barbed wire, a cut, a burn, a bruise—put on a little Zam-Buk, and then don't worry! Zam-Buk kills the disease germs, which, entering wounds, set up festering, etc. Not only so, but Zam-Buk stimulates the cells to rapid action, and in this way builds up healthy skin very quickly; also, it eases pain and smarting. You have ease, insurance against blood-poisoning, and rapid healing—only Zam-Buk combines the three! Try it!

(Ont.), says:—"While at work recently I had a nail under my thumb nail, to the depth of a pain was terrible, and what I feared was that I would set up festering and blood-poisoning. I used Zam-Buk, and I cleaned the nail, and ran it into the wound. The result was that the thumb actually did not swell. Zam-Buk was able to go on with my work all the time, and good as ever."

ises, sprains, bites, festering sores, ulcers, scalds, ulcers, prairie itch, ringworm, scalp-sores, bad skin diseases and injuries. Rubbed well into rheumatism, and sciatica. All Druggists and, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price.

n-Buk

years to free his majesty finally from this incubus. The most drastic economies have been brought about in the royal palaces.

King Peter of Servia, too, is worried about money, and he can hardly ask for help from his Government, for they, in their turn, are half crazy over the debts that Alexander left behind him. One creditor alone is claiming \$500,000.

The democratic spirit of Switzerland was proved when the Swiss court sentenced Princess Alexandra of Buedingen to three weeks' imprisonment, because she did not appear in bankruptcy proceedings brought against her.

Another royal bankrupt is a nephew of Queen Emma of the Netherlands. Others are the Archduchess Clotilde of Austria, Duke Paul of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and his son, Duke Heinrich, the first of whom is a frisky old dame of 60.

A Great Scheme.

Herbert Heavey, weighing 285 pounds, decided to reduce electrically. He wrapped a coil of copper wire round his waist, connected it with the telephone apparatus and, sure enough, began at once to grow lighter at the rate of several pounds a minute.

"This is a grand scheme," chuckled Heavey, pulling out the waistband of his trousers, which was already a foot too big for his waist.

Then suddenly the telephone bell rang.

"Is that Herbert Heavey?" a gruff voice asked.

"Yes," was the reply.

"Well, this is the exchange," snapped the voice. "Will you please stop frying scrapple with the telephone wires? Our office is all full of nasty fat."—Exchange.

Winter.

In winter nature ceases from her labors and prepares for the great change. The wind sweeps through the great forest with a sound like the blast of a trumpet. The dry leaves whirl in eddies through the air. A fretwork of hoary frost covers the plain. The stagnant water in the pools and ditches is frozen into fantastic figures. In the low hanging clouds the sharp air, like a busy shuttle, weaves her shroud of snow. There is a melancholy and continual roar in the tops of the tall pines like the roar of a cataract. It is the funeral anthem of the dying year.—Longfellow.

Bloozes and Blouses.

"Where will I find the bloozes?" asked the woman who had just returned from London.

"De bloozes!" exclaimed the elevator man, staring pop-eyed and vague. "De bloozes—w-y, dey mus' be on de 'second me, madam, you'd better ask de floor-walker."

"Certainly, madam; second floor. James, take the lady to the second floor—bloozes—lawngery waists, y' know."

When a Woman Goes to Bed Mad.

When a man comes home at night his wife pours forth a recital in a mill stream of all that has happened all day. Then she gets a hook, puts on her bait and begins to fish to find out what he has done all day, and she never catches a thing. Then she goes off to bed mad because she told so much.

Might Be Worse.

The fashion a man has of keeping his hands in his pockets is perhaps not elegant, but it is not morally culpable, as is the practice of putting his hands in the pockets of some one else.—London Judy.

If I take care of my character my reputation will take care of itself.—Moody.

an entirely false interpretation between Americans and the world. America and the Americans may be right or wrong. But England may actually be wrong while Englishmen are right. We have said, then, that the true American virtue is this candid and complete democracy, the fact that the truth may be told even if it is not believed.—Hampton's Magazine.


Wise to Their Habits.

"Excuse me, ma'am," said the book canvasser to the lady who had opened the door in answer to his ring, "but if you have a few moments to spare I'd like to show you the great work on the 'Habits of Savage Animals.'"

"No use wasting your time, young man," replied the female. "I've been married three times and know all about their habits."

The Word "Person."

General Benjamin F. Butler, it is said, once asserted that a woman was not a "person," and a London suffragette insists that the word "person" in its legal sense includes woman. The word has had an interesting history. Signifying by etymology something to make a sound through, the Latin "persona" began by meaning an actor's mask with its mouthpiece. Then it meant the character represented by the player—"dramatis personae." Then it came to mean the part or character one sustains in real life, and so the "persona ecclesiae," the man who represented the church, became known as a "person" in a special sense and was eventually spelled as "parson." On the other hand, "person" faded away to mean just anybody. And so, though a woman naturally resents being referred to as a "person" in ordinary talk, many women no less naturally desire to count as "persons" in the eye of the franchise law.



Established 1879

**Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis
Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria**


Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy to cure disease of the breathing organs than to take the remedy into the stomach?

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Those of a consumptive tendency find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

Sold by druggists.
Send postal for booklet.
LEPMING, MILES CO.,
Limited, Agents, Montreal, Canada. 307



POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mr. E. R. McBRIDE, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—Mrs. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.

Mfgs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste! A. A. A., etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.

L Cannel

—ALSO—

**DRY SLABS AND HARDWOOD
FOR SALE.**

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-11

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H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A.

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Barristers Etc.

MONEY TO LOAN

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Napanee every Wednesday.

W. G. WILSON,

BARRISTER,

Solicitor, Notary, Public Conveyancer, Etc.
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.

OFFICE—North Side Dundas Street,
Napanee, Ont.



**DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.**

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if my friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

The Oldest Universities.

The earliest date which any university puts forth is that which Cambridge makes that it was founded about 635. Its continuous history dates, however, from 1100. Paris was founded in 792 and renovated in 1200. Oxford dates back to an academy mentioned as ancient in 892; the schools were founded by King Alfred about 879, and King Henry III. granted the charter in 1248. Bologna dates from 1116. Salamanca was founded in 1239.—Argonaut.



A GRAND KIDNEY MEDICINE

"Fruit-a-tives" Cured Him When
Everything Else Failed.

Ulverton, Que., March 17th, 1908.
I wish to place on record, for the sake of others who may be suffering in the same way that I suffered, that no medicine I ever took did me so much real good as "Fruit-a-tives" did. I suffered for many years with Kidney Trouble, with bad pain in the back.

I took every known kidney remedy and kidney pill, but nothing gave me any relief, and I was getting discouraged.

I was advised to try "Fruit-a-tives" and did so—and this medicine cured me when everything else failed.



I used altogether fifteen boxes of "Fruit-a-tives," and from the outset they gave me relief and I am now practically well again; no pain, no distress, and all symptoms of kidney disease have entirely left me. I am very thankful to be once more well, and I freely make this statement for the sake of others who may suffer as I did. To them, I say try "Fruit-a-tives," as they are a grand kidney medicine.

CLARENCE J. PLACEY.
50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial size 25c.
At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

A Ready Example.

Sapleigh—Queer fellows, these poets There's the one, for instance, who speaks on "an aching void." Now how can there be an aching void? Miss Hunt—Have you never had a headache, Mr. Sapleigh?

Valueless.

Fluffy Young Thing—Fd like to prepay the express on this package. Express Company's Agent—What's the value? Fluffy Young Thing—Nothing sir. It's a bundle of letters. I'm sending them back to him.—Chicago Tribune.

Too Much Hustle.

Muggins—So Bjoness is dead, eh? Say, he was a hustler; he never let the grass grow under his feet. Buggins—No; perhaps if he had it wouldn't be growing over his head now.

A given force applied for a given time upon a given point is bound to win.—Napoleon.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 30 Taking effect Oct 19th, 1906.
Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.
Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.

SPOTTING CRIMINALS

Plans of London Shops and Banks
For Foiling Thieves.

A CODE OF SECRET SIGNALS.

The Moment a Suspect Is Discovered
In an Establishment the Warning Is
Quickly Given to the Employees, Who
Are Instantly on the Alert.

"Do you know if Brown has returned that parcel of stones yet?"

The scene may be the shop of a fashionable west end jeweler. Costly gems glint in velvet lined cases. One frock coated shopman turns casually to another with the perfectly natural question quoted above.

To those customers who may be in the establishment the remark means nothing, but to the man who is addressed it spells volumes. "Brown" is a secret code word, and it means that the elegantly clad woman to whom the speaker is displaying a tray of sparkling stones is suspected by him of being a thief and that her every action must be watched.

Quite recently in connection with a terrible outrage in the west end of London, in which an unfortunate money changer was done to death in his office by a desperate robber, the fact was disclosed that in the case of a sudden attack it had been arranged that one of the assistants should employ the "distress signal" of hurling a brass paperweight through the window of the office.

Although most people are quite unaware of the fact, practically every banker, money changer and jeweler in the fashionable quarter of the metropolis has some prearranged code by which one employee may warn his fellows that a dubious character has entered the establishment.

In one well known bank this is the system adopted: Should a cashier's suspicions be aroused by the actions or speech of a man upon the other side of the counter he will step across in a perfectly innocent way to a certain desk which stands quite apart from the others. The custodian at the doorway sees the action, knows its significance and is instantly on the alert.

In the case of another bank the cashier whose suspicions are aroused need not even move away from his desk to warn the watcher. The scheme employed is this: Along the guarding rail of the counter are a series of plates bearing the word "Prayer" or "Receiver," according to the duties of the cashier in each particular section.

These, by design, are all placed slightly askew. Should one of the officials behind the desks suspect the good faith of an individual to whom he is attending all he has to do in order to place the patrol in uniform upon the qui vive is to reach up a leisurely hand and turn one of these plates so that it is in a perfectly straight line with the rail from which it projects.

The ingenuity of this idea lies in the fact that, while the action is perfectly natural, it is so unmistakable that even when the bank is full of people it cannot fail to be observed by the man

Facts For Sick Women

We know of no other medicine which has been so successful in relieving the suffering of women, or secured so many genuine testimonials, as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

In almost every community you will find women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Almost every woman you meet has either been benefited by it, or knows some one who has.

In the Pinkham Laboratory at Lynn, Mass., are files containing over one million one hundred thousand letters from women seeking health, in which many openly state over their own signatures that they have regained their health by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved many women from surgical operations.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is made exclusively from roots and herbs, and is perfectly harmless.

The reason why it is so successful is because it contains ingredients which act directly upon the female organism, restoring it to healthy and normal activity.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials such as the following prove the efficiency of this simple remedy.

Belleriver, Que.—"Without Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I would not be alive. For five months I had painful and irregular periods and inflammation of the uterus. I suffered like a martyr and thought often of death. I consulted two doctors who could do nothing for me. I went to a hospital, and the best doctors said I must submit to an operation, because I had a tumor. I went back home much discouraged. One of my cousins advised me to take your Compound, as it had cured her. I did so and soon commenced to feel better, and my appetite came back with the first bottle. Now I feel no pain and am cured. Your remedy is deserving of praise."—Mrs. Emma Chatel, Valleyfield, Belleriver, Quebec.

Women who are suffering from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

who is upon the lookout.

Quite the most elaborate system of which details are obtainable is that installed by a firm of electrical engineers for one prominent west end jeweler. The manager who is on duty sits at a glass screened desk in the rear of the shop in such a position that, while scarcely being seen himself and certainly without making any movement, he has an absolutely unimpeded view of every counter and show case.

Near him, on a small board, shielded from view, is a row of tiny red electric light bulbs. One corresponds to the position of each of the suave assistants who attends to the wants of the jewel buying public. Sunk in the floor, near the foot of each assistant, is a button, and his duty is done when, should he think a customer he is serving may not be "on the square," he places his foot on this convenient button. The little glow lamp lights up at the other end of the wire, and the

The history of Japan was everywhere made a means of strengthening the pupils' patriotism and their belief in Japan's invincibility. Particular stress was laid upon the country's successful wars, the heroes of them were extolled, and the children were taught that none of Japan's military enterprises had failed.—McClure's Magazine.

VEST'S CAMPAIGN SPEECH.

Why a Small Boy Persisted in Hearing It Every Day.

"Senator Vest was making a buggy campaign in southeast Missouri some years ago," said a Missouri official. "His driver was a small boy, who was duly impressed with the importance of his distinguished passenger.

"At each town visited by Vest the boy hurried his team to a convenient livery barn and then raced for the

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Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE
Eastern Standard Time. No. 30 Taking effect Oct 19th. 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.					Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.				
Stations	Miles	No. 12	No. 40	No. 4	Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 41	No. 3
Lve Bannockburn	0	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Lve Deseronto	0	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Albion	5	...	...	1:40	Arr Napanee	9	7:00	...	...
Queensboro	14	...	...	2:25	Lve Napanee	9	7:00	12:10	4:25
Bridgewater	14	...	...	2:25	Strathcona	15	8:05	12:25	4:40
Arr Tweed	20	...	...	2:45	Newburgh	17	9:15	12:35	4:50
Lve Tweed	6:15	...	...	3:05	Thompson's Mills	18	...	...	...
Steele	21	7:05	...	3:15	Camden East	19	8:30	12:45	5:00
Larkins	21	7:20	...	3:30	Arr York	23	9:45	1:00	5:15
Marshall	32	7:40	...	3:45	Lve York	23	9:00	1:05	5:35
Steele	37	8:15	...	3:55	Galbraith	35	...	...	...
Tamworth	49	8:50	9:20	4:10	Moscow	37	9:20	1:17	5:45
Wilson	41	...	...	...	Mudlake Bridge	33	...	...	...
Keterprise	46	8:25	2:12	4:35	Enterprise	34	9:35	1:31	6:01
Mudlake Bridge	48	...	...	...	Wilson	34	...	...	...
Galbraith	53	...	2:32	4:47	Tamworth	38	10:00	1:50	6:25
Arr York	55	8:45	3:05	5:00	Erinsville	41	10:10	...	6:30
Lve York	55	...	3:07	5:25	Marlbank	45	10:25	...	6:45
Camden East	58	...	3:20	5:38	Larkins	51	10:45	...	7:05
Thompson's Mills	61	...	3:30	5:45	Arr Tweed	58	11:15	...	7:20
Strathcona	62	...	3:43	5:58	Lve Tweed	58	11:31	...	7:35
Napanee	69	...	3:51	6:15	Bridgewater	64	11:50	...	...
Lve Napanee	69	...	...	6:35	Queensboro	70	12:05	...	...
Deseronto	78	...	...	6:55	Albion	73	12:20	...	...
					Arr Bannockburn	78	12:40	...	...

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.					Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.				
Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 4	No. 5	Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
Lve Kingston	0	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	Lve Deseronto	0	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
G. T. R. Junction	2	...	...	4:10	Arr Napanee	9	7:20	...	...
Glennville	10	...	...	4:29	Lve Napanee	9	7:20	12:10	4:25
Murvale	14	...	...	4:50	Strathcona	15	8:05	12:25	4:40
Arr Harrow	19	...	...	4:55	Newburgh	17	9:15	12:35	4:50
Lve Harrow	31	8:10	...	...	Thompson's Mills	18	...	...	...
Sydenham	19	8:25	...	...	Camden East	19	8:30	12:45	5:00
Proton	23	...	...	...	Arr York	23	9:45	1:00	5:15
Arr York	36	9:15	...	5:20	Lve York	23	9:00	1:05	5:35
Lve York	36	9:15	...	5:20	Galbraith	35	...	...	...
Camden East	38	9:24	3:20	5:28	Moscow	37	9:20	1:17	5:45
Thompson's Mills	41	...	...	...	Mudlake Bridge	33	...	...	...
Newburgh	38	9:33	3:30	5:48	Enterprise	34	9:35	1:31	6:01
Strathcona	34	9:33	3:41	5:58	Wilson	34	...	...	...
Napanee	40	9:58	3:50	6:15	Tamworth	38	10:00	1:50	6:25
Lve Napanee	40	...	...	6:35	Erinsville	41	10:10	...	6:30
Deseronto	49	...	...	6:55	Marlbank	45	10:25	...	6:45
					Larkins	51	10:45	...	7:05

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.										
NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.					PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.					
TRAINS		STEAMERS			STEAMERS		TRAINS.			
Leave Napanee	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Picton		Leave Picton	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Napanee		
2 10 a.m.	2 30 a.m.	{	{		6 00 a.m.	7 25 a.m.	9 50 a.m.	10 10 a.m.		
7 10 "	8 10 "			7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.	9 50 a.m.	11 20 a.m.	11 30 a.m.	11 50 a.m.	
10 30 "	10 50 "			1 40 p.m.	3 00 p.m.			12 45 p.m.	1 01 p.m.	
12 05 p.m.	12 25 p.m.	{	{				3 45 p.m.	4 05 "		
1 25 "	1 45 "			5 30 p.m.	7 00 p.m.			6 10 "	6 30 "	
4 30 "	4 50 "			7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.			7 40 "	8 00 "	
6 40 "	7 10 "				4 p.m.	5 30 p.m.	12 40 a.m.	1 01 a.m.		
8 15 "	8 35 "						7 00 "	7 20 "		
							7 15 "	7 35 "		
Daily. All other trains run dall Sundays excepted.										
J. B. McKEOWN					MILES McKEOWN					

WALTER RATHBUN President. H. B. SHIRWOOD Superintendent. MILES McKEOWN, Despatcher.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

SUCCESSORS TO

Drs. Kennedy & Kergan

NERVOUS DEBILITY

Thousands of young and middle aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through EARLY INDISCRETIONS, EXCESSES AND BLOOD DISEASES. If you have any of the following symptoms consult us before it is too late. Are you nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, specks before the eyes, with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritable, palpitation of the heart, hasty, dreams and losses, irritability, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, emaciated, expression, poor memory, lifeless, distrustful, lack of energy and strength, tired mornings, restless nights, changeable moods, weak manhood, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, sore throat etc.

BLOOD POISONS

Blood Poisons are the most prevalent and most serious diseases. They sap the very life of the victim, and unless entirely eradicated from the blood of the victim, Beware of Mercury. It only suppresses the system may affect the future generation. Our NEW METHOD cures them.

OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT alone can cure you, and make a man of you. Under its influence the brain becomes active, the blood purified so that all pimples, blotches, and skin diseases disappear, the nerves become strong as steel, so that nervousness, bashfulness and despondency vanish, the eye becomes bright, and vital systems are invigorated, energy returns to the body, and the moral, physical, and vital systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no more vital waste from the system. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard earned dollars. We will cure you or no pay.

READER No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion Free of Charge. BOOKS FREE—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated) Question List for Home Treatment Sent on Request.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St. DETROIT, MICH.

ants who attends to the... jewel buying public. Sunk in the floor, near the foot of each assistant, is a button, and his duty is done when, should he think a customer he is serving may not be "on the square," he places his foot on this convenient button. The little glow lamp lights up at the other end of the wire, and the manager's attention is promptly focused in the direction indicated.

Should his keen scrutiny reveal an actual theft from the articles displayed on the counter or from some unprotected tray he himself presses a button as the thief turns to leave the shop. This serves to warn a smart attendant who is on duty at the portals, and the wrongdoer finds his or her pathway barred without a word having been uttered or sign of warning given.—London Answers.

JAPANESE CADETS.

Military School Exercises Include Hand to Hand Conflicts.

In the Japanese military school, where I saw a Spartan system of education, the exercises of the cadets with pikes, rifles and broadswords were not approached by anything of the kind that I had witnessed in Europe. It was fighting of the fiercest character.

At the end of the struggle there was a hand to hand combat, which lasted until the victors stood triumphant over the bodies of the vanquished and tore off their masks.

In these exercises, which were very severe, the cadets struck one another fiercely and with wild cries, but the moment a prearranged signal was given or the fight came to an end the combatants drew themselves up in a line, and their faces assumed an expression of wooden composure.

In all the public schools prominence was given to military exercises, and the scholars took part in them with enthusiasm. Even in their walks they practiced running, flanking and sudden, unexpected attacks.

STATISTICS IN MEDICINE

OLD REMEDIES RETAIN THEIR POPULARITY

Investigations of French Physicians Show that Large Production of Synthetic Medicines is Not Crowding Out the Old Favorites.

A late despatch from Paris says: Prof. Grimbret presented a notable paper before the Academy of Medicine on therapeutic tendencies in the last ten years. Basing his figures on medicines furnished to 219 large asylums and hospitals by the State Pharmacy, he finds that the old-fashioned medicines retain their popularity.

An expert authority on being interviewed states that the tendencies of the medical profession in Canada are along exactly the same lines. He gives the following old-fashioned vegetable mixture as the safest and best treatment for all stomach and liver troubles, constipation, disorder of the kidneys and bladder, and states that many of the leading physicians use these ingredients in some form, often by some fancy and expensive name:—

Fluid Extract Cascara..... 1/2 oz.
Syrup Rhubarb 1 oz.
Carriana Compound 1 oz.
Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla 5 oz.

Take one teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime.

This acts in a pleasant way, and is free from the bad effects of strong purgatives and synthetics.

We advise all our readers to cut this valuable formula out and use it. Any druggist can supply these ingredients at a small expense. You can mix them at home if you prefer.

THE ELEPHANT FLEET.

How It is Used by the British Government in India.

Its elephant fleet is one of the strangest and most deadly departments maintained by the British government in India. It is a large fleet of coasting steamers specially built for the transport of elephants. India's population is one-fifth that of the entire globe. All these people use elephants. They use them for draft work and for tiger hunting, and in the arenas of the native states they even pit them against one another and against wild beasts. The elephant fleet transfers the animals from Baccra, the trapping and training headquarters, to the various districts whence comes the demand.

To get an elephant aboard ship is a difficult and dangerous task. The animal must wade through the surf to a stout raft, and this unknown surf, so white and tumultuous, often terrifies and maddens him. If in his fury he slaughters a mahout or two he cannot be greatly blamed. Once on the raft, his legs are tied to pegs, and the slow sail to the ship is uneventful. But now a great band must be arranged under the elephant's belly, and a crane must hoist him up some twenty or thirty feet to the deck. Here again the elephant cannot be set down as intractable if, losing his head in that unprecedented aerial journey, he murders some more mahouts. Very prosperous, albeit stained a little with mahouts' blood, the elephant fleet for many years has plied up and down the Indian coast, embarking and disembarking its heavy, unmanageable freight.

The Flame.

Clara—That man who just passed was an old flame of mine. Kate—Indeed! What happened between you? Clara—Oh, he flared up one day and went out.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pritchard*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

What Other Papers Say.

Guelph Mercury.

If that daylight saving bill goes into effect, the proverbial worm will have a strenuous time dodging all the early birds that will be about.

Toronto Globe.

The power behind the throne had a fitting illustration when William Mackenzie listened while his two million acres of pulpwood were safely landed.

Hamilton Spectator.

Insurance companies talk of trying to prolong the lives of policyholders by free medical examination and attendance. The octopus won't even let us die when we want to.

Hamilton Times.

Gamey is quite sure that it will be to the advantage of the province to give Mackenzie & Mann probably \$25,000,000 of pulpwood, the property of the people. Why not give them it all?

Montreal Herald.

The British government will furnish £775,000,000 towards "gratifying the land hunger of the Irish people," says Augustine Birrell. The many huge undertakings of Great Britain at the present time rather daze the imagination.

Ottawa Citizen.

Ontario legislators debated the three-fifths clause in the dark last night, the electric lights failing. Some people will be cruel enough to insinuate that the government is in the dark on this question, even when the lights are working.

Montreal Gazette.

Five conservatives in the Ontario legislature voted against the government's proposal to grant a land subsidy to the Canadian Northern railway. The railway enterprise that expects to depend on public aid would do well to get its application approved of at an early date. Public opinion is beginning to affect even its legislative representatives, and it is against railway subsidies.

COLOR WORDS.

Red Seems to Be the Favorite With Most of the Great Writers.

Upon tabulating the words used by Shakespeare referring to colors it is revealed that out of every hundred color words thirty may be classed as red. Next follow twenty-two white, twenty black, seventeen yellow, seven green and only four blue. Thus Shakespeare's favorite color word was red, and investigation will show that this is the characteristic color of nearly all great writers. For instance, it is the color word most often employed by Tennyson.

In all great works of human interest red predominates, as it is the color of the very strongest of our passions and impulses—the color of hot blood. There is no color so warm, so full of joy and life, so overflowing with vitality.

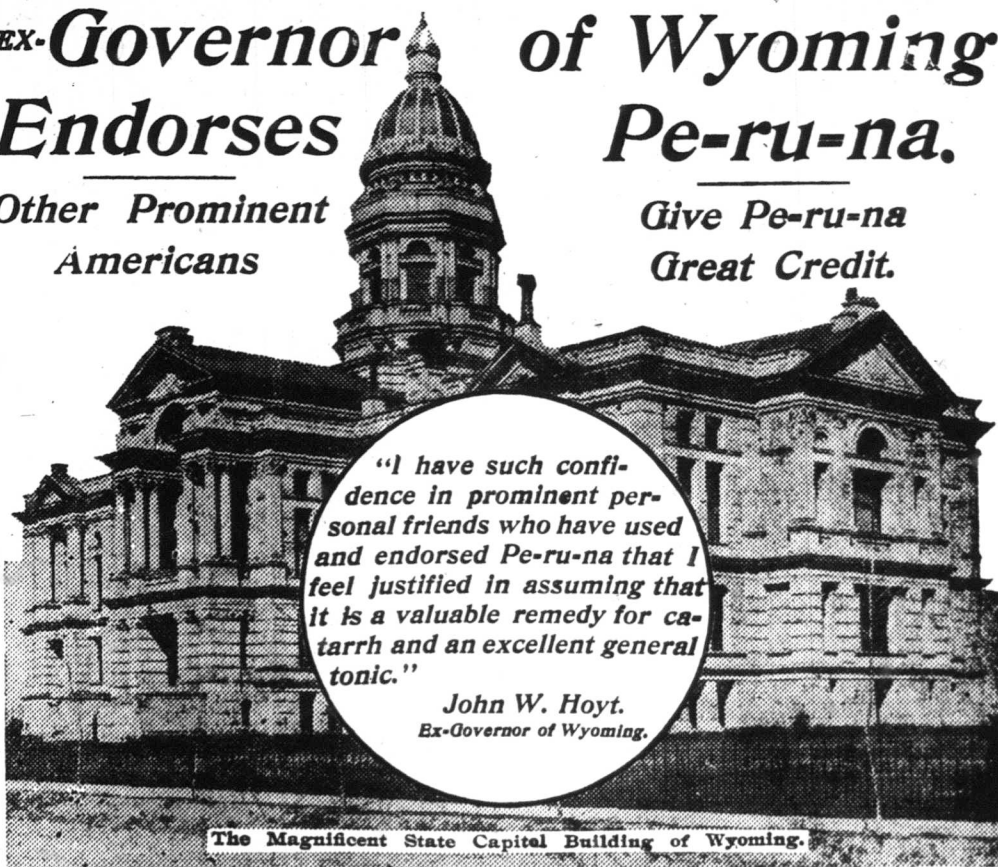
Red is the color of glowing iron—of heat and passion. In nature red hastens the growth of trees, while at the same time it quickens all rotting and decay. Plants grown under red glass will grow four times as quickly as under white light, and grow to four times their usual height.

Red in excess has an evil effect. For example, an excess of red light makes one irritable and nervous. In excess red produces homicidal mania—the de-

EX-Governor of Wyoming Endorses Pe-ru-na.

Other Prominent Americans

Give Pe-ru-na Great Credit.



"I have such confidence in prominent personal friends who have used and endorsed Pe-ru-na that I feel justified in assuming that it is a valuable remedy for catarrh and an excellent general tonic."

John W. Hoyt.
Ex-Governor of Wyoming.

The Magnificent State Capital Building of Wyoming.

LIST OF PROMINENT AMERICANS.

Gen. W. H. Parsons, Confederate Army, ex-State Senator, Texas.
Col. Bailey, of Washington, D. C., Labor Organizations and U. V. L.
Col. Patten, of Washington, D. C., Military and Masonic Orders.
Hon. R. S. Ryan, of Alaska, Ex-Member English House of Parliament.
Congressman Cale, of Alaska, well known on Pacific Slope.

Gen. W. H. Parsons.

Gen. W. H. Parsons is ex-State Senator and ex-Special Judge of the Supreme Court of Texas, also Brigadier General in Confederate Army. In a recent letter from 925 H St., N. W., Washington, D. C., this prominent gentleman says:

"Upon the recommendation of personal friends and many strong testimonials as to the efficacy of Peruna in the treatment of the numerous symptoms of the *la grippe* with which I have been afflicted for four months past, I have been induced to undergo a treatment with this justly celebrated formula. I feel a decided change for the better after using it only one week. It is especially good in *toning up the stomach* and has had a *decided effect upon my appetite*. I therefore feel much encouraged that I am on the road to complete restoration.

"My numerous friends in Texas, where I have had the honor to command a brigade of her Veteran Cavalry in a four

years' war, may accept this voluntary testimonial to the *merits of Peruna* as a sense of obligation on my part for its wonderful efficacy."

Col. Wm. Bailey.

William Bailey, 58 I St., N. E., Washington, D. C., Past Col. Enc. No. 69, Union Veteran Legion, and prominently identified with many of the great labor protective associations in Chicago and New York, and Secretary of one of the largest associations in the former city, had for nearly thirty years been afflicted with kidney troubles.

Within a short period he has been persuaded to try Peruna, and his present healthy condition is attributed to his judicious use of that great remedy. Washington climate is notoriously bad for kidney and liver troubles, yet by a judicious use of the remedy he is now quite cured and in excellent physical condition.

This brief statement of facts, without exaggeration or hyperbole, appears to tell the whole story, which the Peruna Com-

pany is authorized to use, if it so chooses, believing, as I do, that by so doing it will be for the general good.—Wm. Bailey.

Col. C. L. Patten.

Col. C. L. Patten, 509 T St., N. W., Washington, D. C., a Lieutenant in the Old Guard, an exclusive organization composed of soldiers of distinction who fought in the civil war, and a Thirty-second degree Mason, writes as follows: "I have used Peruna, and desire to recommend your remedy as an invigorating *spring tonic*; also one of the best remedies that I ever tried for coughs, colds and catarrhal complaints."

Hon. R. S. Ryan.

Hon. R. S. Ryan, now residing in Nome, Alaska, was formerly a member of the English House of Parliament, and Secretary to the late Irish patriot, Charles Stewart Parnell. His Washington address is New Willard Hotel, Washington, D. C. He writes: "I have used Peruna and can recommend your remedy as a very effective cure for colds and catarrhal complaints."

Hon. Thomas Cale.

Hon. Thomas Cale, elected to Congress from Alaska, is well known on the Pacific slope, where he has resided. His Washington address is 1312 9th St., N. W., Washington, D. C. He writes: "I can cheerfully recommend Peruna as a very efficient remedy for *coughs and colds*."

RICHMOND MINUTES.

The Council met at Selby.

The members present were, Messrs. Chas. Anderson, Reeve, and Councilors Fred Sexsmith, E. R. Sills, C. H. Spencer and Manly Jones, the Reeve presiding.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

Moved by Manly Jones, seconded by C. H. Spencer, that eight dollars be paid Luther Clark for commutation of Statute Labor by order of the pathmaster, Wilburt Winters, in section 15 for 1908. Carried.

Moved by C. H. Spencer, seconded by Manly Jones, that the County Treasurer be instructed to erase from his books the back taxes amounting to \$55.00, charged against part of lot No. 20, in the 9th concession containing 1 of an acre, assessed to Archie Lucas in the Township of Richmond, the same being an error in the assessment. Carried.

Moved and seconded that the resolution passed last year in reference to a culvert near Thomas Russell's be rescinded and that the clerk notify Mr. Thomas Russell, in accordance herewith. Carried.

Moved by Manly Jones, seconded by C. H. Spencer, that a

Chopped Off. It Retains Life For a Number of Hours.

On the counter, in a porcelain dish, stood the severed head of a large turtle.

"That is rather growsome," said a man who was buying oysters.

The oyster opener glanced at the head carelessly.

"It is a bet," said he. "I bet Gus Schmidt that the head would keep alive twenty-four hours. It's nearly twenty-five now since I chopped it off. Gus is late. But I win anyhow," he added.

"Where's my money? Pay me my money!" a deep voice shouted at this moment, and a short man

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Moved and seconded that the resolution passed last year in reference to a culvert near Thomas Russell's be rescinded and that the clerk notify Mr. Thomas Russell, in accordance herewith. Carried.

Moved by Manly Jones, seconded by Fred Sexsmith, that W. H. Oliver be detached from road section No. 5 and form a new road section on the side road between lots Nos. 6 and 7 in the 1st concession and that W. H. Oliver be appointed Pathmaster, to be known as No. 87, and that the By-Law be amended accordingly. Carried.

Moved by E. R. Sills, seconded by Fred Sexsmith, that the Reeve and Mr. Spencer be authorized to settle with Messrs. Wagar and Card for the bridge timber for roads. Carried.

Moved by Manly Jones, seconded by C. H. Spencer, that Thomas McQuain, Thomas Manion, J. W. Youngs and Henry Jaynes be each refunded \$2.00, commutation of Statute Labor by order of the various pathmasters. Carried.

Moved by Fred Sexsmith, seconded by E. R. Sills, that George Baldwin be detached from road section No. 17 and attached to road section No. 14, and the By-Law be amended accordingly. Carried.

Moved by E. R. Sills, seconded by Fred Sexsmith, that this Council donate Mrs. Mowers \$5.00 for aid to be placed in the hands of Henry Martin. Carried.

Moved and seconded that the Collector's time be extended one month only. Carried.

Moved by Fred Sexsmith, seconded by E. R. Sills, that the following accounts be paid: Luther Clark for 24 loads of gravel for road section No. 15 \$2.40, by order of the pathmaster; E. T. Anderson, supplies furnished N. I. Huyck, \$2.77; Joseph McConkey, work on Slash Road, \$3.00; Chas. Vandalstine, work on Slash Road \$3.00; David Martin for 28 loads of gravel for road sections Nos. 18 and 19 in 4th concession, by order of the pathmasters in said road sections, \$2.80; Manly Jones, expenses for having John Dunn removed to the House of Providence, \$4.50; Hiram McTaggart to aid during the months of February and March, \$6.00; Taylor & Co., burial expense of James Young, \$15.00; James Thompson wood furnished Mrs. S. Mowers, \$3.00; Theodore Denison wood furnished Mrs. S. Mowers, \$3.50. Carried.

The Council adjourned to meet on the first Monday in May, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.

ABRAM WINTERS,

Clerk.

A WARSHIP'S RAM.

The Huge Steel Beak is Capable of Inflicting Terrible Injury.

A modern ram is nothing more than a huge steel beak, or sput, which is fitted to the prow of the battleship for the purpose of destroying an enemy's ship in time of war by the force of collision. Indeed, should a vessel succeed in driving her ram against another warship the blow, if delivered at full speed, would be sufficient to crush in the ship's side and sink her immediately.

A battleship's ram, weighs about forty tons and is cast all in one piece. It is of solid steel and capable of striking a tremendous blow. Shell proof a man-of-war may be made, but the skill of the naval architect is unequal to the task of designing a ship that can resist the ram.

Great care must be exercised in fixing such a heavy piece of steel. The method generally adopted is as follows: The ram is suspended from a strong derrick, the bottom end of which is attached to the extreme end of the vessel's keel plates. The gap between the ram and the uncompleted part, or hull, is walled tight compartments. The weapon is so fixed that it strikes just below the armored belt, where resistance is weakest, while it is so shaped that the ramming vessel can by reversing her engines easily disentangle herself from the ship she has struck.

WHEN WOMAN RULED.

The Maternal System of Descent and Female Supremacy.

"Professor Thomas, in 'Sex and Society,' tells us that 'the maternal system of descent is found in all parts of the world where social advance stands at a certain level, and the evidence warrants the assumption that every group which advances to a culture state passes through this stage,' says the Duchess of Marlborough in the North American Review.

"In Australia and Africa, with few exceptions, descent was formerly reck-

oned in the female line; on the continent of America, in China and Japan traces of this system are found, and in parts of India it is still in full force. Among the American Indian tribes and the aborigines of Australia missionaries and ethnologists are able to bear witness that 'the women were the great power among the clans as everywhere else.'

"As a natural consequence laws of rank and property follow the strictest maternal line, and women had in some cases the right to dismiss their husbands, keeping the children to succeed themselves and be members of their own clan.

"And after the establishment of the male system the women still held property—a survival from maternal times. A form of divorce pronounced by a husband was 'Begone, for I will no longer drive thy flocks to the pasture!'"

Cracked Furniture.

Ugly marks caused by splits or cracked places in furniture are easily filled in with beeswax, and the mark is never detected. In fact, this is how furniture dealers cover such blemishes. First slightly soften the beeswax until it is like putty, then press firmly into the cracks and smooth evenly with a thin knife. Sandpaper over the surrounding wood and work the dust into the beeswax. This gives a wood finish or color, and when the furniture is varnished you will look in vain for the blemishes. It is better than putty, since putty soon dries, crumbles and falls out, while beeswax will remain forever just where it is placed.

They Needed Prayers.

A member of parliament tells a good story of an out of the way country clergyman who did not keep up to date in what was going on in the world. One Sunday he asked his sexton: "Is the prayer for parliament to be used today? Is parliament still sitting?"

The sexton's reply came promptly, "Well, sir, I don't know; but, anyhow, better pray for them, for they're a precious bad lot!"—London Standard.

The oyster opener glanced at the head carelessly.

"It is a bet," said he. "I bet Gus Schmidt that the head would keep alive twenty-four hours. It's nearly twenty-five now since I chopped it off. Gus is late. But I win anyhow," he added.

"Where's my money? Pay me my money!" a deep voice shouted at this moment, and a short man swaggered in.

"You've lost, Gus," said the oyster opener. "There is still life in her."

"There is—nit," said Gus Schmidt. "Nix on the life."

And he extended a stumpy finger fearlessly toward the turtle's mouth.

"Gee!"

Startled, amazed, Gus Schmidt leaped back. For in the turtle's open eyes a fierce light had flashed, the ugly mouth had opened and shut with a sharp snap, and the head in some strange way had advanced an inch or two toward the tempting finger, much as a piece of steel advances toward a magnet.

"This may surprise you, Gus," said the oyster opener, wiping his wet hands in order to pocket his winnings. "But it don't surprise me none. I've seen turtle heads keep life in 'em long-er'n this here."

Greeley Dodged Lincoln.

President Lincoln, having been often and severely arraigned in the New York Tribune for what Mr. Greeley considered his slowness in prosecuting the war, had said: "If he (Greeley) objects to my policy, I shall be glad to have him state to me his views frankly and fully. I shall adopt his if I can. If I cannot, I will at least tell him why. He and I should stand together."

"If I were to go," said Greeley when the words were repeated to him, "he would simply twist me around his fingers, as he always does."

"Lincoln's smile would wilt me in half a minute," he said on another occasion when again urged to see the president and have a talk with him. "He is a wonderful man—wonderful! I never can harbor a thought against him except when I keep away from him."

The Hissing.

"I frequently experience a hissing sound in my ears," remarked a patient to a doctor. "What would you advise me to do?"

"What is your occupation?" asked the medico.

"I'm an actor."

"Then I'd advise you to adopt some other vocation."

In Doubt.

Hairdresser (while giving lady a vigorous shampoo)—Will you have anything on your head when I am finished, madam? She—I am sure I don't know. I was in hopes you would leave enough hair to pin my hat to.

Very Convenient.

Caretaker (to prospective tenant)—Yes, this house is most conveniently situated. There's a music hall close and handy, and there's a pub just over the way, and a pawnbroker's round the corner.—London Tit-Bits.

When a king creates an office Providence at once creates a fool to buy it.—Colbert.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.*

NEW STRENGTH IN THE SPRING

Nature Needs Aid in Making New, Health-Giving Blood.

In the spring the system needs toning up. In the spring to be healthy and strong you must have new blood, just as the trees must have new sap. Nature demands it and without this new blood you will feel weak and languid. You may have twinges of rheumatism or the sharp stabbing pains of neuralgia. Often there are disfiguring pimples or eruptions on the skin. In other cases there is merely a feeling of tiredness, and a variable appetite. Any of these are signs that the blood is out of order—that the indoor life of winter has told upon you. What is needed to put you right is a tonic and in all the world there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills actually make new, rich, red blood—your greatest need in spring. In new blood drives out disease, clears the skin and makes weak, easily tired men and women and children bright, active and strong. Mrs. J. C. Moses, Brantou, N. S., says:—"Last spring my daughter was completely run down, she was very pale, had no appetite, and became very nervous, and we were alarmed about her. We decided to give her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and soon after she began taking them there was a decided improvement. She gained in weight and vigor, her color returned, and her whole system seemed to have been built anew. I can warmly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all who need a medicine."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WORLD'S GREATEST CITY.

Covers 117 Square Miles, and has 329 Railway Stations.

"London is in all probability the largest city that has ever existed. We have no reliable records of the great cities of the ancient world, such as Thebes, Babylon, or Memphis, but I do not think that it has ever been seriously urged that they rivalled London in actual size."

This statement was made by Mr. J. George Head in a paper on "Giant London," which he read at a general meeting of the Surveyors' Institute.

Mr. Head went on to say that the administrative County of London was 74,639 acres, or 117 square miles, and in it there were 329 railway stations. It contained 2,134 miles of streets and 632,391 houses, in which 5,000,000 of our fellow-creatures are sheltered. To equal London they would require thirty-six Brightons.

In 1901 there were 16,000 houses empty; in 1907 the number had increased to 41,600; and in the spring of 1908 it exceeded 50,000.

AERONAUTIC PROGRESS.

Although only three or four men, like the Wright Brothers and Henry Farman, have as yet practically demonstrated the possibility of human flight with aeroplanes, the inventors of such machines are putting out a great variety of designs,

Time Heals Most Wounds

A Tale of Love and Disappointment

CHAPTER XXIII.

Ethel Fetherston was obviously nervous during the journey. She had been given to believe by Rebekah's earnestness that there awaited her an explanation that would disperse the shadows from her life. What it could be she could not imagine. But the joy of the thought enthralled her, that she would be able to take back Lord Harecastle to her heart.

"You must own that I had every reason for my distrust," she said wistfully. "Everything was so black against him, and even now it all seems like some wretched dream. I am anxious, dear. You do not know what it means that my confidence in Cyril shall be restored."

"I can understand," Rebekah said simply. "You will not deny me my friendship with Cyril. He is all I have," she added pathetically.

"I could deny you nothing, dear. But it is too good to be true. I can only wonder and wait."

Lord Harecastle received them at the door of Leighton Manor, and helped them to alight from the car. He watched them ascend the staircase to the Earl's bedroom, and wondered what Fate had in store for him. His father, too; Cyril realized the shame that he would suffer in making this confession, and his heart went out to him in pity.

Joel came to him and greeted him briefly.

"I see Miss Fetherston has arrived here. What does it mean?" he asked.

"She has come to see my father." "I hope he will put everything to right," Joel said, to Harecastle's intense surprise. "I am weary of Rebekah's reproachful face, and I suppose she will not be content until she has brought you together."

"Mr. Josephs," Harecastle began diffidently, "I want to talk to you about money matters. My father has consented to the breaking of the entail, and we are in a position to pay you the money you advanced to him."

"You must please yourself," Joel said indifferently, "but don't put yourself to any inconvenience."

"And then, too, I must thank you for your kindness in putting up with us for so long, but unfortunately it would be dangerous to move the Earl."

"You must not think of it," Joel said quickly, "and please forget the unpleasantness that has passed between us. I can now see my actions in their true light. I wish you could give me back Rebekah's love."

Lord Harecastle looked at him wonderingly, for their was little of the Joel he knew in the manner of the man who was appealing to him.

"Yes, I have had a lesson," Joel continued quietly. "Your father's illness has given me a shock, and I cannot rid myself of a feeling of responsibility."

was to her that he was trying to find and excuse for his conduct.

"When I had landed myself in pecuniary difficulties, I fell madly in love with Harecastle's mother. Unfortunately her trustees were not fools, and they objected to the match unless I could put my financial affairs in order. Their decision was communicated to me on the eve of my setting out for St. Petersburg, for I had been entrusted by the Government to arrange an agreement with Russia. I did really love the woman who was to become my wife, and the thought that I should lose her drove me mad. And then came the temptation. The devil chooses his time with care. I think I can see before me now the sneaking, oily Russian and his insinuating way. I longed to kick him out of my room, but I refrained. He offered me money to consent to certain terms in the agreement, and to my eternal shame I consented."

"Enough! Enough," Ethel cried passionately. "Don't tell me any more. I forbid it."

"I don't see that what I have said affects Cyril. Be patient," he continued more quietly, for he had regained control over himself.

"I came back to England and was married. I was happy, inconceivably happy, when one considers the weight of shame I was carrying. But perhaps I had no conscience then. That is an inconvenience that sometimes awaits old age. But there is an all-seeing Providence that forbids that crime shall go unpunished. To my horror my treachery was discovered. I had an interview with the Prime Minister, which I shall remember to my dying day. The result was that I retired into official obscurity, and was not treated like the common criminal that I was. We can pass over the next thirty years or so; and we come to the part where your interest begins." The Earl broke off suddenly.

"Give me a glass of water, dear," he said to Rebekah, and Ethel watched her with eyes that were magnetized by the tragedy that was being unfolded.

"Ackroyd doesn't concern you. It is sufficient that you should know that Joel discovered my treachery. He bought the papers which proved it from this man Ackroyd. I understand that you were then engaged to Cyril. Joel went to Cyril and told him that he must marry Rebekah. I may say that I also desired the marriage, but I had no idea of the pressure Joel was bringing to bear."

The Earl looked keenly at Ethel, whose face was twitching painfully.

"I begin to understand. You have said enough," she cried tearfully.

"No. You shall hear the whole story. It does me good to talk about some one else's bad deeds."

"Forgive me, dear," he said quickly to Rebekah. "I forgot that he was your father."

"Can you understand Cyril's position? He had either to sacrifice you, or my secret would have

closed to her. Her heart wept with sympathy for the sufferings he must have endured, so greatly increased by her own disbelief. Could she ever forgive herself?

"I have a question to ask you," the Earl continued anxiously. "I do not understand you, and I fear for your answer. Shall you let the knowledge that Cyril's father is a criminal prevent you from marrying him? Have you the mind that can judge him for himself alone?"

"How can you ask me? I have always loved Cyril. Put yourself in my place. He discarded me and almost immediately engaged himself to Rebekah. I thought that money was his motive, and I have always thought so. If that had been so I could never have forgiven him. My mind could not conceive any such reason as the one you have given me. I promise you that if Cyril will take me back again, I will endeavor to make him happy. But it will be long before I shall be able to forgive myself. I feel that it is I who have played a despicable role. I ought to have trusted him in spite of all. I can see it now when it is too late," she said miserably.

The Earl lay wearily back on his pillow, but a load seemed to have been lifted from him, and he looked less troubled. Ethel glanced gratefully at him.

"May I kiss you?" she asked timidly.

"There—there," ejaculated the Earl as he felt the touch of her lips. "And you are now content? If so you can both leave me for I am tired to death."

Rebekah slipped her arm round her waist and led Ethel to her own room.

"Now I am quite happy," she said brightly. "And you—you will see Cyril?"

"No, not to-day," Ethel said hurriedly. "I am too ashamed. I must have time. I dare not face him."

"You need not fear, for he understands. Cyril is generosity itself."

"Promise me that you will let me go away. I am unstrung. That poor old man. I am filled with pity."

"And I too, for I love him dearly. He has terribly suffered for that one back-sliding. He is not one to wear his heart on his sleeve. His suffering he would conceal beneath a light-hearted manner that would deceive the world."

"And to you, Rebekah. I do not know what to say. You have behaved nobly, and I shall be ever grateful."

"I only want you to be happy—you and Cyril. Never distrust him again, though everything be against him."

"I have learnt my lesson," Ethel replied simply, but with great feeling. "Will you give him a message from me?"

"Yes, dear."

"Tell him I implore his forgiveness, and ask him to come to me, but not for a long, long time. I am too ashamed."

"I feel that you are wrong, but I will do what you say," Rebekah promised.

She took her down to the car and they did not meet Lord Harecastle. Once alone Ethel gave herself to the bitter thoughts that assailed her. She was full of self-reproach, and as she had been hard upon the man she loved she became hard upon herself. She went over everything that had happened, and when she remembered how she had repulsed him at their last interview, her anguish grew. She could see his eyes pitifully pleading for

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AERONAUTIC PROGRESS.

Although only three or four men, like the Wright Brothers and Henry Farman, have as yet practically demonstrated the possibility of human flight with aeroplanes, the inventors of such machines are putting out a great variety of designs, which command much serious attention. At the Aeronautical Exposition in Paris a dozen or more types of these machines, including those of the Wrights, Farman and Delagrangé, were displayed, together with a large number of monoplanes, motors, screws, and other apparatus intended for use in aviation. From the quantity of these things, the ingenuity and finish shown in their making, and the interest that they excited, one might derive the impression that the manufacture of flying-machines is already an established industry.

THE TREASURE OF HEALTH FOR YOUNG CHILDREN

Disease attacks the little ones through the digestive organs. Baby's Own Tablets are the best thing in the world for all stomach and bowel troubles of babies and young children. They act quickly and gently, and are absolutely safe to give any child. Mrs. S. E. Green, Dunnville, Ont., says: "I would not be without Baby's Own Tablets in the house, for I think they are an invaluable medicine for all little ones." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Fortunately but few people are mind readers, therefore they never discover what their neighbors really think of them.

At the age of 6 a boy thinks his father is the smartest man on earth; at the age of 16 he imagines that he has forgotten more than the old man ever knew.

Belief for Suffering Everywhere. The whose life is made miserable by the suffering that comes from indigestion and has not tried Parson's Vegetable Pills does not know how easily this formidable foe can be dealt with. These pills will relieve where others fail. They are the result of long and patient study and are confidently put forward as a sure corrector of disorders of the digestive organs, from which so many suffer.

WHEN HE FELT IT.

"Did you ever feel that the world was against you?"

"Sure, I felt it this morning when I slipped on the sidewalk."

A Woman's Sympathy

Are you discouraged? Is your doctor's bill a heavy financial load? Is your pain a heavy physical burden? I know what these mean to delicate women—I have been discouraged, too, but I learned how to cure myself. I want to relieve your burdens. Why not end the pain and stop the doctor's bill? I can do this for you and will if you will assist me.

All you need do is to write for a free box of the remedy which has been placed in my hands to be given away. Perhaps this one box will cure you—it has done so for others. If so, I shall be happy and you will be cured for the cost of a postage stamp. Your letters held confidentially. Write to-day for my free treatment. MRS. F. E. CUTRILL, Windsor, Ont.

Twelve per cent. of sugar is the average yield of good beetroots.

Remember: "Sifton's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

Lord Harecastle looked at him wondering, for their was little of the Joel he knew in the manner of the man who was appealing to him.

"Yes, I have had a lesson," Joel continued quietly. "Your father's illness has given me a shock, and I cannot rid myself of a feeling of responsibility."

"My father has been liable to these attacks for some time. You must not worry too much about that, Mr. Josephs."

They fell into silence, and Harecastle marvelled at the change in Joel. This new phase was incredible, but he realized that his character was a complex one, and that he must be judged by no ordinary standard.

Rebekah led the way to the Earl's bedroom, after Ethel had removed her hat. She made a motion to the nurse, who left the room. The Earl looked at them curiously. His eyes rested first on one and then on the other. They both came to the conclusion that he was comparing them, and their faces flushed.

"Do you know why you are here?" the Earl asked grimly of Ethel.

"No," she replied nervously.

"You owe it to this girl's generosity," he said, laying his hand on Rebekah; "and you ought to be duly thankful. I understand that you think that Cyril acted the blackguard to you."

Ethel flinched at the word, for the sharpness of his manner moved her strongly. He waited a moment for her to speak, but she remained silent.

"You are wrong. It was another member of the family who played that role, and he is going to confess to you."

Ethel watched him with frightened eyes, and she longed that the tense staccato words should cease.

"I am the blackguard," the Earl continued, "and Cyril was protecting me."

"I do not understand," Ethel said brokenly.

"No—and you want the whole wretched story. You shall have it, for it's your right. I understand that there is some chance of your becoming a member of my family. That is if you are satisfied with Cyril's whitewashing, and are not too disgusted at the character of the other member of his family."

"Don't," Rebekah pleaded.

"You are cruel."

"Let me alone, child. I must tell my story in my own way, and if you expected tears you are doomed to disappointment. Won't you sit down, Miss Fetherston. I must trouble you with a little ancient history, for my confession must be a full one. You are the sort of woman who will be content with no half measures. You require full pound of flesh and you shall have it."

The Earl spoke vindictively. He was feeling terribly the shame of his position, and the only way he could hide it was by this vindictive manner. At heart he was sorry for Ethel, but he realized that if he once let go his self-command, he would break down. So he became more bitter as he proceeded.

"Thirty years ago I was a promising youngster. I had the world at my feet, but I did not kick it. I gave it a chance to kick me. I was extravagant and got into difficulties. It was a way young men have, who are allowed to run loose. My father died when I was a boy."

Instinctively he looked at Rebekah, and she understood that it

fully. "No. You shall hear the whole story. It does me good to talk about some one else's bad deeds."

"Forgive me, dear," he said quickly to Rebekah. "I forgot that he was your father."

"Can you understand Cyril's position? He had either to sacrifice you, or my secret would have been disclosed to the world. What would your uprightness have advised him to do? Should he have considered his future wife, or should filial affection have prevailed. It is a pretty problem."

"You must stop," Ethel pleaded; and tears were streaming from her eyes.

"I have little more to say, for you can imagine the rest. Rebekah discovered her father's action by some means or other. What did she do? She acted the part of a brave and noble woman, for she sacrificed herself, and she has struggled for your happiness. Why? Because you were loved by the man she loves. Which has been the greater in generosity? You or this dear girl?"

"Forgive me," Ethel whispered hoarsely.

She realized that this confession must have hurt the Earl acutely, and she felt mean to have been the cause of it having been made. But this was quickly overpowered by her realization that she had done Cyril a terrible wrong. She quickly owned to herself that he could have acted in no other way. The horror of his position was dis-

the bitter thoughts that assailed her. She was full of self-reproach, and as she had been hard upon the man she loved she became hard upon herself. She went over everything that had happened, and when she remembered how she had repulsed him at their last interview, her anguish grew. She could see his eyes pitifully pleading for mercy, and the cold rejection which had been her answer. No. She did not deserve happiness. She must suffer as he had done, for she could not accept happiness, fought for so bravely by one who had been her rival.

When she arrived home she sat down and wrote a letter to Cyril that was painful to compose. It was filled with self-humiliation, and reproaches of her own conduct. She expressed her admiration of Rebekah and compared her own conduct with the other's generosity.

"Do not come to me, dear. I believe that you will forgive me, but give me time to recover from the feeling of shame that is overpowering me. But in spite of all, joy gladdens my heart to think that you are my old Cyril. The man I have loved and worshipped. Perhaps some day you will understand my wretchedness, and we can be to one another as in the old days. I have no pride left, Cyril. If it be necessary I will go on my knees to you, when I am fitted to meet you. Good-bye, dearest."

She felt happier when she had unladen her heart, but her self-respect had received a terrible blow. (To be continued.)

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The practical application of radio-telegraphy continues to be extended, especially on coasts frequented by ships, where its use is often of the utmost importance. In December a new station was opened at Bolt Head, South Devon, England. This station will be available for communication with all ships carrying radio-telegraph apparatus, no matter with what particular system they are equipped. The range of the station is 250 miles, but it is not anticipated that it will be much used by ships beyond a distance of about 100 miles. It will also be employed for communication with the Channel Islands whenever there is any interruption of the cable connecting the islands with England. Mr. Sidney Buxton, the British postmaster-general, anticipates that radio-telegraphy will form an effective means of communication in mountainous or inaccessible districts where land lines are too costly or impracticable.

TOO MUCH TO FIND.

A caretaker of a school threw up his job the other day.

"I'm honest, and I won't stand being under suspicion. If I find a pencil or handkerchief about the school when I'm sweeping I put it by."

"A little while ago I saw written on the board, 'Find the least common multiple.'"

"Well, I looked from cellar to garret for that thing, and I wouldn't know it if I met it in the street."

"Last night, in big writin' on the blackboard, it said, 'Find the greatest common divisor.'"

"Well, I says to myself, 'both of them things are lost now; and I'll be accused of takin' 'em, so I'll leave!'"

"The physician attending me prescribed, on my rallying from an attack of rheumatism, your Scott's Emulsion, which I have been taking every winter since. I find it most valuable in strengthening and building up one after a severe illness. I have not had rheumatism since the time mentioned above and I owe it to your most valuable Emulsion. It is my life now, and makes me strong and healthy."—R. PICARD, Grand Ligne, Quebec.

For two hundred years before Scott's Emulsion came Cod Liver Oil was used for rheumatism.

Scott's Emulsion

is modernized Cod Liver Oil; the purest and best oil partly predigested, made palatable and suitable for the most delicate child or invalid. It enriches the blood, tones up the entire system, and drives out rheumatism.

ALL DRUGGISTS

Let us send you a copy of Mr. Picard's letter and other literature on the subject. A Post Card, mentioning this paper, is sufficient.

SCOTT & BOWNE
126 Wellington St., W. Toronto

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CHASE AWAY THE TIRED FEELING

**DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS WILL
DO IT QUICKLY AND
NATURALLY.**

It is Caused by Sluggish Circulation Brought on by Deranged Kidneys Failing to Strain Impurities out of the Blood.

Stayner, Ont., Apr. 12 (Special).—In the Spring the Kidneys always need attention. They have additional work in straining the winter's accumulation of impurities out of the blood and if they are at all out of order, it is sure to tell on them. It is only a question of the best method of treating them and Ernest Colwell of this place, adds his testimony to the great mass of proof that the one sure cure for sick Kidneys is Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"Some time ago," says Mr. Colwell, "I had severe Pains and Soreness in the small of my back, and sometimes noticed a brick dust sediment in my urine, so of course I knew my Kidneys were affected. I procured some of Dodd's Kidney Pills, which readily cured the pains and soreness and restored the urine to its natural color. I always recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Everybody needs medicine in the Spring, and the medicine they need is Dodd's Kidney Pills. They clear the blood of impurities and by giving the blood free circulation, speedily and naturally chase away that tired feeling. It is caused by sluggish circulation, and Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure it.

BILL TO CLASSIFY MURDER.

Introduced in English House of Commons.

Some highly important changes in British criminal law are proposed in the bill to classify murder, and amend the law concerning suicide and infanticide. The bill classifies murder into two degrees, and makes crimes of the first degree alone subject to the death penalty. In murder trials, in case of conviction, juries will be required to classify the crime. A verdict of "murder of the first degree" is not to be returned unless the jury finds that the homicide was deliberately committed with express malice aforethought.

A provision of great importance is that which says the mother who kills her child at birth or within the first month after cannot be indicted for murder. If the child dies through injury maliciously inflicted by the mother within the same period, the mother shall be chargeable with an indictable offence, and, if convicted, be liable to not more than ten years' penal servitude, or imprisonment with or without hard labor for not more than two years, or, at the discretion of the court, to detention during his Majesty's pleasure.

THE TELEWRITER.

This somewhat barbarous name is applied to an invention of Mr. Foster Ritchie, a Scotch electrician, for the electrical transmission of handwriting. The British postmaster-general has recently granted a 21-year license for the establishment of exchanges for the use of the telewriter throughout Great Britain. The apparatus has

PRINCELY RAIMENT.

The German Empress is a Very Economical Lady.

The really, truly, flesh-and-blood princess of to-day are not, like their prototype of romance, clad in velvets and satins and feathers; and they do, occasionally, lay off their jeweled coronets to assume quite matter-of-fact and up-to-date headgear. The recent marriage of another of the Kaiser's sons brings to mind the fact that those princes are no longer sturdy lads subject to the domestic economy of the nursery.

For these princelings were brought up on principles well adapted to any careful household. No "slashed suit and doublet" for their active days! Their mother was far too good a housewife for such extravagances. Not only were the boys' clothes of strong and practical manufacture, but so long as there was anything left of them, they were handed down from one brother to another, made over in the Kaiserin's own workroom.

Sometimes the Kaiser's royal trousers were cut down to fit princely little legs, now grown much too long and too important to be encased in second-hand habiliments.

The royal mother had due regard to the practical economy of her own attire. Wolf von Schierbrand, in "Germany; the Welding of a World Power," gives an instance of her prudence.

In 1896, at the Berlin Municipal Exposition, a very costly dress was exhibited, having an exceedingly long train. The Kaiser took a fancy to this garment, and wanted the Kaiserin to buy it. She smilingly refused.

"What use would it be to me?" she said. "With two or three boys always hanging on my skirts, it would be torn in a jiffy."

UGLY SKIN SORES.

Zam-Buk Removes Them.

It is just at this season that pimples, blotches, sores, scrofulous ailments, and eruptions generally, make themselves most felt. Pimples, blotches, and irritating rashes on the face and other parts of the body indicate a disturbance of the functions of the skin. Impure matter, which the blood should discharge by means of the skin, is allowed to remain in the pores, the process of "exhalation" is interrupted, and just where the bad matter collects, there pimples, ulcers, and sores quickly appear.

Mr. Arthur B. Griffin, of 191 Picton Street E., Hamilton, says:—"I was greatly troubled with pimples and blotches breaking out on my face. I tried a number of remedies, and also specially dieted, yet the pimples and blotches remained. Acting on the suggestion of a friend, I began using Zam-Buk, and was much pleased to find an improvement after several applications. The itching was alleviated, and the inflammation seemed less. As I continued the Zam-Buk treatment, the pimples and blotches became less sore, the itching was cured altogether, and inflammation banished. In the course of a short time every blotch and pimple was removed."

Zam-Buk is also a sure cure for cuts, lacerations, burns, eczema, ring-worm, poisoned wounds, festering sores, bad leg, and all skin injuries and diseases. It is also a cure for piles. Druggists and Stores everywhere sell at 50c.

BOVRIL

contains all that is good in beef.
It gives strength and Vigor.

Why not take a cup of Bovril regularly through the spring? A cup at eleven o'clock will give you strength for the day's work, and nourish you so that you will avoid the attacks of prevalent illness.

FREE

Ink Pencil or Fountain Pen! Just what you want for doing your Homework!

You can have your choice FREE of either of these valuable and useful articles, (Made from very best materials. Fountain Pen is Gold-Banded, for selling only \$2.50 worth of our Vegetable and Flower Seeds. Seeds are assorted varieties in 5c. (small) and 15c. (large) packages, and are easy sellers. Send-to-day—your name and address, plainly written. A postcard will do. The Reliable Premium Co. Dept. 20, Waterloo, Ont.

BELL

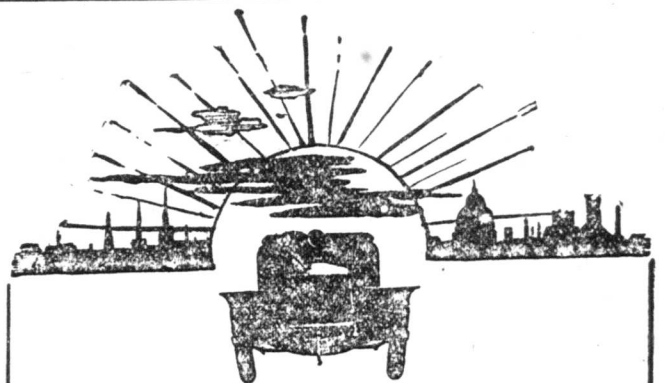
WHY DO
So many Institutions devoted to the higher Education select Bell pianos? The fact that they use and prefer the Bell is evidence of distinct merit!

One follows professional advice in acquiring an education, why not follow professional custom in buying Bell pianos? The only pianos with the Illimitable Quick Repeating Action.

PIANOS

Send for (free) Catalogue No. 75.

The BELL PIANO & Organ Co., Limited GUELPH, ONTARIO.



The New DAIMLER

The 1909 type Daimler is a petrol-engine of remarkable efficiency, which for simplicity of construction, economy, and silence in running is incomparably superior to any motor yet designed.

Its introduction has called forth letters of appreciation from a number of leading Motorists who have tested it, and all whom bear out the claim made for it by the Daimler Co.

ssailed Postmaster, a Scotch electrician, for the electrical transmission of handwriting. The British postmaster-general has recently granted a 21-year license for the establishment of exchanges for the use of the telewriter throughout Great Britain. The apparatus has been employed with a telephone circuit up to a distance of 50 miles. It is claimed that it can be applied to any well-insulated land wire, and a project is on foot to use it for newspaper messages between London and Paris. Not only handwriting, but sketches and drawings can be electrically transmitted with this instrument.

"Man is Filled with Misery."—This is not true of all men. The well, sound of lung, clear of eye, alert and buoyant with health, are not miserable, whatever may be their social condition. To be well is to be happy, and we can all be well by getting and keeping our bodies in a healthful state. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will help all to do this.

Frankness makes people disagreeable, but not all disagreeable people are frank.

That Tormenting Cold that made you wretched last winter will not come back if you take Allen's Lung Balm when your throat is raw and sore. This admirable remedy is free from opium. Take it in time.

One doesn't acquire a taste for music by listening to the piano next door.

The French law treats the frog as if it were a fish, and declares all fishing for it by night to be poaching.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has the largest sale of any similar preparation sold in Canada. It always gives satisfaction by restoring health to the little folks.

How much worry the things that never happen cause us!

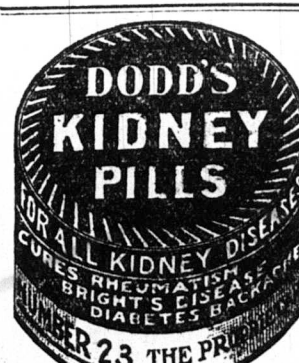
Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

In proportion to its weight, the wing of a bird is twenty times stronger than the arm of a man.

Loss of flesh, cough and pain in the chest may not mean consumption, but are bad signs. Allen's Lung Balm loosens the cough and heals inflamed air passages. Not a grain of opium in it.

Happiness is the result of being poor and respectable, according to the story books.

The majority of color-blind people belong to the educated classes, of whom no fewer than four per cent. are thus afflicted.



ISSUE NO. 15-09.

short time every blotch and pimple was removed." Zam-Buk is also a sure cure for cuts, lacerations, burns, eczema, ring-worm, poisoned wounds, festering sores, bad leg, and all skin injuries and diseases. It is also a cure for piles. Druggists and Stores everywhere sell at 50c. a box, or post-free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, on receipt of price.

The other morning a milkman, with his ever-ready and obliging remark on the weather, knocked at the door of one of his most tired customers. "Good-morning, ma'am, looks like rain this morning, ma'am," said he, as he poured the milk into the jug. "So it does," replied the housewife, "haven't you any that looks more like milk?"

A Purely Vegetable Pill. — The chief ingredients of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are mandrake and dandelion, sedative and purgative, but perfectly harmless in their action. They cleanse and purify and have a most healthful effect upon the secretions of the digestive organs. The dyspeptic and all who suffer from liver and kidney ailments will find in these pills the most effective medicine in concentrated form that has yet been offered to the suffering.

It's the hen-pecked man who crows loudest when he gets away from home.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

Cooks may come and cooks may go, but the eating habit goes on forever.

Imitations Abound, but insist upon getting the genuine, "The D & L" Menthol Plaster. It has stood the test of years. It cures aches and pains quicker than any plaster.

"John, dear," remarked a young wife to her husband, "I wish you would taste this milk and see if it's perfectly sweet. If it's the least bit sour I mustn't give any of it to dear little Fido!"

In its initial stages a cold is a local ailment easily dealt with. But many neglect it and the result is often the development of distressing seizures of the bronchial tubes and lungs that render life miserable for the unhappy victim. As a first aid there is nothing in the handy medicine line so certain in curative results as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the far-famed remedy for colds and coughs.

The human skin contains 3,500 perspiration pores to every inch.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

DAIRY WISDOM.

Few farmers realize what it costs to be rough with cows. Make a test and be convinced. Use the Babcock test when the cows are handled quietly and properly, and again when they are yelled at and hurried in the stable.

The loss following rough treatment will astonish most farmers.

A careful milker, quiet in his ways about the stable, is worth many dollars more in a single season than one who is brutal.

There is not a cow, no matter how poorly bred, that will not respond to kind treatment.

The more highly bred she is the more susceptible she is to these influences.

Never allow a harsh, unfeeling

of appreciation from a number of reading Motorists who have tested it, and all whom bear out the claim made for it by the Daimler Co.

A full illustrated description, together with the above mentioned letters, reproduced in fac simile, will be sent post free to all applicants to

27 28 29

The Daimler Motor Co., (1904) Ltd.
COVENTRY, ENGLAND.



man in a cow barn. It is not possible to give a cow too much care.

Profitable dairying depends largely upon getting cows to eat large quantities of feed. To do this the feed must be palatable and healthful.

Stinting in the feed will never bring full production and profit.

Clean the stables two or three times a day. Try it and see how much better the air will be.

Well whitewashed stables look cleaner, brighter, and are more healthful than those that are neglected.

A close, poorly ventilated stable may be very cold. It takes plenty of pure air to keep cattle warm.

From eighty to ninety per cent. of milk is water. So when you do anything that induces the cow to drink less freely it knocks off your profits.

Too much cream for the calf is about as bad as too much money for the boy.

It is only necessary to read the testimonials to be convinced that Holloway's Corn cure is unequalled for the removal of corns, warts, etc. It is a complete extinguisher.

The Chinese preserve vegetables by coating them with salt and drying them in the sun.

A physician is not always at hand. Guard your self against sudden coughs and colds by keeping a bottle of Painkiller in the house. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis—25c and 50c.

Most people have a lot of influence—with themselves.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

A cork 200 feet below the surface of the water will not rise again, owing to the pressure of water.

Do You Want Money? \$5 to \$30 weekly, salary or commission. No experience. Work partly done on your own farm. Something absolutely new. Work secretly or as agent. Immense profits. Write quick.

FARM STOCK VETERINARY CO., Toronto.

The hen-pecked husband has more than a peck of trouble.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

27 28 29

The Daimler Motor Co., (1904) Ltd.
COVENTRY, ENGLAND.



man in a cow barn. It is not possible to give a cow too much care.

Profitable dairying depends largely upon getting cows to eat large quantities of feed. To do this the feed must be palatable and healthful.

Stinting in the feed will never bring full production and profit.

Clean the stables two or three times a day. Try it and see how much better the air will be.

Well whitewashed stables look cleaner, brighter, and are more healthful than those that are neglected.

A close, poorly ventilated stable may be very cold. It takes plenty of pure air to keep cattle warm.

From eighty to ninety per cent. of milk is water. So when you do anything that induces the cow to drink less freely it knocks off your profits.

Too much cream for the calf is about as bad as too much money for the boy.

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TRAINS COLLIDE AT TWEED

Operator at Kaladar Reported That the Westbound Train Had Not Passed.

Shortly after 5 o'clock on Friday morning the second sections of trains numbers five and six came together one mile east of Tweed. Apparently the accident was due to the night operator at Kaladar having fallen asleep and accepted orders for a train that had passed his station while he was asleep. The only persons injured were engineer Williams of Havelock, and baggage-man Emery O. Winters of 14 Alma avenue, Toronto. Both were on the west-bound train, which was travelling at a rate of 25 miles an

hour. The other train was not going faster than ten miles an hour. Some of the cars on the east-bound train were derailed or damaged and were used afterwards to take passengers west. None of the passenger coaches on the west-bound train were damaged, except that a pair of steps was knocked off one. An empty baggage car was telescoped by the partially loaded express car. Both engines are damaged, but not beyond repair; both remained upright, but one was slightly off the track.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 13.—Flour—Ontario wheat, 90 per cent. patents, \$4.50 to \$4.55 to-day in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$5.70 to \$5.90 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.40 to \$5.60, and strong bakers', \$5 to \$5.20.

Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.26½, and No. 2 Northern, \$1.23½, Georgian Bay ports. No. 1 Northern \$1.33½, all rail, and No. 2 Northern, \$1.30½, all rail.

Oats—Ontario No. 2 white, 47½ to 48c on track, Toronto, and 45½c outside. No. 2 Western Canada oats, 47½c, Collingwood, and No. 3, 46½c, Bay ports; No. 2 Western Canada, all rail, 51½c.

Peas—No. 2 quoted at 95½c outside.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 74 to 74½c on track, Toronto, and No. 2 73 to 73½c on track, Toronto. Canadian corn, 71½ to 72c on track, Toronto.

Bran—Cars, \$23.50 in bulk outside. Shorts, \$23.50 to \$24 in bulk outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$4.50 to \$5.50 for choice qualities, and \$3.50 to \$4 for seconds.

Beans—Prime, \$1.90 to \$2, and hand-picked, \$2.10 to \$2.15 per bushel.

Honey—Combs, \$2 to \$2.75 per dozen, and strained, 10 to 11c per pound.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$10.50 to \$11 per ton on track here, and lower grades \$8 to \$9 a ton.

Straw—\$7 to \$8 on track.

Potatoes—67½ to 70c per bag on track.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 15 to 16c per pound; fowl, 11 to 12c; turkeys, 20 to 22c per pound.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 20 to 21c; tubs and large rolls, 15 to 17c; inferior, 13 to 14c; creamery rolls, 23c, and solids, 20 to 21c.

Eggs—Case lots 18 to 19c per doz. Cheese—Large, 14 to 14½c per pound, and twins, 14½ to 14¾c; new cheese, 13½c.

was fairly active and prices firm for choice well-finished cattle. Butcher's cattle of the better grade were in good demand, and sold at \$4.90 to \$5. Medium and common grades were easier. Stockers and feeders—demand good and supply limited. Milch cows and springers—Quiet. Calves—Steady at last quotations. Sheep and lambs—Unchanged—Hogs—selected at \$6.90 f.o.b., and \$7.15, fed and watered.

SIX BURNED TO DEATH.

Sudden Fire in Business Section of Lennox, Mass.

A despatch from Lennox, Mass., says: Six people lost their lives, three others were badly burned, and a property loss of between \$200,000 and \$300,000 was caused by a fire in the heart of the business section of this town early on Sunday. Four business blocks, two dwellings and two other structures were destroyed. The dead are: Edward C. Ventress, electrician; Mrs. Edward C. Ventress, Miss Leslie Ventress, Miss Alice French, bookkeeper; Miss Isabel Cook, bookkeeper; Miss Mary Sparks, school teacher. The death of Miss French was one of the pitiful tragedies of the morning. While the fire was at its height, a woman was seen to climb out of a flame-filled room onto a verandah on the second story, with her night clothing and hair ablaze. Staggering to the railing she leaped to the sidewalk, landing in a heap within five or six feet of the blazing walls. Some of the horrified onlookers attempted to rush in to drag her out but the intense heat drove them back and not until several hours later, was the body recovered.

PULLED TRIGGER WITH TOE.

Italian Committed Suicide—Could Not Get Work.

A despatch from Montreal says: Another tragedy in the Italian colony was revealed on Thursday morning when the detective office was notified that there had been a shooting affray on Bisson street, a side street running north from St. Antoine street, just west of Windsor. Detectives hurried to the house and found the body of Antoni Lalli, a lady about 16 years of age, lying across a bed, with a double-barreled shotgun beside him and a wound over his heart. One barrel had been discharged, and there were marks on the wall as though the shot had gone through

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Peterboro' will vote on local option next January.

Seeding is in progress over a large portion of the west.

A lot of damage was done by flood and ice in the Niagara River.

The auction sale of Prince Rupert lots will begin at Vancouver on May 25th.

The Grand Trunk Pacific has let contracts for a lot of new engines and steel rails.

A great find of magnetic iron is reported on Campbell River, Vancouver Island.

A Cornwall hotelkeeper was fined \$150 and costs on two charges of selling liquor to Indians.

A young woman gave birth to a child on a train while travelling from Sturgeon Falls to Ottawa.

A general advance in lumber is announced in Winnipeg, in connection with an active building season.

Charles Cook, a twelve-year-old boy, was crushed to death by the upsetting of a load of logs at Faversham.

Mr. Justice Cannon has been appointed commissioner by the Quebec Government to investigate Montreal civic affairs.

Conductor Harvey, who was in charge of the train that ran into the Windsor Station, Montreal, has been dismissed.

The two-year-old daughter of A. Krienke was killed by a train while walking in her sleep at Southey, Sask.

William Smith, from Hamilton, was killed at Lethbridge by falling from the bridge being constructed by the C. P. R.

GENERAL.

Four men were shot down by carabinieri in Calabria while taking part in an anti-tax riot.

France will collect a duty of \$120 on foreign balloons landing on French territory.

The violent speeches of labor leaders in Paris have stirred up fears that a bloody insurrection is imminent.

The Czar of Russia is planning an extensive foreign tour for the summer, which may include England.

A new naturalization law promulgated at Peking makes it impossible for a Chinaman to adopt foreign citizenship.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Algernon Charles Swinburne, the poet, died at Putney, England, on Saturday.

The Earl of Carrick, who served against the Fenians in Canada in 1870, is dead.

Lord Charles Beresford has declined nineteen invitations to stand for Parliament.

The Grand Trunk half-yearly report shows £443,078 available for dividends. The net profits were £960,427.

UNITED STATES.

Du Maurier's play, "An Englishman's Home," was hissed off the stage at Berlin Sunday night.

Mrs. Georgia Allyn Sampson, ac-

NINE MEN DROWNED.

All Hope for Safety of the George Floss is Abandoned.

A despatch from Windsor, Ont., says: All hope has now been abandoned for the tug George Floss, which was reported on Thursday as missing from Cleveland, and the owners on Friday night gave out a statement to this effect. Wreckage in considerable quantity has been coming ashore in the vicinity of Kelly's Island and Put-in-Bay, much of it bearing easy marks of identification. The ill-fated vessel, with nine on board, six of a crew and three passengers, were undoubtedly engulfed in the terrific storm of Wednesday. The names of the missing are: William Berry, captain; Frederick Gilbee, engineer; John Dailey, sailor; Peck McKenzie, sailor; Henry Anderson, sailor; John O'Donnell, a passenger, of Cleveland; Joseph Martin, a passenger of Warton, Ont., age 16.

KILLED BY A STREET CAR.

Two Boys Run Over at Montreal, One Beheaded.

A despatch from Montreal says: A terrible double fatality occurred here Friday evening, in which two young boys returning from church were crushed to death by a street car. The two lads, Joseph MacDonald, nine years old, and Joseph Linner, fourteen years, were standing on the tracks at the corner of Papineau Road and Mount Royal Avenue, immediately behind a car. There is a switch at the corner where the cars are turned, and suddenly the car backed up to take the switch, knocking the two boys down and running over them. The accident was not noticed until the car passed, when their mangled bodies were found. Both were terribly cut up, one boy's head being completely severed from his shoulders, while the older lad's legs were cut off. Death in each case must have been instantaneous.

COLORADO GOING DRY.

Many Municipalities Carried a Prohibition Law.

A despatch from Denver, Col., says: Prohibition won in most places in the municipal elections held in Colorado. Colorado Springs went dry by 2,000 majority. That city has never had a saloon, but the election will prevent drug stores from selling liquor in the future. La Junta, Canon City and Castle Rock all voted against the saloons, while Cripple Creek and Colorado City remain wet.

A despatch from Milwaukee, Wis., says: Municipal elections were held in a large number of cities throughout Wisconsin on Tuesday, the question of "license" or "no license" being an issue. License carried in a majority of the cities and towns heard from.

AMERICAN SETTLERS.

Rush Into the West This Year will Break all Records.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Reports received by the Immigration Department from agents in the United States indicate that the rush of American settlers to the Canadian west this year will break all records. On Thursday morning

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 20 to 21c; tubs and large rolls, 15 to 17c; inferior, 13 to 14c; creamery rolls, 25c, and solids, 20 to 21c.
Eggs—Case lots 18 to 19c per doz.
Cheese—Large, 14 to 14½c per pound, and twins, 14½ to 14½c; new cheese, 13½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 12 to 12½c per pound in case lots; mess pork, \$20.50 to \$21; short cut, \$23 to \$24.
Hams—Light to medium, 14 to 14½c; do., heavy, 13 to 13½c; rolls, 11 to 11½c; shoulders, 10½c; backs, 16½ to 17c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16c.
Lard—Tierces, 13c; tubs, 13½c; pails, 13½c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 13.—Peas—No. 2, \$1.03 to \$1.04. Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 51 to 51½c; extra, No. 1 feed, 50½ to 51c; No. 1 feed, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 2, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 3, 49 to 49½c; Ontario No. 4, 48 to 48½c. Barley—No. 2, 65 to 67c. Feed—59½ to 60c. Buckwheat—69½ to 70c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.80 to \$6; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.30 to \$5.50; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.10 to \$5.30; Winter wheat patents, \$5.50 to \$5.65; straight rollers, \$5.10 to \$5.25; straight rollers in bags, \$2.50 to \$2.55; extra, in bags, \$2.10 to \$2.20. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$22 to \$23; Manitoba shorts, \$24 to \$25; Ontario bran, \$23 to \$24; Ontario shorts, \$24.50 to \$25; Ontario middlings, \$25 to \$25.50; pure grain mouille, \$33 to \$35; mixed mouille, \$28 to \$30. Cheese—12½ to 13c. Butter—20½ to 21c and fresh receipts at 19c. Eggs—20 to 21c per dozen.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, April 13.—Prime beefs sold at 5½ to a little over 6c per pound; pretty good animals at 4½ to 5½c; common stock, 3 to 4c per pound. Milch cows sold at \$25 to \$55 each. Calves sold at \$25 to \$25 each, or 3 to 6½c per pound. Sheep sold at about 5½c; lambs at 6½ to 7c per pound. Good lots of fat hogs sold at from 7½c to near 8c per pound.
Toronto, April 13.—Export trade

shooting array of British soldiers, a side street running north from St. Antoine street, just west of Windsor. Detectives hurried to the house and found the body of Antoni Lalli, a lady about 16 years of age, lying across a bed, with a double-barreled shotgun beside him and a wound over his heart. One barrel had been discharged, and there were marks on the wall as though the shot had gone through the body. The boy had been unable to get work since last fall, and it is supposed he became despondent and shot himself by pulling the trigger of the gun with his foot, from which the boot had been taken.

LOST IN THE WOODS.

Cardinal and King. Given Up Last Winter, May be Alive.

A despatch from Fort William says: There seems to be a strong probability that Cardinal and King, the shantymen who were given up as lost during the winter, are still alive. They lost their way coming from Smith's camp, but now the report comes in that since they disappeared two men answering their description applied to a house out there for a meal, saying they had been lost in the bush for a time, but were making their way to another camp.

KING ALFONSO'S AUTO.

Collided With That of His Queen—No One Injured.

A despatch from Madrid says: King Alfonso and Queen Victoria recently had a narrow escape from injury. The King was leaving the palace courtyard and the Queen was entering in their automobiles, when the machines came into collision in the narrow passage. Both automobiles were badly damaged, but their Majesties were not hurt.

BURNED IN HIS SHACK.

C. J. Morris Found Dead Near Milestone, Sask.

A despatch from Milestone, Sask., says: The shack of C. J. Morris on his claim, fifteen miles south, was burned on Monday night, and Morris perished in the flames. The tragedy was discovered by the neighbors next morning.

The Grand Trunk half-yearly report shows \$443,073 available for dividends. The net profits were £960,427.

UNITED STATES.

Du Maurier's play, "An Englishman's Home," was hissed off the stage at Berlin Sunday night.
Mrs. Georgia Allyn Sampson, accused at Lyons, N. Y., of the murder of her husband, was found not guilty.

The Payne tariff bill passed the House of Representatives at Washington on Friday by a vote of 217 to 161.

Six hundred saloons and ten breweries will be forced out of business in Michigan's nineteen "dry" counties.

A proposal to place barley on the free list was voted down in the House of representatives at Washington. It will come up again.

By a majority of six the House of Representatives at Washington decided to retain the dollar a thousand and duty on rough lumber.

Miss Jeanette Harkness, formerly of Toronto, a nurse in a St. Louis hospital, gave a patient a dose of poison by mistake and he died soon after.

COAL IN EASTERN ONTARIO.

Ridge Runs Through Township of Emily—Said to Carry Coal.

A despatch from Omamee says: Coal has been found on the farm of Mr. George J. Winn, 8th concession of Emily township, and as a result there is considerable excitement in the community. Mr. Winn noticed strata of what looked like dark rock protruding from the earth on a path along a ridge of land running through his farm. The formation strongly resembled coal, and pieces of it, when placed on a fire, burned, leaving cinders similar to those produced by coal. The ridge in which the coal was found runs through the township of Emily to Mount Pleasant. A gentleman who visited this district last summer, and who was interested in the Pennsylvania coal mines, is said to have held the opinion that this ridge of hills was coal-bearing.

HILL TO ENTER WINNIPEG.

Great Northern Will be There by September, He Says.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Great Northern Railway filed plans for its entry into this city, and President Hill on Thursday made a positive declaration that his road would run into Winnipeg by September 1 next. This is one of the most important commercial incidents that could well be imagined, if the new line affords competition, which now is lacking under the joint freight arrangements. Many big firms will save thousands of dollars, provided the Great Northern will give through rates from the east on the same basis as now prevails to St. Paul.

MOUNT ETNA ACTIVE.

Inhabitants Fear Another Destructive Eruption.

A despatch from Rome says: Mount Etna was again in active eruption on Sunday morning, the crater belching great clouds of smoke and cinders. The cinders descended in a fiery hail upon the mountain side. The inhabitants fear another destructive eruption.

Rush Into the West This Year will Break all Records.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Reports received by the Immigration Department from agents in the United States indicate that the rush of American settlers to the Canadian west this year will break all records. On Thursday Superintendent of Immigration Scott received a telegram from W. J. White, Inspector of United States agencies, from Spokane, Washington, stating that the flood of American land-seekers from the Pacific States to Alberta and Saskatchewan is beyond all expectations. The office at Spokane is crowded with home-seekers and their families anxious to take up land in Canada. For the first three months of this year 1,360 left Spokane, an increase of 50 per cent. over the corresponding period of last year. The increase in carloads of settlers' effects is over 100 per cent.

MONEY LOST IN WRECK.

Package Containing One to Three Thousand Dollars Missing.

A despatch from Brandon, Man., says: Several weeks ago the C. P. R. express was wrecked between Elva and Pierson, on the Estevan branch of the C. P. R., and the baggage and mail cars were smashed badly. After the wreckage was cleared away the mail matter was transferred, and between that time and the arrival of the train at Napinka a package of money, containing between one and three thousand dollars, consigned from a bank in Oxbow to the head office in Winnipeg, disappeared. When the bag was taken off at Napinka it was found that the registered sack had a hole in it, but it is impossible to say whether it was cut during the wreck or afterwards. The express company officials and the postoffice inspector are conducting a rigid inquiry, but so far have found no trace of it.

AN AMICABLE

The C. P. R. and Mechanical Their Difficult

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The question at issue between the C. P. R. and the Federated Mechanical Unions of the company, which have been a subject of conference, have been amicably settled and a schedule and working agreement eminently satisfactory will be the result. A matter of prime importance to the older men especially is their reinstatement to the pension roll, from which they were removed after the strike. This has been conceded by the company. It has also been agreed that any of the mechanics who struck last Summer on the Western lines, and who have not yet been taken back, shall be at once re-engaged if they desire. A number of men at Medicine Hat and several Western points will be benefited by this. As a result of the conference and the conciliatory spirit in which both sides approached the consideration, it is expected that a long period of harmonious relations has been in-

MAN KILLED AND EATEN

Case of Cannibalism in the Province of Québec Investigated.

A despatch from Roberval, Que., says: The Coroner's jury which has been investigating the extraordinary mystery surrounding the death of Auguste Lemieux in the wilds of northern Quebec on Friday afternoon brought in a verdict completely exonerating Joseph Grasset, the only man alive apparently who knows anything at all about the affair. At the same time the jury found that the circumstances pointed to the third member of the party, a Frenchman named Bernard, as the guilty man, and it was ordered that he should be arrested if he ever turned up. It is not, however, thought that Bernard will ever be seen again, the general opinion being that after the death

of Lemieux part of the body Bernard lost his way in the wilds and either starved to death or was drowned. Grasset stated that he had gone north with the two men, hired to help him on a four months' hunting trip. They had hard luck, and running short of provisions, he sent the two back to where some food was cached and went on alone. That, he stated, was the last he ever saw of either of them. Later Lemieux's body was found by some Indians, he having evidently been murdered and part of his body eaten, the fleshy portions of the body being gone, while the limbs were hacked off and showed that much of the flesh had been cut away.

D. NO PRICE TOO GREAT.

George To Pay for Australia's Defence, Says Mr. Deakin.

A despatch from Sydney says: West Australia will join Victoria and New South Wales in offering a Dreadnought to Britain. Speaking at a large meeting on Thursday, Mr. Deakin said that, having regard to Australia's isolation, no price was too great to pay for defence. They should stand up beside New Zealand. (Prolonged cheering.) The Commonwealth must pay its share to prove the unity of the empire. Mr. Deakin predicted a deficit of £500,000 in the budget and the impossibility of paying old-age pensions without borrowing. Mr. Fisher, the Premier has declined to call the Federal Parliament at an early date to discuss the question of the offer of a Dreadnought by the Commonwealth.

PEMBROKE BLOCK IN ASHES.

CAR. Most Dangerous When Fire Hit Ammunition in Hardware Store.

A despatch from Pembroke, Ont., says: The entire block occupied by Dunlop and Co., hardware merchants, and four houses belonging to Fenton and Smith, were burned to the ground on Sunday morning. The fire made great headway before the department could approach it, as the loaded shells carried in stock in the hardware store exploded, and bullets were scattered in all directions, inflicting considerable damage to property. No one, however, was injured. In addition to the premises destroyed, considerable damage was inflicted upon several stores in the neighborhood. The loss is estimated at \$100,000, with insurance about \$70,000.

A DESTROYER SUNK.

Collided With Steamer Off the Coast of Kent.

A despatch from London says: The British torpedo-boat destroyer Blackwater was sunk at midnight on Wednesday night off Dungeness as a result of a collision with the British steamer Hero. The crew of the Blackwater was saved. The Hero had her bows stove in. The Blackwater had a displacement of 550 tons and was 225 feet long. She had a complement of 70 men and was capable of steaming 25 knots an hour.

ELEPHANT RAN AMUCK.

Killed Keeper at Des Moines—40 Bullets Shot Into Him.

A despatch from Des Moines, Iowa, says: "Tom," an elephant in the winter quarters of the Yankee Robinson circus, ran amuck on Thursday night, and, seizing his keeper, Charles Bellow, hurled him high into the air and then trampled him to death. The excited beast then ran through the animal park, uprooted small trees, destroyed three circus waggons and demolished a bridge across a lagoon. Forty bullets were shot into the elephant before he was subdued.

AN AERIAL CRUISER.

French Minister of War Offers Prize for Best Design.

A despatch from Paris says: Gen-

GOWGANDA—The Second Cobalt

GOWGANDA, with its magnificent silver veins, is being heralded far and wide as the second Cobalt, and since last fall millions have been invested by Capitalists on the reports of the leading mining engineers of the continent. Cobalt mines have paid \$11,600,000 in dividends. GOWGANDA will equal if not surpass it in richness, and the MacGREGOR properties are in the rich section.

PROPERTIES. M. R. 3507, M. R. 3523, M. R. 3524, about 40 acres each, about 120 in all, at the south end and east of Gowganda Lake. Promising because of the splendid fissure leads on the properties, and because they are surrounded by splendid silver veins. We confidently expect that these properties will prove rich in silver and that large profits will be made by the members of this Syndicate.

SILVER

MacGREGOR MINES SYNDICATE

Shares \$100.00 Each. Half Shares \$50.00. No Personal Liability.

SILVER

THE PLAN. The MacGREGOR Syndicate is being formed for \$20,000. \$16,000 will go to pay for the properties, and \$4,000 is being placed in the Treasury for stripping veins, initial development, and such works as may be deemed necessary for the success of the Syndicate. The three properties will be absolutely owned by the Syndicate. By our plan the Syndicate members come in on the actual purchase of the properties, and reap the profits that usually go to promoters.

Send in your application at once for as many shares as you desire to take. This is an chance that seldom happens. Write at once for map and further particulars as to Syndicate plan.

SAFETY.—Our confidence in the safety of the investment is expressed in the fact that we have taken 50 shares in the Syndicate. We think it is a first-class investment, and we offer it to careful, conservative men as such, in our belief. We call it a unique opportunity for men of moderate means; that others appreciate it to be so is shown by the keen demand for shares.

CHAPMAN, LYNCH & CO.,
704 705 Traders Bank Building, TORONTO

On the Farm

KEEPING MILK RECORDS.

In Great Britain, leading dairy-men do not hesitate to point out the advantages of keeping regular milk records. At a Farmers' Club meeting, a short time ago, H. M. Everard, of Terling, Essex, dealt with the report fully. A report in the Agricultural Gazette states that, after referring to the importance of good breeding, and particularly the use of a sire of undoubted milking strain, he spoke as follows regarding his herd, composed largely of grade Shorthorns:

"Our object is to provide as large a quantity of good-quality milk as possible, and, when we have obtained it, to have a record of whence it came. I fear a large majority of the dairy farmers of this country do not know which cows are paying their way and which are not. They have to depend on their head cowman for what answers are given to their questions, and it is not a very satisfactory position for any master to have to depend entirely on what is told him by his servants, with out being able to verify it in any way himself. I have heard many farmers say that they quite agree in keeping milk records, but that they are rather reluctant to start, owing to the labor which it entails. I think they would be greatly surprised at the little time and trouble it involves, and that they would be amply repaid by the pleasure they would obtain in looking through their book when the cows are doing well; and when they are not doing well, to be able to point out the individual cow to the responsible man, and obtain his

UNITE TO REPEL ATTACK

British and Germans Fight Shoulder to Shoulder in Northern Nigeria.

A despatch from London says: Remarkable details of the onslaught of a thousand cannibal natives upon the Anglo-German Boundary Commission in unexplored country in Northern Nigeria have reached London. A feature of the action was that British and German troops fought together to repel the native attack.

At 5 o'clock on Christmas Day the combined Anglo-German force marched out from Sonkwalla, an unmapped place on the frontier, and subsequently divided into two columns, the German commissioner, Lieut. von Stephani (Reuter's Agency states) being in command of one, and Capt. Heathcote of the other.

Both forces soon became lost in the dense undergrowth and high elephant grass. The British heard the enemy hooting and calling in the distance. They encountered the greatest difficulty, the track being completely blocked with trees, while the natives had also dug pits sometimes as much as a hundred yards long, and plentifully bestrewn the route with dangerous spikes, which pierced the soldiers' feet. Eventually the column came to open ground, by which time two of the soldiers had been spiked through the feet. The enemy at once opened fire, but were repulsed. The column then marched to an elevated position. The enemy now

offered a splendid target for the Maxim, but the gun jammed, and was out of action for some time. At this moment the rattling of the Germans' Maxim could be heard on the other side of the hills.

Capt. Heathcote having burned some houses to indicate his whereabouts to the German column, descended to the enemy in the open. There a brisk running fight was maintained, and the enemy were finally driven off. Meantime a third force, under Lieut. Homan, which had been despatched from Sonkwalla, became engaged.

News of the German column was only received on the return to camp. Lieut. von Stephani reported that at noon a very large force surrounded the German column in the bush and opened a heavy attack, in which Lieut. von Stephani was wounded in two places, one of his non-commissioned officers being also hit on the wrist, and two men being killed. For over an hour the column was desperately engaged. A second German non-commissioned officer was shot through the sleeve while serving his Maxim. As the column retired, the natives made many attempts to rush it.

Although dangerously wounded, Lieut. von Stephani brought the column out of action with great gallantry, being assisted by Capt. Moore, R.E., who was attached to the force.

changes a failure to a success.

A MADMAN'S FRENZY.

when discovered, and the occupants made their escape through the windows. Walter Livingstone, a young homesteader, journeying from his

three circus wagons and demolished a bridge across a lagoon. Forty bullets were shot into the elephant before he was subdued.

AN AERIAL CRUISER.

French Minister of War Offers Prize for Best Design.

A despatch from Paris says: Gen. Picquart, Minister of War, has offered a prize of \$1,000 for the best design of an aerial cruiser. The condition provides for a steerable ship, which must be able to maintain a speed of at least 31 miles an hour for 15 hours, with six passengers. Its total volume is not to exceed 6,500 cubic meters, its total length 90 meters, height 20 metres and diameter through the centre 20 metres.

GUELPH'S NEW STATION.

Railway Commission Orders Grand Trunk to Build One.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Railway Commission on Thursday morning issued an order, that the G. T. R. construct a station at Guelph and bear the entire cost of the building. The application was made by the city of Guelph, the present station facilities being inadequate.

WHIRLED AROUND A SHAFT.

Charles Young Receives Fatal Injuries at Tillsonburg.

A despatch from Tillsonburg says: While Charles Young of the Maple Leaf Harvest Tool Works was putting on a belt in the forge-room on Monday morning he was drawn up by the belt by the right arm and whirled around the shaft. He dropped on an anvil which had two upright prongs on it, on which he was impaled. His arm was broken and the flesh stripped from it. He was badly injured on the head, and is dying.

BLE AGREEMENT

Mechanical Unions Settle Difficulties.

augmented. The schedules and agreements have not yet been signed actually, but there is no doubt they will be immediately upon the return of Grant Hall, superintendent of motive power for the company in the West. Only comparative minor matters of detail remain to be settled.

The company has been successful in its contention for separate and distinct schedules for the Eastern and Western lines, but the actual composition of the schedule committee to conduct the Eastern negotiations has not yet been definitely settled. The Western lines desire representation thereon, but it is not likely that this will be agreed to. A joint committee to meet in Winnipeg and Montreal, however, is by no means an impossibility. The Western unions have secured the closed shop and the integrity of their organizations, which was somewhat impaired by the result of the strike.

they are rather reluctant to start owing to the labor which it entails. I think they would be greatly surprised at the little time and trouble it involves, and that they would be amply repaid by the pleasure they would obtain in looking through their book when the cows are doing well; and when they are not doing well, to be able to point out the individual cow to the responsible man, and obtain his reason for the difference. For any ordinary farmer, I think measuring the cow's milk one day in the week would be quite sufficient. Of course, this would not do where pedigree herds are kept, and where an accurate record is essential. On the estate with which I am connected upwards of 1,000 cows are kept, and their milk is all measured and recorded one day in the week. At the end of the year this is multiplied by seven, and the result is near enough for our purpose. Some other farmers I know of measure their milk (or weigh it) fortnightly, but I consider the weekly system the best. The time it would take (say for a herd of fifty cows) to measure and enter up in the milk-record book would not be more than three hours at the most, so the question of the time it takes ought not to be considered. I think the best way is for the farmer, his son, or the bailiff, to be present for the entire time of milking one morning and one evening every week, with a list of every cow's name, and, as the milk from each animal is measured, to record the quantity given; also a note taken at the time whether any animal has been bulled during the week. It can also be seen at the same time if any animal is off its feed, and a reason can be asked for and a note made of it. This list can be copied into a milk-record book.

"The average quantity of milk given by the cows here is about 650 gallons per annum. I suppose the quantity given by the cows of the country generally would be something under 600. When we realize the possibility of this being increased, by judicious management and breeding, to 700 and 800, we see the immense importance of this subject; and even when we have attained the 800 minimum, we must not stop there, as we know it is possible for cows to give 1,400 and 1,600 gallons in the year. The largest quantity of milk we have ever had from a cow in one year was from a Shorthorn cow, which calved on October 28th, was bulled on December 17th, and dried off on September 14th, during which period she gave 1,674 gallons, and averaged, for 30 weeks, no less than 24½ quarts daily."

ALFALFA POINTERS.

Among things to be avoided, if one expects to succeed with alfalfa, says Bulletin No. 305, of the Geneva, N. Y., Experiment Station, are wet soil, sour soil, shallow soil, adulterated seed, dodder-infested seed, seed of poor vitality; seed from warmer, irrigated lands, and weed seeds in the soil. Factors that aid in securing good yields are thorough preparation of the soil, usually best begun the year before by planting a cultivated crop to which a liberal application of stable manure is made, and good dodder-free seed, usually sown without a nurse crop, and put in after weed seeds have been worked out of soil. In most cases, the use of half a ton to a ton of lime to the acre, and of 200 to 300 pounds to the acre of soil from a successful alfalfa field, will prove profitable, and one or the other often

to open ground, by which time two of the soldiers had been spiked through the feet. The enemy at once opened fire, but were repulsed. The column then marched to an elevated position. The enemy now

changes a failure to a success.

A MADMAN'S FRENZY.

A Remarkable Story From Pointe Claire, Quebec.

A despatch from Montreal says: In a paroxysm of either rage or insanity Alfred E. Grove, at his home in Pointe Claire, on Sunday, slashed his wife with a razor with which he had been shaving himself, cutting her seriously about the arms and hands. He also attacked three men who went to prevent him from doing any more damage after committing these violent acts, and is believed to have gone up stairs in his house afterwards and set fire to a bundle of rubbish. The fire, luckily, was caught in time and the work of the firemen prevented it from doing any great damage to the residence.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Empire Hotel at Swan River, Manitoba, Destroyed.

A despatch from Swan River, Man., says: The Empire Hotel was destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. The flames had a good start

when discovered, and the occupants made their escape through the windows. Walter Livingstone, a young homesteader, journeying from his parents' home in Minnedosa, was burned to death, while a comrade was rescued with difficulty. It was thought that Livingstone got out, but, being missed, a search in the ruins confirmed the fear that he must have been overcome. Most of those who escaped got away in their night gear, and many of them were more or less burned.

MACGREGOR PROPERTIES.

The announcement of the MacGregor Mines Syndicate is attracting much attention from investors who have been waiting for an opportunity to get in on the ground floor in the wonderful Gowganda Silver field. It is not often that the investor of small means has the opportunity to get in on the actual purchase of properties as splendidly located as are the properties of the MacGregor Mines Syndicate, as well as an opportunity of receiving the profits that usually go to promoters. Altogether it would seem to be a proposition that should commend itself to thinking men.



PAQUET
Guaranteed
CLOTHES
THE MOST PERFECT
METHOD OF CLOTHES
MAKING YET DEVISED

CLOTHES, to fit perfectly, MUST be made to measure. The Old-fashioned Ready Made Clothes are all made to fit AVERAGE types, not REAL men. That's why they don't fit YOU. PAQUET Guaranteed CLOTHES are not Ready Made. They are cut to your exact measurement BEFORE they are made up at all. Our new method makes this possible. It is the most perfect method of Clothes Making yet devised.

PAQUET Guaranteed CLOTHES give you all the advantages of Custom Tailoring at Half the expense. The Materials used are absolutely PURE WOOL of the highest grade procurable. They are sold direct to YOU at Wholesale Prices, and are Guaranteed to be the best value in Canada to-day at from \$10.00 to \$13.75—worth \$13.50 to \$18.00.

The most highly trained experts only are engaged in the production of PAQUET Guaranteed CLOTHES.

Our handsome Style Book tells all about our exclusive method of Clothes Making. Write for it to day. Don't put it off until another time—a postcard will do—you'll get the Style Book by return mail. It'll surprise you.

PAQUET COMPANY LIMITED
QUEBEC, CANADA.

TRAINS COLLIDE AT TWEED

Operator at Kaladar Reported That the Westbound Train Had Not Passed.

Shortly after 5 o'clock on Friday morning the second sections of trains numbers five and six came together one mile east of Tweed. Apparently the accident was due to the night operator at Kaladar having fallen asleep and accepted orders for a train that had passed his station while he was asleep. The only persons injured were engineer Williams of Havelock, and baggageman Emery O. Winters of 14 Alma avenue, Toronto. Both were on the west-bound train, which was travelling at a rate of 25 miles an

hour. The other train was not going faster than ten miles an hour. Some of the cars on the east-bound train were derailed or damaged and were used afterwards to take passengers west. None of the passenger coaches on the west-bound train were damaged, except that a pair of steps was knocked off one. An empty baggage car was telescoped by the partially loaded express car. Both engines are damaged, but not beyond repair; both remained upright, but one was slightly off the track.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 13.—Flour—Ontario wheat, 90 per cent. patents, \$4.50 to \$4.55 to-day in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$5.70 to \$5.90 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.40 to \$5.60, and strong bakers', \$5 to \$5.20.

Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.26½, and No. 2 Northern, \$1.23½, Georgian Bay ports. No. 1 Northern \$1.33½, all rail, and No. 2 Northern, \$1.30½, all rail.

Oats—Ontario No. 2 white, 47½ to 48c on track, Toronto, and 45½c outside. No. 2 Western Canada oats, 47½c, Collingwood, and No. 3, 46½c, Bay ports; No. 2 Western Canada, all rail, 51½c.

Peas—No. 2 quoted at 95½c outside.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 74 to 74½c on track, Toronto, and No. 2 73 to 73½c on track, Toronto. Canadian corn, 71½ to 72c on track, Toronto.

Bran—Cars, \$23.50 in bulk outside. Shorts, \$23.50 to \$24 in bulk outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$4.50 to \$3.50 for choice qualities, and \$3.50 to \$4 for seconds.

Beans—Prime, \$1.90 to \$2, and hand-picked, \$2.10 to \$2.15 per bushel.

Honey—Combs, \$2 to \$2.75 per dozen, and strained, 10 to 11c per pound.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$10.50 to \$11 per ton on track here, and lower grades \$8 to \$9 a ton.

Straw—\$7 to \$8 on track.

Potatoes—67½ to 70c per bag on track.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 15 to 16c per pound; fowl, 11 to 12c; turkeys, 20 to 22c per pound.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 20 to 21c; tubs and large rolls, 15 to 17c; inferior, 13 to 14c; creamery rolls, 25c, and solids, 20 to 21c.

Eggs—Case lots 18 to 19c per doz. Cheese—Large, 14 to 14½c per pound, and twins, 14¼ to 14½c;

was fairly active and prices firm for choice well-finished cattle. Butcher's cattle of the better grade were in good demand, and sold at \$4.90 to \$5. Medium and common grades were easier. Stockers and feeders—demand good and supply limited. Milch cows and springers—Quiet. Calves—Steady at last quotations. Sheep and lambs—Unchanged—Hogs—selected at \$6.90 f.o.b., and \$7.15, fed and watered.

SIX BURNED TO DEATH.

Sudden Fire in Business Section of Lennox, Mass.

A despatch from Lennox, Mass., says: Six people lost their lives, three others were badly burned, and a property loss of between \$200,000 and \$300,000 was caused by a fire in the heart of the business section of this town early on Sunday. Four business blocks, two dwellings and two other structures were destroyed. The dead are: Edward C. Ventress, electrician; Mrs. Edward C. Ventress, Miss Leslie Ventress, Miss Alice French, bookkeeper; Miss Isabel Cook, bookkeeper; Miss Mary Sparks, school teacher. The death of Miss French was one of the pitiful tragedies of the morning. While the fire was at its height, a woman was seen to climb out of a flame-filled room onto a verandah on the second story, with her night clothing and hair ablaze. Staggering to the railing she leaped to the sidewalk, landing in a heap within five or six feet of the blazing walls. Some of the horrified onlookers attempted to rush in to drag her out but the intense heat drove them back and not until several hours later, was the body recovered.

PULLED TRIGGER WITH TOE.

Italian Committed Suicide—Could Not Get Work.

A despatch from Montreal says: Another tragedy in the Italian colony was revealed on Thursday morning when the detective office was notified that there had been a shooting affray on Bisson street, a side street running north from St. Antoine street, just west of Windsor. Detectives hurried to the house and found the body of Antoni Lalli, a lady about 16 years of age, lying across a bed, with a double-barreled shotgun beside him and a wound over his heart. One barrel had been discharged, and there were marks on the wall as

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Peterboro' will vote on local option next January.

Seeding is in progress over a large portion of the west.

A lot of damage was done by flood and ice in the Niagara River.

The auction sale of Prince Rupert lots will begin at Vancouver on May 25th.

The Grand Trunk Pacific has let contracts for a lot of new engines and steel rails.

A great find of magnetic iron is reported on Campbell River, Vancouver Island.

A Cornwall hotelkeeper was fined \$150 and costs on two charges of selling liquor to Indians.

A young woman gave birth to a child on a train while travelling from Sturgeon Falls to Ottawa.

A general advance in lumber is announced in Winnipeg, in connection with an active building season.

Charles Cook, a twelve-year-old boy, was crushed to death by the upsetting of a load of logs at Faversham.

Mr. Justice Cannon has been appointed commissioner by the Quebec Government to investigate Montreal civic affairs.

Conductor Harvey, who was in charge of the train that ran into the Windsor Station, Montreal, has been dismissed.

The two-year-old daughter of A. Krienke was killed by a train while walking in her sleep at Southey, Sask.

William Smith, from Hamilton, was killed at Lethbridge by falling from the bridge being constructed by the C. P. R.

GENERAL.

Four men were shot down by carabinieri in Calabria while taking part in an anti-tax riot.

France will collect a duty of \$120 on foreign balloons landing on French territory.

The violent speeches of labor leaders in Paris have stirred up fears that a bloody insurrection is imminent.

The Czar of Russia is planning an extensive foreign tour for the summer, which may include England.

A new naturalization law promulgated at Peking makes it impossible for a Chinaman to adopt foreign citizenship.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Algernon Charles Swinburne, the poet, died at Putney, England, on Saturday.

The Earl of Carrick, who served against the Fenians in Canada in 1870, is dead.

Lord Charles Beresford has declined nineteen invitations to stand for Parliament.

The Grand Trunk half-yearly report shows £443,078 available for dividends. The net profits were £960,427.

UNITED STATES.

Du Maurier's play, "An Englishman's Home," was hissed off the stage at Berlin Sunday night.

NINE MEN DROWNED.

All Hope for Safety of the George Bloss is Abandoned.

A despatch from Windsor, Ont., says: All hope has now been abandoned for the tug George Bloss, which was reported on Thursday as missing from Cleveland, and the owners on Friday night gave out a statement to this effect. Wreckage in considerable quantity has been coming ashore in the vicinity of Kelly's Island and Put-in-Bay, much of it bearing easy marks of identification. The ill-fated vessel, with nine on board, six of a crew and three passengers, were undoubtedly engulfed in the terrific storm of Wednesday. The names of the missing are: William Berry, captain; Frederick Gilbee, engineer; John Dailey, sailor; Peck McKenzie, sailor; Henry Anderson, sailor; John O'Donnell, a passenger, of Cleveland; Joseph Martin, a passenger of Warton, Ont., age 16.

KILLED BY A STREET CAR.

Two Boys Run Over at Montreal, One Beheaded.

A despatch from Montreal says: A terrible double fatality occurred here Friday evening, in which two young boys returning from church were crushed to death by a street car. The two lads, Joseph MacDonald, nine years old, and Joseph Linner, fourteen years, were standing on the tracks at the corner of Papineau Road and Mount Royal Avenue, immediately behind a car. There is a switch at the corner where the cars are turned, and suddenly the car backed up to take the switch, knocking the two boys down and running over them. The accident was not noticed until the car passed, when their mangled bodies were found. Both were terribly cut up, one boy's head being completely severed from his shoulders, while the older lad's legs were cut off. Death in each case must have been instantaneous.

COLORADO GOING DRY.

Many Municipalities Carried a Prohibition Law.

A despatch from Denver, Col., says: Prohibition won in most places in the municipal elections held in Colorado. Colorado Springs went dry by 2,000 majority. That city has never had a saloon, but the election will prevent drug stores from selling liquor in the future. La Junta, Canon City and Castle Rock all voted against the saloons, while Cripple Creek and Colorado City remain wet.

A despatch from Milwaukee, Wis., says: Municipal elections were held in a large number of cities throughout Wisconsin on Tuesday, the question of "license" or "no license" being an issue. License carried in a majority of the cities and towns heard from.

AMERICAN SETTLERS.

Rush Into the West This Year will Break all Records.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Reports received by the Immigration Department from agents in the United States indicate that the rush of American settlers to the Canadian west this year will break

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A despatch from West A. and Ne. Dreadnought at a la Mr. D. gard to price w fence. side N cheering must p unity o predict the bud paying borrowi mier ha al Par discuss a Dre wealth.

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THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 20 to 21c; tubs and large rolls, 15 to 17c; inferior, 13 to 14c; creamery rolls, 25c, and solids, 20 to 21c.
Eggs—Case lots 18 to 19c per doz.
Cheese—Large, 14 to 14½c per pound, and twins, 14¼ to 14½c; new cheese, 13½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 12 to 12½c per pound in case lots; mess pork, \$20.50 to \$21; short cut, \$23 to \$24.
Hams—Light to medium, 14 to 14½c; do., heavy, 13 to 13½c; rolls, 11 to 11½c; shoulders, 10½c; backs, 16½ to 17c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16c.
Lard—Tierces, 13c; tubs, 13½c; pails, 13½c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 13.—Peas—No. 2, \$1.03 to \$1.04. Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 51 to 51½c; extra, No. 1 feed, 50½ to 51c; No. 1 feed, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 2, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 3, 49 to 49½c; Ontario No. 4, 48 to 48½c. Barley—No. 2, 66 to 67c. Feed—59½ to 60c. Buckwheat—69½ to 70c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.80 to \$6; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.30 to \$5.50; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.10 to \$5.30; Winter wheat patents, \$5.50 to \$5.65; straight rollers, \$5.10 to \$5.25; straight rollers in bags, \$2.50 to \$2.55; extra, in bags, \$2.10 to \$2.20. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$22 to \$23; Manitoba shorts, \$24 to \$25; Ontario bran, \$23 to \$24; Ontario shorts, \$21.50 to \$25; Ontario middlings, \$25 to \$25.50; pure grain mouille, \$33 to \$35; mixed mouille, \$28 to \$30. Cheese—12½ to 13c. Butter—20½ to 21c and fresh receipts at 19c. Eggs—20 to 21c per dozen.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, April 13.—Prime beefs sold at 5½ to a little over 6c per pound; pretty good animals at 4¼ to 5½c; common stock, 3 to 4c per pound. Milch cows sold at \$25 to \$55 each. Calves sold at \$2.50 to \$25 each, or 3 to 6½c per pound. Sheep sold at about 5½c; lambs at 6½ to 7c per pound. Good lots of fat hogs sold at from 7½c to near 8c per pound.
Toronto, April 13.—Export trade

shooting affray on Bission street, a side street running north from St. Antoine street, just west of Windsor. Detectives hurried to the house and found the body of Antoni Lalli, a lady about 16 years of age, lying across a bed, with a double-barreled shotgun beside him and a wound over his heart. One barrel had been discharged, and there were marks on the wall as though the shot had gone through the body. The boy had been unable to get work since last fall, and it is supposed he became despondent and shot himself by pulling the trigger of the gun with his foot, from which the boot had been taken.

LOST IN THE WOODS.

Cardinal and King, Given Up Last Winter, May be Alive.

A despatch from Fort William says: There seems to be a strong probability that Cardinal and King, the shantymen who were given up as lost during the winter, are still alive. They lost their way coming from Smith's camp, but now the report comes in that since they disappeared two men answering their description applied to a house out there for a meal, saying they had been lost in the bush for a time, but were making their way to another camp.

KING ALFONSO'S AUTO.

Collided With That of His Queen—No One Injured.

A despatch from Madrid says: King Alfonso and Queen Victoria recently had a narrow escape from injury. The King was leaving the palace courtyard and the Queen was entering in their automobiles, when the machines came into collision in the narrow passage. Both automobiles were badly damaged, but their Majesties were not hurt.

BURNED IN HIS SHACK.

C. J. Morris Found Dead Near Milestone, Sask.

A despatch from Milestone, Sask., says: The shack of C. J. Morris on his claim, fifteen miles south, was burned on Monday night, and Morris perished in the flames. The tragedy was discovered by the neighbors next morning.

for Parliament.
The Grand Trunk half-yearly report shows £443,078 available for dividends. The net profits were £960,427.

UNITED STATES.

Du Maurier's play, "An Englishman's Home," was hissed off the stage at Berlin Sunday night.

Mrs. Georgia Allyn Sampson, accused at Lyons, N. Y., of the murder of her husband, was found not guilty.

The Payne tariff bill passed the House of Representatives at Washington on Friday by a vote of 217 to 161.

Six hundred saloons and ten breweries will be forced out of business in Michigan's nineteen "dry" counties.

A proposal to place barley on the free list was voted down in the House of representatives at Washington. It will come up again.

By a majority of six the House of Representatives at Washington decided to retain the dollar a thousand and duty on rough lumber.

Miss Jeanette Harkness, formerly of Toronto, a nurse in a St. Louis hospital, gave a patient a dose of poison by mistake and he died soon after.

COAL IN EASTERN ONTARIO.

Ridge Runs Through Township of Emily—Said to Carry Coal.

A despatch from Omamee says: Coal has been found on the farm of Mr. George J. Winn, 8th concession of Emily township, and as a result there is considerable excitement in the community. Mr. Winn noticed strata of what looked like dark rock protruding from the earth on a path along a ridge of land running through his farm. The formation strongly resembled coal, and pieces of it, when placed on a fire, burned, leaving cinders similar to those produced by coal. The ridge in which the coal was found runs through the township of Emily to Mount Pleasant. A gentleman who visited this district last summer, and who was interested in the Pennsylvania coal mines, is said to have held the opinion that this ridge of hills was coal-bearing.

HILL TO ENTER WINNIPEG.

Great Northern Will be There by September, He Says.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Great Northern Railway filed plans for its entry into this city, and President Hill on Thursday made a positive declaration that his road would run into Winnipeg by September 1 next. This is one of the most important commercial incidents that could well be imagined, if the new line affords competition, which now is lacking under the joint freight arrangements. Many big firms will save thousands of dollars, provided the Great Northern will give through rates from the east on the same basis as now prevails to St. Paul.

MOUNT ETNA ACTIVE.

Inhabitants Fear Another Destructive Eruption.

A despatch from Rome says: Mount Etna was again in active eruption on Sunday morning, the crater belching great clouds of smoke and cinders. The cinders descended in a fiery hail upon the mountain side. The inhabitants fear another destructive eruption.

AMERICAN SETTLERS.

Rush Into the West This Year will Break all Records.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Reports received by the Immigration Department from agents in the United States indicate that the rush of American settlers to the Canadian west this year will break all records. On Thursday Superintendent of Immigration Scott received a telegram from W. J. White, Inspector of United States agencies, from Spokane, Washington, stating that the flood of American land-seekers from the Pacific States to Alberta and Saskatchewan is beyond all expectations. The office at Spokane is crowded with home-seekers and their families anxious to take up land in Canada. For the first three months of this year 1,360 left Spokane, an increase of 50 per cent. over the corresponding period of last year. The increase in carloads of settlers' effects is over 100 per cent.

MONEY LOST IN WRECK.

Package Containing One to Three Thousand Dollars Missing.

A despatch from Brandon, Man., says: Several weeks ago the C. P. R. express was wrecked between Elva and Pierson, on the Estevan branch of the C. P. R., and the baggage and mail cars were smashed badly. After the wreckage was cleared away the mail matter was transferred, and between that time and the arrival of the train at Napinka a package of money, containing between one and three thousand dollars, consigned from a bank in Oxbow to the head office in Winnipeg, disappeared. When the bag was taken off at Napinka it was found that the registered sack had a hole in it, but it is impossible to say whether it was cut during the wreck or afterwards. The express company officials and the postoffice inspector are conducting a rigid inquiry, but so far have found no trace of it.

AN AMICABLE

The C. P. R. and Mechan Their Difficul

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The question at issue between the C. P. R. and the Federated Mechanical Unions of the company, which have been a subject of conference, have been amicably settled and a schedule and working agreement eminently satisfactory will be the result. A matter of prime importance to the older men especially is their reinstatement to the pension roll, from which they were removed after the strike. This has been conceded by the company. It has also been agreed that any of the mechanics who struck last Summer on the Western lines, and who have not yet been taken back, shall be at once re-engaged if they desire. A number of men at Medicine Hat and several Western points will be benefited by this. As a result of the conference and the conciliatory spirit in which both sides approached the consideration, it is expected that a long period of harmonious relations has been in-

MAN KILLED AND EATEN

Case of Cannibalism in the Province of Quebec Investigated.

A despatch from Roberval, Que., says: The Coroner's jury which has been investigating the extraordinary mystery surrounding the death of Auguste Lemieux in the wilds of northern Quebec on Friday afternoon brought in a verdict completely exonerating Joseph Grasset, the only man alive apparently who knows anything at all about the affair. At the same time the jury found that the circumstances pointed to the third member of the party, a Frenchman named Bernard, as the guilty man, and it was ordered that he should be arrested if he ever turned up. It is not, however, thought that Bernard will ever be seen again, the general opinion being that after the death

of Lemieux part of the body Bernard lost his way in the wilds and either starved to death or was drowned.

Grasset stated that he had gone north with the two men, hired to help him on a four months' hunting trip. They had hard luck, and running short of provisions, he sent the two back to where some food was cached and went on alone. That, he stated, was the last he ever saw of either of them. Later Lemieux's body was found by some Indians, he having evidently been murdered and part of his body eaten, the fleshy portions of the body being gone, while the limbs were backed off and showed that much of the flesh had been cut away.

D. NO PRICE TOO GREAT.

George To Pay for Australia's Defence, Says Mr. Deakin.

A despatch from Sydney says: West Australia will join Victoria and New South Wales in offering a Dreadnought to Britain. Speaking at a large meeting on Thursday, Mr. Deakin said that, having regard to Australia's isolation, no price was too great to pay for defence. They should stand up beside New Zealand. (Prolonged cheering.) The Commonwealth must pay its share to prove the unity of the empire. Mr. Deakin predicted a deficit of £500,000 in the budget and the impossibility of paying old-age pensions without borrowing. Mr. Fisher, the Premier has declined to call the Federal Parliament at an early date to discuss the question of the offer of a Dreadnought by the Commonwealth.

PEMBROKE BLOCK IN ASHES.

CAR. Most Dangerous When Fire Hit Ammunition in Hardware Store.

A despatch from Pembroke, Ont., says: The entire block occupied by Dunlop and Co., hardware merchants, and four houses belonging to Fenton and Smith, were burned to the ground on Sunday morning. The fire made great headway before the department could approach it, as the loaded shells carried in stock in the hardware store exploded, and bullets were scattered in all directions, inflicting considerable damage to property. No one, however, was injured. In addition to the premises destroyed, considerable damage was inflicted upon several stores in the neighborhood. The loss is estimated at \$100,000, with insurance about \$70,000.

A DESTROYER SUNK.

Collided With Steamer Off the Coast of Kent.

A despatch from London says: The British torpedo-boat destroyer Blackwater was sunk at midnight on Wednesday night off Dun- geness as a result of a collision with the British steamer Hero. The crew of the Blackwater was saved. The Hero had her bows stove in. The Blackwater had a displacement of 550 tons and was 225 feet long. She had a complement of 70 men and was capable of steaming 25 knots an hour.

ELEPHANT RAN AMUCK.

Killed Keeper at Des Moines—40 Bullets Shot Into Him.

A despatch from Des Moines, Iowa, says: "Tom," an elephant in the winter quarters of the Yankee Robinson circus, ran amuck on Thursday night, and, seizing his keeper, Charles Bellow, hurled him high into the air and then trampled him to death. The excited beast then ran through the animal park, uprooted small trees, destroyed three circus waggons and demolished a bridge across a lagoon. Forty bullets were shot into the elephant before he was subdued.

AN AERIAL CRUISER.

French Minister of War Offers Prize for Best Design.

GOWGANDA—The Second Cobalt

GOWGANDA, with its magnificent silver veins, is being heralded far and wide as the second Cobalt, and since last fall millions have been invested by Capitalists on the reports of the leading mining engineers of the continent. Cobalt mines have paid \$11,600,000 in dividends. GOWGANDA will equal if not surpass it in richness, and the MacGREGOR properties are in the rich section.

PROPERTIES. M.R. 3507, M. R. 3523, M. R. 3524, about 40 acres each, about 120 in all, at the south end and east of Gowganda Lake. Promising because of the splendid fissure leads on the properties, and because they are surrounded by splendid silver veins. We confidently expect that these properties will prove rich in silver and that large profits will be made by the members of this Syndicate.

SILVER

MacGREGOR MINES SYNDICATE

Shares \$100.00 Each. Half Shares \$50.00. No Personal Liability.

SILVER

THE PLAN. The MacGREGOR Syndicate is being formed for \$20,000. \$16,000 will go to pay for the properties, and \$4,000 is being placed in the Treasury for stripping veins, initial development and such works as may be deemed necessary for the success of the Syndicate. The three properties will be absolutely owned by the Syndicate. By our plan the Syndicate members come in on the actual purchase of the properties, and reap the profits that usually go to promoters.

Send in your application at once for as many shares as you desire to take. This is a chance that seldom happens. Write at once for map and further particulars as to Syndicate plan.

SAFETY.—Our confidence in the safety of the investment is expressed in the fact that we have taken 50 shares in the Syndicate. We think it is a first-class investment, and we offer it to careful, conservative men as such, in our belief. We call it a unique opportunity for men of moderate means; that others appreciate it to be so is shown by the keen demand for shares.

CHAPMAN, LYNCH & CO.,
704 705 Traders Bank Building, TORONTO

On the Farm

KEEPING MILK RECORDS.

In Great Britain, leading dairymen do not hesitate to point out the advantages of keeping regular milk records. At a Farmers' Club meeting, a short time ago, H. M. Everard, of Terling, Essex, dealt with the report fully. A report in the Agricultural Gazette states that, after referring to the importance of good breeding, and particularly the use of a sire of undoubted milking strain, he spoke as follows regarding his herd, composed largely of grade Short-horns:

"Our object is to provide as large a quantity of good-quality milk as possible, and, when we have obtained it, to have a record of whence it came. I fear a large majority of the dairy farmers of this country do not know which cows are paying their way and which are not. They have to depend on their head cowman for what answers are given to their questions, and it is not a very satisfactory position for any master to have to depend entirely on what is told him by his servants, without being able to verify it in any way himself. I have heard many farmers say that they quite agree in keeping milk records, but that they are rather reluctant to start, owing to the labor which it entails. I think they would be greatly surprised at the little time and trouble it involves, and that they would be amply repaid by the pleasure they would obtain in looking through their book when the cows are doing well; and when they are not doing well, to be able to point out the individual cow to the responsible man, and obtain his

UNITE TO REPEL ATTACK

British and Germans Fight Shoulder to Shoulder in Northern Nigeria.

A despatch from London says: Remarkable details of the onslaught of a thousand cannibal natives upon the Anglo-German Boundary Commission in unexplored country in Northern Nigeria have reached London. A feature of the action was that British and German troops fought together to repel the native attack.

At 5 o'clock on Christmas Day the combined Anglo-German force marched out from Sonkwalla, an unmapped place on the frontier, and subsequently divided into two columns, the German commissioner, Lieut. von Stephani (Reuter's Agency states) being in command of one, and Capt. Heathcote of the other.

Both forces soon became lost in the dense undergrowth and high elephant grass. The British heard the enemy hooting and calling in the distance. They encountered the greatest difficulty, the track being completely blocked with trees, while the natives had also dug pits sometimes as much as a hundred yards long, and plentifully bestrewn the route with dangerous spikes, which pierced the soldiers' feet. Eventually the column came to open ground, by which time two of the soldiers had been spiked through the feet. The enemy at once opened fire, but were repulsed. The column then marched to an elevated position. The enemy now

offered a splendid target for the Maxim, but the gun jammed, and was out of action for some time. At this moment the rattling of the Germans' Maxim could be heard on the other side of the hills.

Capt. Heathcote having burned some houses to indicate his whereabouts to the German column, descended to the enemy in the open. There a brisk running fight was maintained, and the enemy were finally driven off. Meantime a third force, under Lieut. Homan, which had been despatched from Sonkwalla, became engaged.

News of the German column was only received on the return to camp. Lieut. von Stephani reported that at noon a very large force surrounded the German column in the bush and opened a heavy attack, in which Lieut. von Stephani was wounded in two places, one of his non-commissioned officers being also hit on the wrist, and two men being killed. For over an hour the column was desperately engaged. A second German non-commissioned officer was shot through the sleeve while serving his Maxim. As the column retired, the natives made many attempts to rush it.

Although dangerously wounded, Lieut. von Stephani brought the column out of action with great gallantry, being assisted by Capt. Moore, R.E., who was attached to the force.

changes a failure to a success.

A MADMAN'S FRENZY.

when discovered, and the occupants made their escape through the windows. Walter Livingstone, a young homesteadman, returning from his

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approved three circus waggon and demolished a bridge across a lagoon. Forty bullets were shot into the elephant before he was subdued.

AN AERIAL CRUISER.

French Minister of War Offers Prize for Best Design.

A despatch from Paris says: Gen. Picquart, Minister of War, has offered a prize of \$1,000 for the best design of an aerial cruiser. The condition provides for a steerable ship, which must be able to maintain a speed of at least 31 miles an hour for 15 hours, with six passengers. Its total volume is not to exceed 6,500 cubic meters, its total length 90 meters, height 20 metres and diameter through the centre 20 metres.

GUELPH'S NEW STATION.

Railway Commission Orders Grand Trunk to Build One.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Railway Commission on Thursday morning issued an order, that the G. T. R. construct a station at Guelph and bear the entire cost of the building. The application was made by the city of Guelph, the present station facilities being inadequate.

WHIRLED AROUND A SHAFT.

Charles Young Receives Fatal Injuries at Tillsonburg.

A despatch from Tillsonburg says: While Charles Young of the Maple Leaf Harvest Tool Works was putting on a belt in the forge-room on Monday morning he was drawn up by the belt by the right arm and whirled around the shaft. He dropped on an anvil which had two upright prongs on it, on which he was impaled. His arm was broken and the flesh stripped from it. He was badly injured on the head, and is dying.

BLE AGREEMENT

l Mechanical Unions Settle r Difficulties.

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augurated. The schedules and agreements have not yet been signed actually, but there is no doubt they will be immediately upon the return of Grant Hall, superintendent of motive power for the company in the West. Only comparative minor matters of detail remain to be settled.

The company has been successful in its contention for separate and distinct schedules for the Eastern and Western lines, but the actual composition of the schedule committee to conduct the Eastern negotiations has not yet been definitely settled. The Western lines desire representation thereon, but it is not likely that this will be agreed to. A joint committee to meet in Winnipeg and Montreal, however, is by no means an impossibility. The Western unions have secured the closed shop and the integrity of their organizations, which was somewhat impaired by the result of the strike.

they are rather reluctant to start, owing to the labor which it entails. I think they would be greatly surprised at the little time and trouble it involves, and that they would be amply repaid by the pleasure they would obtain in looking through their book when the cows are doing well; and when they are not doing well, to be able to point out the individual cow to the responsible man, and obtain his reason for the difference. For any ordinary farmer, I think measuring the cow's milk one day in the week would be quite sufficient. Of course, this would not do where pedigree herds are kept, and where an accurate record is essential. On the estate with which I am connected upwards of 1,000 cows are kept, and their milk is all measured and recorded one day in the week. At the end of the year this is multiplied by seven, and the result is near enough for our purpose. Some other farmers I know of measure their milk (or weigh it) fortnightly, but I consider the weekly system the best. The time it would take (say for a herd of fifty cows) to measure and enter up in the milk-record book would not be more than three hours at the most, so the question of the time it takes ought not to be considered. I think the best way is for the farmer, his son, or the bailiff, to be present for the entire time of milking one morning and one evening every week, with a list of every cow's name, and, as the milk from each animal is measured, to record the quantity given; also a note taken at the time whether any animal has been bulled during the week. It can also be seen at the same time if any animal is off its feed, and a reason can be asked for and a note made of it. This list can be copied into a milk-record book.

"The average quantity of milk given by the cows' here is about 650 gallons per annum. I suppose the quantity given by the cows of the country generally would be something under 600. When we realize the possibility of this being increased, by judicious management and breeding, to 700 and 800, we see the immense importance of this subject; and even when we have attained the 600 minimum, we must not stop there, as we know it is possible for cows to give 1,400 and 1,600 gallons in the year. The largest quantity of milk we have ever had from a cow in one year was from a Shorthorn cow, which calved on October 25th, was bulled on December 17th, and dried off on September 14th, during which period she gave 1,674 gallons, and averaged, for 30 weeks, no less than 24½ quarts daily."

ALFALFA POINTERS.

Among things to be avoided, if one expects to succeed with alfalfa, says Bulletin No. 305, of the Geneva, N. Y., Experiment Station, are wet soil, sour soil, shallow soil, adulterated seed, dodder-infested seed, seed of poor vitality; seed from warmer, irrigated lands, and weed seeds in the soil. Factors that aid in securing good yields are thorough preparation of the soil, usually best begun the year before by planting a cultivated crop to which a liberal application of stable manure is made, and good dodder-free seed, usually sown without a nurse crop, and put in after weed seeds have been worked out of soil. In most cases, the use of half a ton to a ton of lime to the acre, and of 200 to 300 pounds to the acre of soil from a successful alfalfa field, will prove profitable, and one or the other often

to open ground, by which time two of the soldiers had been spiked through the feet. The enemy at once opened fire, but were repulsed. The column then marched to an elevated position. The enemy now

changes a failure to a success.

A MADMAN'S FRENZY.

A Remarkable Story From Pointe Claire, Quebec.

A despatch from Montreal says: In a paroxysm of either rage or insanity Alfred E. Grove, at his home in Pointe Claire, on Sunday, slashed his wife with a razor with which he had been shaving himself, cutting her seriously about the arms and hands. He also attacked three men who went to prevent him from doing any more damage after committing these violent acts, and is believed to have gone up stairs in his house afterwards and set fire to a bundle of rubbish. The fire, luckily, was caught in time and the work of the firemen prevented it from doing any great damage to the residence.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Empire Hotel at Swan River, Manitoba, Destroyed.

A despatch from Swan River, Man., says: The Empire Hotel was destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. The flames had a good start

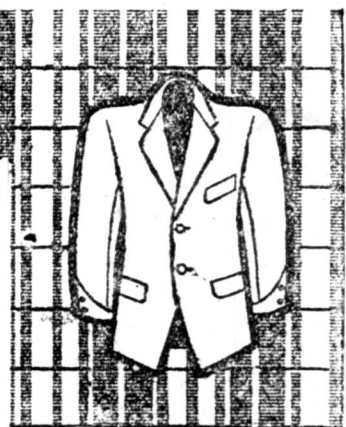
when discovered, and the occupants made their escape through the windows. Walter Livingstone, a young homesteader, journeying from his parents' home in Minnedosa, was burned to death, while a comrade was rescued with difficulty. It was thought that Livingstone got out, but, being missed, a search in the ruins confirmed the fear that he must have been overcome. Most of those who escaped got away in their night gear, and many of them were more or less burned.

MACGREGOR PROPERTIES.

The announcement of the MacGregor Mines Syndicate is attracting much attention from investors who have been waiting for an opportunity to get in on the ground floor in the wonderful Gowganda Silver field. It is not often that the investor of small means has the opportunity to get in on the actual purchase of properties as splendidly located as are the properties of the MacGregor Mines Syndicate, as well as an opportunity of receiving the profits that usually go to promoters. Altogether it would seem to be a proposition that should commend itself to thinking men.

PAQUET Guaranteed CLOTHES

THE MOST PERFECT
METHOD OF CLOTHES
MAKING YET DEVISED



CLOTHES, to fit perfectly, MUST be made to measure. The Old fashioned Ready Made Clothes are all made to fit AVERAGE types, not REAL men. That's why they don't fit YOU. PAQUET Guaranteed CLOTHES are not Ready Made. They are cut to your exact measurement BEFORE they are made up at all. Our new method makes this possible. It is the most perfect method of Clothes Making yet devised.

PAQUET Guaranteed CLOTHES give you all the advantages of Custom Tailoring at Half the expense. The Materials used are absolutely PURE WOOL of the highest grade procurable. They are sold direct to YOU at Wholesale Prices, and are Guaranteed to be the best value in Canada to-day at from \$10.00 to \$13.75—worth \$13.50 to \$18.00.

The most highly trained experts only are engaged in the production of PAQUET Guaranteed CLOTHES.

Our handsome Style Book tells all about our exclusive method of Clothes Making. Write for it to day. Don't put it off until another time—a postcard will do—you'll get the Style Book by return mail. It'll surprise you.



SUIT CASES and TRAVELLING BAGS

We have on display this week a magnificent array of new Travelling Goods.

Suit cases made of Leather, Japanese Matting, English Canvas and Keratol, in all styles and sizes.

PRICES FROM \$1.00 to \$10.00

See Window for Prices.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE Napanee, Belleville,
HOUSES, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market. When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR always on hand. FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

BREAD and MONEY

Most people like money, but all the people like good wholesome sweet Bread

Ask for (CAMBRIDGE'S) Home-made and Baker's Bread, and you will be satisfied when once tried that there is none quite as good.

We sell best grades of Chocolates, such as Lowney's, Ganong's, etc. WE DO NOT sell Brandy Chocolates. We sell Cowan's Maple Buds and Medallions, the purest of confection. We have some fine Oranges in stock. Oysters constantly on hand. Lunches served at all hours, and to please you is our desire.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

*Phone 96.

FINE SHIRTS.

Not outside of the large cities can you find a finer or more up-to-date lot of Shirts than we are showing this spring.

Our ENGLISH ZEPHYRS at \$1.50 and \$1.75 are special. These Shirts sell in the cities in what is termed HIGH-CLASS trade at \$2.00 and \$2.50.

We sell the best \$1.00 Shirt made in Canada. Some lines we are clearing at 75c.

If you are sharp on quality and price you will buy your Shirts here.

A.E. Lazier.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.
30-3-m

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

Blacksmithing !

Mr. Joseph Brown has opened a shop in the old stand of Savage & Brown, on the south side of the market, where he is prepared to do all kinds of

General Blacksmithing
and Horseshoeing.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

Stirling Paints are Stirling in quality. A. E. Paul keeps them. Try a can.

Liquid Granite for floors, Floor paints, Mixed paints, all kinds, Paint oil, white lead, best to be had.
BOYLE & SON.

Itch, Mange, Prarie Scratches, Barber's Itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

Edward Routley, of Kingston, was recently arrested in Napanee and sent to jail for a short term on a charge of drunkenness, is again in trouble. He was placed under arrest by Constable Thomas Mallin.

We Lead, Others Follow.

Following are the prices which prevail at the East End Barber Shop. Hair cut, 15c, Massage, 15c, shave, 10c, beard trimmed, 10c. All work guaranteed first-class.
J. N. OSBORN, Prop.

Removed

Chas Fisher's music store has been removed to larger and more central premises, next to Graham & Vanalstyne's. All the latest music kept in stock. Particular attention is drawn to the magnificent stock of wallpapers. Call and see them.

"Pulling Hard Against the Stream"

A London brewer recently gave a supper to all his employees. Having, in his younger days, been a good singer he was called upon to render a selection. The London papers commenting, said the song was received with emotion by the hearers. It was entitled "Pulling Hard Against the Stream." Funny, wasn't it?

Gifts Appreciated.

With the most sincere gratitude the Kingston general hospital is acknowledging an Easter gift from the Napanee branch of the Woman's Aid. On Saturday there came from the generous women of that town over sixty bottles of the most delicious preserves and marmalade and fresh maple syrup. "You can't tell how much we appreciate these things", said one speaker at the hospital. In the box, too, were linen, old and new, and other gifts. Easter day was made bright for the children in the wards, too, by gifts of little baskets of Easter eggs from the junior league of Sydenham street Sunday school. Girls from Queen's college also brought flowers, which were put in the wards. The delight of the little sick people over the eggs and flowers was unbounded.—Whig.

Body of Herbert Buck Found.

The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Herbert Buck, who wandered away from a private hospital in Toronto about a month ago and for knowledge of whose whereabouts his parents, through the police, offered a reward of \$100, was cleared up Friday afternoon by the finding and identification of his body. The body was found tossing about in the breakers on the lake shore near the foot of Woodbine avenue by a milkman. It was recovered by the police and removed to the Morgue, where it was identified by the clothing and a peculiar shaped ring that Buck wore on the day of his disappearance. Judging from the condition of the body it had apparently been in the water for some weeks. Buck disappeared on March 9, being seen last on Yonge street near the C. P. R. tracks on that date. How his body came to be floating in the surf so far away will probably remain a mystery as it is at present. Buck's wife and parents live at Hay Bay, Adolphus-town. Buck is believed to have been temporarily out of his mind when he disappeared. He went to Toronto for the purpose of being operated on for appendicitis, but the operation did not take place.

A. S. Kimmery will sell choice Alfalfa Seed \$10.00 bush., choice stock of garden seed, Timothy and Red Clover seed on hand. Plenty of Bran and Shorts and all kinds of cracked feed in stock. Try five Roses Flour, Salada Tea 25c off. Try our 25c Tea, good Tea 15c. I pay 17c for fresh eggs. Store eggs not wanted, 22 nutmeg 5c.

Drowned At Gananoque.

Sad indeed was the news received at Napanee on Tuesday morning that Mr. Frank McCabe had been drowned at Gananoque the night previous. Two friends of the deceased, Albert Wheeler and Albert Gauthier, had a camp about three miles east of Gananoque, and they were in town on Monday disposing of some muskrat skins. Frank was in their company during the day and about nine o'clock the three men started for their camp in a skiff. The story of the sad fatality is told by Mr.

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We sell best grades of Chocolates, such as Lowmeyer's, Ganong's, etc.
 WE DO NOT sell Brandy Chocolates.
 We sell Cowan's Maple Buds and Medallions, the purest of confection.
 We have some fine Oranges in stock.
 Oysters constantly on hand.
 Lunches served at all hours, and to please you is our desire.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

'Phone 96.



DIAMONDS

We have just received a large assortment of diamonds. Several parcels of high grade stones purchased direct from the Amsterdam cutters. Have taken advantage of a drop in price, made a big purchase and have them here for sale.

The Best Value ever shown.

Smith's Jewelry Store

SYMINGTON'S

Seeds are as good and cheap as any in Canada. We will buy, trade, or sell.

Pay Highest Price for Raw Furs, and do our utmost to satisfy you at the

SEED STORE,

South Side Dundas St.,

THOS. SYMINGTON.

P. S.—All Seed Accounts due on March 1st, 1909 is subject to be placed for collection without further notice. T. S.

LOOK HERE!

Now if you want to get a cheap Boot, now is your chance. I am selling the balance of my stock of Boots and Shoes

AT COST.

Here are a few of the Prices:

Men's Canvas Boot	\$1.00 for \$1.30
Men's Oil Tan reg.	1.90 for 1.65
Boys' Calf	1.75 for 1.40
Boys' Grain Boots	1.80 for 1.55
Boys' Box Calf	2.00 for 1.50

—AT—

H. W. KELLY'S,

Campbell House Corner.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

Books Audited, Accounts Collected
MONEY TO LOAN.

LIFE INSURANCE
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of New York
 Assets \$540,000,000.

ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS
FIDELITY AND CASUALTY COMPANY, of New York.
 Insures against ANY accident or ANY illness.

Agency for the Best Fire Companies, including:—
LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE CO.
 Cash Assets \$55,000,000.

CALEDONIAN INSURANCE CO.
 The Oldest Scottish Fire Office.

MERCANTILE FIRE COMPANY
 Capital and Assets \$21,700,000.

FIDELITY BONDING—Employers Liability, Boiler and Fly-Wheel, Burglary, Plate Glass, Marine Insurance, etc.
CALL OR WRITE.

OFFICE: Grange Block, John Street, Napanee, P. O. Box 126.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
 Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.

GIVE US A CALL.

200 40 gallon Oak Pork Barrels at

\$1.25 each

S. CASEY DENISON.

Wall Paper at Paul's.

Large sheets brown wrapping paper for putting under carpets 1 cent per pound, and old newspapers 2 cts per lb.—This Office.

By special request the musical program of Easter night will be repeated at St. Mary Magdalene church next Sunday evening.

Horsemen, get your route bills at this office and you will be sure they are right. We do the best work for the closest prices.

The base-ball enthusiasts will gather at the Public Library on Friday evening (to-night) for the purpose of organizing a base ball club for the coming season. The meeting will be called to order at 7:30 o'clock, and it is hoped there will be a good attendance.

Albany, Georgia, under prohibition, has had a decrease of 60 per cent in crime. Brunswick of the same state, reports 82.12 per cent falling off of stabbing, wife-beating and criminal assault have been practically done away with under the dry order.

Walking and gang ploughs, sulky and disc ploughs, snow ploughs, farm wagons, sleighs, dump carts, manure spreaders and loaders, land rollers, drags, disc harrows, turnip drills and scufflers, wheel barrows, all kinds pulpers, straw cutters, pneumatic ensilage cutters, drag and wheel scrapers, side scrapers, road planers, cement mixers, stone boats all steel, beet pulpers and contractors' supplies for sale by S. E. Gallagher, agent for the Wilkinson Plough Co., Toronto. In town every day.

For Wall Paper go to Paul's. Largest stock. Best selection of the English, German, American and Canadian Wall Paper, at A. E. Paul's, the Wall Paper man.

Dr. de Van's French Female Pills
 —the Wife's Friend.

A reliable regulator: never fails. While these pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the generative portion of the female system, they are strictly safe to use. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at \$5.00 a box, or three for \$10.00. Mailed to any address. The Seobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont. At Lawrason's Drug Store.

oil, white lead, best to be had.
BOYLE & SON.

Itch, Mange, Praise Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

Edward Routley, of Kingston, was recently arrested in Napanee and sent to gaol for a short term on a charge of drunkenness, is again in trouble. He was placed under arrest by Constable Thomas Mulling, of Kingston, charged with giving checks for which there was no funds in the bank.

The cheapest tea to use is not the lowest priced. You can buy tea a few cents a pound cheaper that will make a drink, but if you want an absolutely pure, healthful, cleanly-prepared tea use "Salada." It is infinitely more delicious and decidedly more economical than other teas, because it goes farther.

The evidence given at the inquest at the Morgue in Toronto on Wednesday, into the death of Herbert Buck, the young man who wandered away from a private hospital a month ago and was found drowned on the lake shore last week, threw little light upon the death of the unfortunate man. The jury brought in a verdict of death by drowning, but added a rider stating that they were unable to find from the evidence submitted whether Buck did or did not commit suicide.

A man proposes to a girl,
 that's his business.

The girl accepts him,
 that's her business.

They get married,
 that's their business.

We want horses and cattle in exchange for Pianos, Organs and separators.

that's our business.

VAN LUVEN BROS.,

Moscow, Ont.

Mrs. Margaret Chalmers, relict of the late Capt. Jas. Chalmers, of Adolphustown, passed away at Fruitvale, Cal., on Friday, April 2nd. Deceased's health had been failing for some time and her death was hastened as the result of a fall she sustained a few weeks prior to her demise. The remains were brought to Napanee on Saturday last and the funeral took place at the U. E. L. Anglican church, Adolphustown, on Monday last. Mrs. Chalmers leaves a family of two daughters, Misses Grace and Helen, of Fruitvale, Cal., and three sons, Messrs Peter, at Steckton, Cal., Walter, at Denver, and J. Frank, at Napanee.

Private Sale.

Mrs. Jennie Stevens will offer for sale all her household goods by private sale on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next.

Successful Event.

It is many years since so successful a bazaar and supper have been held in connection with the Church of St. Mary Magdalene. The ladies of the Churchwoman's Guild may congratulate themselves on its management and results. The supper tables were most artistically decorated and furnished, and groaned under the load of good things, which were much appreciated by the many present, notwithstanding the most unpropitious weather. Later in the evening a musical and dramatic entertainment proved a most enjoyable ending to a very pleasant evening. The program was listened to with much pleasure, and the farce proved most amusing and was well done. All who had been asked to contribute supplies, had done so, so generously, that it was possible to serve an excellent luncheon on Wednesday at 12 o'clock, and many availed themselves of this opportunity. The Guild begs to extend its hearty thanks to all those who kindly assisted in making the evening such a success.

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for **SORE THROATS AND COUGHS**. They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps. LEWIS, Miles Co., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 401

Sad indeed was the news received at Napanee on Tuesday morning that Mr. Frank McCabe had been drowned at Gananogue the night previous. Two friends of the deceased, Albert Wheeler and Albert Gauthier, had a camp about three miles east of Gananogue, and they were in town on Monday disposing of some muskrat skins. Frank was in their company during the day and about nine o'clock the three men started for their camp in a skiff. The story of the sad fatality is told by Mr. Fred Williams, of Howe Island, and is as follows: After the boat capsized all three of the occupants reached the shore in safety. Wheeler at once started for the camp on foot, leaving Gauthier and McCabe on the shore, expecting they would follow. When they did not turn up at camp he concluded they had gone to one of the nearby residences to spend the night, and knew nothing of the fatality until the next day. The body of Mr. McCabe was discovered about fifteen feet distant from the shore at noon on Tuesday and was at once removed and taken to Gananogue. He was in a standing position in only three feet of water, with his legs sunk in the soft river bottom to the knees. As stated Wheeler had gone to camp and Gauthier to Henry Cook's, and it is supposed that the deceased, in attempting to follow, wandered into the river, and becoming mired lost his balance and was drowned. The remains were brought to Napanee on Thursday and taken to Deseronto and placed in the cemetery vault. Deceased was the son of the late Archie McCabe, Napanee. He was married about three years ago to Miss Ethel Jaynes, who survives him. Their only child died about a year ago. The sympathy of the whole community is extended to his sorrowing widow and relatives.

MUST MOVE.

Six monuments that are in the way where I intend erecting a new workshop and show room early in the spring. They are imported granite set on granite bases. I will make a cut ten per cent on former price for March and April. I have over thirty monuments on the yard and a few more coming in May and June. Also on hand forty finished marble blocks from \$5.00 to \$80.00. All choice stock to choose from. Come early before we are rushed with spring orders.

V. KOUBER,

Napanee.

13-1f

BARGAINS!

Special for Saturday

32 Men's Suits.—

At \$6.50 we are clearing regular \$9 values.
 At \$7.50 we are clearing regular \$10 values.
 At \$8.50 we are clearing regular \$12 values.

Just a small lot and every one a Special Bargain.

Rubber Collars—

At 15c in all shapes, regular 25 cent value.

Neckwear—

5 Dozen Four-in-hand Ties, clearing at 35c. Regular 50c value.
 5 Dozen Hook-on Ties clearing at 15c. Regular 25c. value.

Call and see these Values Before Purchasing.

Graham & Vanalstyne.

People school Church at 8 p. that w
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\$18.00

EIGHTEEN

Our range of Suits-
in Blue and
Black Serges, Tweeds
and Worsteds at

**EIGHTEEN
DOLLARS**
are Exceptional
Values.

The Best of Trimmings
Built to hold their
shape.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.



If there is one thing more than
another that has made this store
popular for ladies' shoes it is their
splendid custom style. Expert work-
manship and the very finest materials
enter into the making of

**BOSTON
SHOES**

and we give them year-round prefer-
ence because of their unusual quality
and value. If you believe correct
footwear is worth while, you can't
help but be interested in the new
styles we have ready. They have
all the snap and superb finish of the
latest custom shoes.

See our Special \$2.00 Patent
Leather Oxford for women.

The People's Store,

Hawley & Maybee.

Opposite the Royal Hotel

A. Y. P. A.

An open meeting of the Anglican Young
Peoples' Association will be held in the
school room of St. Mary Magdalen's
Church, Wednesday evening, April 21st,
at 8 p. m. Subject of debate, "Resolved
that women should have the right to vote."

Special Notice.

Parties intending building or re-
pairing old roofs this season should
call and inspect Anatite Roofing be-
fore buying. Anatite is fire proof,
wind and waterproof, is easily applied,
needs no painting. Cheaper than
shingles. Especially adapted for flat

PERSONALS

Miss Lena Herrington spent Easter
with her sister in Toronto.

Messrs. McAllister and Barker, for-
merly of the Merchant's Bank staff,
spent Easter with friends in Napanee.

Miss Helen Booth spent the Easter
holidays with friends in Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Irvine Parks were in
Toronto for the Easter holidays.

Mrs. Silas Johnson, of Dakota, for-
merly of Moscow, visiting friends in
Napanee, and County of Lennox and
Addington, since last fall, left for Port
Perry last week.

Mr. S. Osgood Martin, of Montreal,
spent the Easter holidays with his
parents at Yarker.

Miss Catherine Martin, Yarker, was
in town on Monday.

Miss Florence Johnston visited
friends in Harrowsmith last week.

Mrs. S. G. Hawley and daughter,
Helen, spent Easter with friends at
Madoc.

Miss Laura Rockwell spent Easter
with friends at Ernestown Station.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Sills spent Easter
with their daughter in Whitby.

Mr. J. Bowerman, of Northport,
spent a few days with friends in Napa-
nee last week.

Mr. Herb McMillan spent Easter
visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. Clarence Madill, of Montreal,
spent Easter with his parents, Mr. and
Mrs. J. L. Madill.

Mr. Will Leonard and friend, Mr.
Harrigan, of Montreal, spent Sunday
and Monday with Dr. and Mrs. R. A.
Leonard.

Mrs. Donaldson and Miss Mabel
Donaldson, of Deseronto, were guests
of Mr. and Mrs. I. P. Huffman on Fri-
day afternoon last.

Mrs. Chas Knight is spending Easter
week visiting friends in Newburgh.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Vanalstine
spent Easter at Hartington, the guests
of Mr. and Mrs. E. Sigsworth.

Mrs. Bush, of Coneseon, spent Easter
the guest of her mother, Mrs. Robert
Webster.

Mr. C. D. M. Chambers left last week
for Chicago, where he has secured a
position.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Pringle spent
Easter with friends in Madoc.

Mrs. W. A. Rose was in Buffalo a
few days last week.

Mr. H. E. Collins, of the Collegiate
staff, spent Easter in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Thomas and
family spent Easter with his mother
here.

Mrs. Donnelly, who has been the
guest of Mrs. F. P. Douglas, returned
to Kingston this week.

Mr. J. Percy Rankin left on Monday
for Brandon, Man.

Mrs. Dr. E. Ming and son Louie,
spent a few days this week visiting her
mother, Mrs. Duckworth, Belleville.

Mr. Ernest Anderson was home to
Easter with his mother.

Mr. Wm. Cahill, Peterborough,
spent Easter with friends in Napanee.

Mr. G. E. Hall, Montreal, spent
Easter with his parents, Mr. and Mrs.
W. F. Hall.

Mrs. W. H. Davis, Picton, spent
Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs.
Garrett Vanalstine, Palace road.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Carson attended
a funeral in Belleville on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Thompson, Mont-
real, spent Easter with her aunt, Miss
Fraser.

Dr. Oscar Daly, Kingston, and
nephew, Mr. Wood, R. M. C., spent
Easter with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Daly.

Mr. Ashley, Belleville Business Col-
lege, spent Easter with his parents in
Napanee.

Mr. James E. Herring, of Toronto,
was in Napanee a few days this week.

Mrs. Rud Perry, of Napanee, has
opened her home on Bridge St. and
will occupy the same.



**ROYAL
BAKING POWDER**

Absolutely Pure

**The Only Baking Powder
made from**

Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

—Made from Grapes—

**A Guarantee of Pure,
Healthful, Delicious Food**



Mr. and Mrs. Coates and family,
Kingston, were guests of Mr. and Mrs.
John Blanchard on Easter Sunday.

Misses Florence and Marion Stevens
were in Kingston on Wednesday.

Mr. E. R. McBride, Belleville, was
in town on Thursday.

Mr. C. W. Bowen spent Sunday and
Monday in Belleville, attending a
meeting of the Brethren.

Miss Muriel Paul is spending the
week the guest of Miss Jennie Phippen,
Conway.

Mrs. Andrews, Boston, is the guest
of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. G. C. T.
Ward.

Mrs. Marshall, of Kingston, is the
guest of her daughter, Mrs. Wm.
Coates.

Miss Myrtle Bell successfully passed
her primary examinations in music
with honors at the Toronto Conserva-
tory of music last week.

Mrs. Fred Thompson, nee Miss
Nettie Bowen, is seriously ill at her
home, Mill street.

Peter, Geo. Stevens and two children,
Peterborough, spent Easter with
friends in Napanee.

Miss Hypatia Fox is home from
Peterborough where she was success-
ful in her normal school examinations.

Miss Margaret Edwards and Miss Mc-
Keown, Bath, are guests of Dr. and Mrs.
Edwards.

Mrs. Allan Neilson is visiting friends in
Port Hope.

Mr. Bidwell Vrooman and son, of Wal-
kerville, spent Easter the guest of his
brother, Dr. Vrooman.

BIRTHS.

CATON—At Napanee, on Sunday,
April 11th, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs.
Arthur Caton, a son.

CHAMBERS—At North Fredericks-
burgh, on Sunday, April 11th, 1909, to
Mr. and Mrs. Herb Chambers, a son.

ENNIS—At Selby, on Saturday,
April 10th, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm.
Ennis, a daughter.

PYBUS—At Napanee, on Sunday,
April 11th, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs. Thos.
Pybus, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

PLATT—DAFOE—At Yellow Grass,
Sask., on Friday, April 2nd, 1909, by
the Rev. Alex McMillan, Edna N.
Dafoe, formerly of Napanee, to Wil-
ford A. Platt, Denison, Sask.

DEATHS.

CHALMERS—At Fruitvale, Cal., on
Friday, April 2nd, 1909, Mrs. Margaret
Chalmers, relict of the late Capt. Jas.
Chalmers, of Adolphustown.

PRICE—At Olden, on Sunday, April
4th, 1909, Ellen (Nell) eldest daughter
of the late Nicholas Price.

PRICE—At Olden, on Friday, April
9th, 1909, Robert T. Price, youngest
son of the late Nicholas Price, aged
45 years.

Hospital Meeting.

The regular meeting of the Hospital
Aid Society will be held in the Board
room of the Public Library, on Mon-
day afternoon at 3.30, April 18th. A
full attendance is requested.

Sec.

Historical Meeting.

The next meeting of the Lennox and
Addington Historical Society will be
held in Historical Hall, Library Build-
ing, on Thursday evening, May 6th.
This, the annual meeting of the society
will be open for the public and every
one will be welcome. Mr. Barlow
Cumberland, the President of the On-
tario Historical Society will be present
and make a short address. Professor
E. F. Scott, of Queen's University,
will deliver a lecture on "The Cata-
combs." This lecture will be particu-
larly interesting. The meeting will
be open at 8 p. m. Entrance free.

**Sugar social and entertainment
in Trinity Methodist Church,
under the auspices of Trinity
Church Orchestra, on Thursday
evening, April 15th. Admission
25c.**

Lived Near Napanee.

Another of our old and respected re-
sidents has been called home, in the
person of Francis Van de Bogart, of
Richmond. Deceased had been poorly
nearly all winter, but not confined to
his bed. Deceased was born in Rich-
mond township and lived all his long
life within a few miles of Napanee.
He was a man of sterling qualities,
whose word was as good as his bond.
A large family, all grown to manhood
and womanhood, survive, as well as
his aged widow. They are: William
and Henry on the homestead; Mrs.
Carlton Woods, Roblin; Mrs. Thomas
Woods, Picton; Mrs. Thomas Burley,
Spokane, Wash.; Ledrew and Maurice
in the west; Francis, Napanee, and
Miss Della, Picton.

Old Folks Concert.

Ye entertainment will consist of
ye following:

Scene 1—Ye donation party on ye
parson.

Scene 2—Ye Singin Skewel, con-
ducted by ye celebrated synger, Prof.
Stodious Syng.

Scene 3—Ye Pioneer Pedagogue in-
structs his favorite pupil, Miss Sarah
Nay, in ye conjugation of ye verb "To
Love."

Scene 4—Ye grand concert in which
all the men and women will take
part.

This closes ye list on ye program
and we invite ye audience to join in
singing God save the King. Plan
open at Hawley and Maybee's on Sat-
urday at 10 o'clock.

Wedded at Picton.

school room of St. Mary Magdalen's Church, Wednesday evening, April 21st, at 8 p. m. Subject of debate, "Resolved that women should have the right to vote."

Special Notice.

Parties intending building or repairing old roofs this season should call and inspect Anatite Roofing before buying. Anatite is fire proof, wind and waterproof, is easily applied, needs no painting. Cheaper than shingles. Especially adapted for flat roofs, as every joint is cemented in putting it on. C. A. WISEMAN, John St., first door north of Smith's Jewelry Store. 17tf

The Napanee Ladies' Musical Club.

The tenth regular meeting of the Napanee Ladies' Musical Club will be held in the Town Hall this Friday afternoon, at 1 o'clock. Mr. Geo. Phelps, of Belleville, will give a study of the opera, with special reference to the music-dramas of Richard Wagner. He will be assisted by Mrs. Burritt, who will sing "Dreams" from Tristan and Isolde. Mrs. Lockridge and Miss L. Hall will play the "Tannhauser" and "Flying Dutchman" overtures. Open to the public for twenty-five cents admission.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by **Cresolene Tablets**, ten cents per box. All druggists.

Yacht Club Annual Meeting.

An enthusiastic meeting of the combined Napanee and Deseronto yachtsmen was held at the Amateur Athletic club rooms on Wednesday evening, when the following officers were elected for 1909:

Commodore—Thos. Naylor, Deseronto.
Vice Commodore—Fred S. Scott, Napanee.
Sailing Fleet Captain—M. B. Mills, Napanee.
Motor Boat Fleet Captain—Chas. A. Walters, Napanee.
Fleet Surgeon—Dr. Simpson, Napanee.
Secretary—S. P. Johnston, Deseronto.
Treasurer—M. P. Graham, Napanee.
Official measurer—U. M. Wilson, Napanee.
Directors—M. Dewar, T. J. Naylor, Deseronto; A. F. Chinnice, Napanee.
Regatta Committee—J. N. Osborne, H. E. Smith, Napanee; T. J. Warren, M. Detlor, Deseronto.
Representative to Eastern circuit—Thos. Naylor.

It was the unanimous opinion of the meeting that the motor boat owners of Napanee and Deseronto should join hands with the old yacht club, and by the united efforts of the two, making the coming season a most successful one.

The directors purpose making the pavilion on Foresters' Island the headquarters for the club, and steps have been taken to secure the use of this building for the summer months. With the co-operation of the motor boat owners they intend to hold a series of social gatherings at Forester Island on certain evenings throughout the summer, and they will try to make arrangements for giving all the members of the club several moonlight trips out to the Island.

It is hoped that the citizens of Napanee and Deseronto will lend their assistance and help the club along by becoming members.

The next meeting will be held in the Napanee A. A. rooms on Wednesday, the 28th, when the programme for the season's sport will be fully dealt with, and everyone who is interested are requested to be present.

Probably the largest sailing event ever held in the Bay of Quinte will take place at Trenton, in August, under the management of the Eastern Yacht Racing Association, and as the club is connected with the Association all its members will be welcome at the meet.

Baby Carriages and Go Carts.

The largest stock ever shown in Napanee. All kinds of wheeled goods for the youngsters at the Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.
W. J. NORMILE.

Fraser.

Dr. Oscar Daly, Kingston, and nephew, Mr. Wood, R. M. C., spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Daly.

Mr. Ashley, Belleville Business College, spent Easter with his parents in Napanee.

Mr. James E. Herring, of Toronto, was in Napanee a few days this week.

Mrs. Rud Perry, of Napanee, has opened her home on Bridge St. and will occupy the same.

Mr. Robert Thompson and sister, Miss Allie Thompson, returned from Boston Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Garrison, of Toronto, spent Monday and Tuesday with friends in Napanee.

Miss Grace Garrett, of Toronto, was visiting Mrs. Alice Gibson Wednesday. Miss Marjorie Gibson accompanied her home for a visit in Toronto till next Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. N. Neilson, of Wilton, were in Napanee Tuesday on their way home from visiting friends in Trenton.

Mr. C. M. Warner spent Easter Monday with friends in Buffalo.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Lockwood made a trip to Belleville Easter Monday.

Mr. Earl Abell, Toronto, spent Easter the guest of the Misses Coates.

Mr. Bernard Mills, of Wilton, was in Napanee Tuesday and met Mrs. Mills, who has been visiting friends in London.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. J. Pasmore spent Easter in Toronto.

Mr. Frank H. Perry spent Easter with friends on Toronto.

Miss Myrtle Bicknell, of Chicago, visiting her grandmother, Mrs. John T. Grange, left for home Tuesday.

Mr. Charles Thompson, of Toronto, spent Easter holidays with friends in Newburgh and Napanee.

Mrs. J. E. Eakins made a trip to Kingston on Wednesday.

Mr. Fred M. Robinson, of Ottawa, spent Easter in town, guest of Miss Susie Hunter.

Miss Edith Rankin, of Robinson Co., left on Wednesday for Fernie, B. C. Before leaving she was presented with a purse containing a handsome sum.

Miss Mabel Schoales, of Kingston, spent Easter the guest of Miss Grace Graham.

Miss Mate Wales spent Easter with friends in Belleville.

WHITE PAINT

Sherwin-Williams' Gloss White, specially prepared for outside painting, will cover more surface, wear longer, remain whiter than any pure white lead and oil. It will not chalk. Every drop in the can is used. No time lost in mixing. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent, Napanee.

DEATHS.

CHALMERS—At Fruitvale, Cal., on Friday, April 2nd, 1909, Mrs. Margaret Chalmers, relict of the late Capt. Jas. Chalmers, of Adolphustown.

PRICE—At Olden, on Sunday, April 4th, 1909, Ellen (Nell) eldest daughter of the late Nicholas Price.

PRICE—At Olden, on Friday, April 9th, 1909, Robert T. Price, youngest son of the late Nicholas Price, aged 45 years.

The chapel in the basement of St. Mary Magdalene's church has been further enriched by the donation of a handsome organ. Mrs. Herbert Daly is the kind donor, and her gift is very much appreciated.

SEEDS New stock of flower and garden seeds from the most reliable seed firms. Our Earls Court Prize Mixed Sweet Peas cannot be beaten. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

CLARKE—MULLETT.

One of those happy events which stir the heart of society, when cupid comes forward to claim his own, culminated at Morven, on Wednesday, April 7th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Mullett, in the marriage of their daughter Addie M., to Mr. George H. Clarke, of S. Fredericksburgh. About 7:30 p. m. the bride entered the parlor at the strains of a wedding march played by Miss Pearl Lake, leaning on the arm of her father, gowned in white silk mull with lace and applique trimming, wore the customary bridal veil and orange blossoms, and carried a shower bouquet of white carnations, daintily tied with white ribbon. The couple stood beneath an arch of evergreens, Easter lilies, and surrounded by the near relatives of bride and groom to witness the marriage by Rev. G. Horton. Ceremony and hearty congratulations over, a very tasty wedding supper was served to the guests in the dining room. Later the happy couple left for the train, bride attired in a travelling suit of navy blue, amid showers of rice and good wishes. The presents to the bride were beautiful and valuable, too numerous to mention, all of which betoken the high esteem with which the bride is held by the guests and communities round about. On return from their honey moon trip, they go to their fine home in South Fredericksburgh.

Phosphonol—The Electric Restorer for Lost Manhood.

Restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phosphonol will make you a new man. Price \$3.00 a box, or two for \$5.00. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont. At Hooper's Drug Store.

Nay, in ye conjugation of ye verb "To Love."

Scene 4—Ye grand concert in which all the men and women will take parte.

This closes ye liste on ye program and we invite ye audience to join in singing God save the King. Plan open at Hawley and Mayhew's on Saturday at 10 o'clock.

Wedded at Picton.

On Wednesday 11th inst. a very quiet wedding was celebrated in Picton the contracting parties being Miss Maud, youngest daughter of Richard Haddon, of Picton, and Dr. Charles Edwin Wilson, youngest son of Uriah Wilson, Esq., M. P. of this town. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. W. H. Emsley, of Napanee, in the presence of the parents of the bride and groom and the immediate family of the bride residing in Picton. The newly married couple left on the afternoon train for Brockville, Ottawa, Montreal and Kingsbury, Quebec. A large concourse of Picton friends gathered at the station to bid them "God speed." The bride is one of Picton's brightest young ladies, and Dr. Wilson has already been one of the most popular Napanee boys. Mrs. Wilson will be warmly welcomed to Napanee.

"Made in Napanee" tinware at M. S. MADGLE'S.



Gradually Growing

Our "Want Ad." columns are steadily growing as people appreciate their value. They help one over many of life's difficulties. Have you got something you do not need, or need something you have not got? Do you want to lend, borrow, buy or sell? A Want Ad will do the work.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat A Candy Bowel Laxative.

VITOL THE GREAT BLOOD, FLESH AND NERVE TONIC

Makes Blood. Strengthens the Nerves.

Invigorates, Builds up, Braces. Like Electricity, you will feel the new blood coming into your veins and the nerves getting strong. The wrinkled and pale faces will put on a natural color. Vitol gives Energy and Sound, Lasting Health.

Almost Instant in its Wonderful Results

VITOL cures all diseases arising from a poor and watery condition of the blood, such as pale and sallow complexion, general muscular weakness, loss of appetite, depression of spirits, lack of ambition, anaemia, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath on slight exertion, coldness of hands or feet, pain in the back, nervous headache, and all forms of female weakness, tardy or irregular periods, suppression of the menses, hysteria, sciatica, rheumatism, locomotor ataxy. Vitol is for sale everywhere or direct from THE SCOBELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ont. Price 50cts box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

Sold at Lawrason's Drug Store.